PRINTING ALL KINDS

SIKESTON STANDARD

TWICE-A-WEEK

FRIDAY MORNING

VOLUME 17 — SIKESTON, SCOTT COUNTY, MISSOURI FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 26, 1928 — NUMBER 9

ABDUCT NIGHT POLICEMAN WED.

Assistant Chief of Police and night patrolman Gid Daniels and Will Masterson, private watchman, were "taken for a walk" about two miles north of town and held captive for three hours by an armed stranger Tuesday night about 12 o'clcok. The officers wandered into town again after telephoning Chief Kendall from Turner's "to get to town as quickly as possible because we're three miles out of town."

The story goes that Daniels was sipping a midnight cup of coffee in Erwin Cox's "Nameless Place" on the corner of Front Street and Kingshighway, when he notice a car rounding the corner. It seemed to act queerly, and he followed it north on Kingshighway and west on Front street. The car stopped and two men got out and walked away. Daniels found one of the men standing in the doorway at Heuer's Sample Shoe Store. The officer asked his man to explain his business there at that time of the night. The stranger answered by saying he was "looking for a hotel". The two exchanged a few more words, and then the fellow "gave himself up" saying his companions had "a car full of liquor", and suggested that he and the officer "go get them". Daniels blew his whistle for Masterson, private watchman for the Matthews block, who came imm ediately. The stranger then turned the tables by flashing his gun and suggesting "taking a walk". The officers were relieved of their guns and Daniels' flashlight and handkerchief. After complimenting Daniels on the quality of his revolver, the stranger removed the shells and threw the two "rods" into shrubbery on the Matthews place known as "The Jungles", and proceeded to walk his captives out of town to a small cotton patch near the Greer aviation field where he called a halt.

After impressing the fact that his two charges would not be harmed if they obeyed instructions, the stranger proceeded to remove the batteries from Daniels' flashlight, which were tied in the officer's 'kerchief and thrown into the cotton patch. He relieved Daniels of some $42 in bills, counted it and returned it with an oath. The officer was told to remove his shoes and walk back to town without them, but he induced the stranger to allow him to wear his shoes. After holding his charges until nearly 3:00 o'clock, the host of the walking expedition warned his guests not to make an alarm for thirty minutes, walked to the hard road and disappeared.

Gid then called Kendall, but the latter could find no one on the streets. The revolvers were found on the Matthews place early Wednesday morning.

The captives said later that other men answered the stranger's whistle while the "cotton party" was in progress. It seems as though the car was brought near the field, but the officers are at a loss to know how many made the trip and how many, if any, were left in town.

Several theories prevail in explanation of the bold aduction, it is believed that a cargo of whisky was transported into or through town during the night, others hold that some of the strangers, five men and two women were "looking the town over" in the meantime in preparation for a "job" to be pulled later.

The whole procedure took place in the dark and neither of the officers recognized the strangers. Officer Daniels was able to give a fairly good description of his lone host.

That the whole plan and its execution was the work of experts is indicated by the fact that the abductors handled all articles belonging to the officres with handkerchiefs to prevent leaving finger prints. The officers said they were questioned about the number of officers in town, and their duties before they were finally released. During the march to the country along Highway 61, the officers were forced to lie down whenever a car met the party.

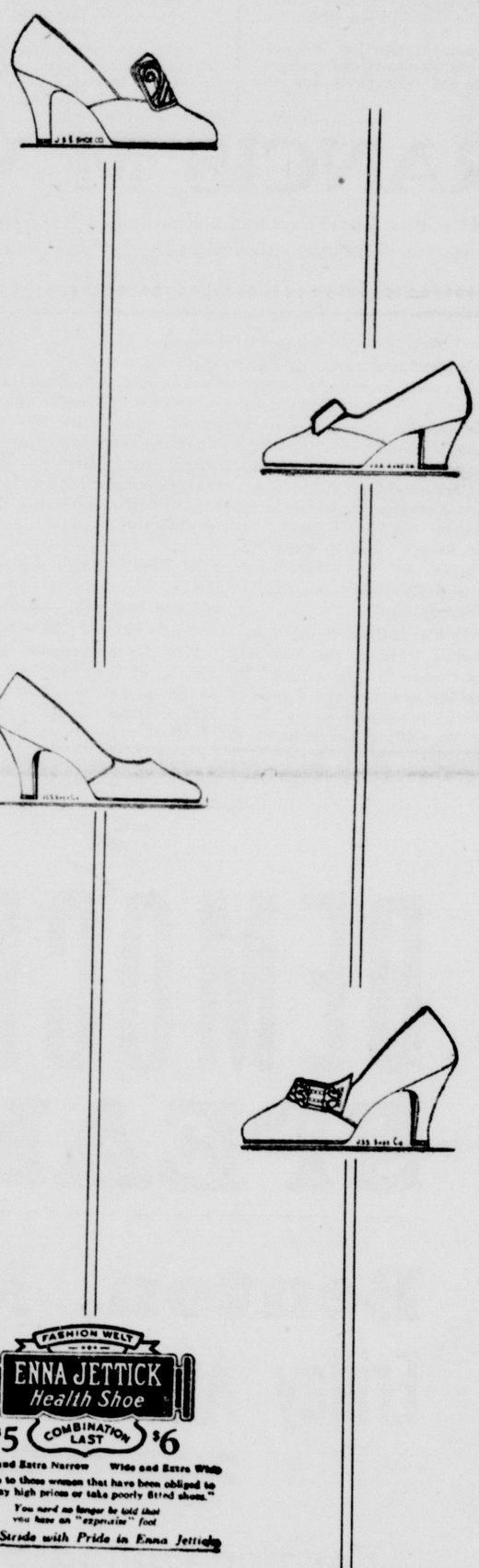
Thus far investigation has revealed that no building in town was entered while the officers were held captive. The car used by the party is said to have traveled north at a high rate of speed.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping or sleeping.—335 Gladys, phone 158. Oct. 26 and Nov. 2.

Mrs. T. C. Keller, who spent the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Schueler of Mound City, Ill., returned home Thursday.

Fabric Combines with Leather

IN Smart Shoes for Fall



We desire to call your attention to the many beautiful styles we are now showing in Fall Slippers. There has never been a time in the history of our stores when our shoe department has been stocked with so many truly beautiful slippers.

These new styles are in Brown, Suede, Black Suede, Blue Kid, Black Crepe-de-chine, Blue Velvet, Black Velvet and the new dark Brown Kid. The heels vary too, the low heel, the military heel, the high heel and the new smaller low heel, which is unusually good.

We cannot do these slippers justice describing them in an advertisement, so we are inviting you to come in and see them for yourself, while they are new and the size range is complete from AAA to B width.

May we have the pleasure of showing you the very newest in footwear and each slipper we can match perfectly with silk hose in the square heel, Pointex and Slenderette heel. We are going to expect you to make us a visit, as there is'nt any well-dressed woman who can resist these beautiful creations.

FASHION WELT
ENNA JETTICK
Health Shoe
$5 COMBINATION LAST $6
Narrow and Extra Narrow — Wide and Extra Wide
"A boon to those women that have been obliged to either pay high prices or take poorly fitted shoes."
You need no longer be told that you have an "expensive" foot
You'll Stride with Pride in Enna Jettick



QUALITY PLACE
THE BUCKNER RAGSDALE Co.
SIKESTON, MO.

Each Express Brings New Dresses, Coats, Millinery and Accessories

SCOUTS TO HOLD ANNUAL ROUND-UP

The Fifth Annual Round-up of Boy Scouts will be held Saturday, November 3 on the occasion of the game between Drake University and the Missouri Tigers at Columbia. This is an official invitation to the Scouts of this area to come to that city and join with other Missouri Scouts in this great annual meeting. The invitation is extended in behalf of the University of Missouri, the City of Columbia and the local Scout Council.

The big attraction of the day will be the gridiron battle and every Scout who presents his membership certificates will be admitted to this game free. A special section of the new stadium will be reserved for Boy Scout guests.

The Columbia Lions Club has made arrangements to serve a luncheon to all visiting Scouts, Scout Leaders and drivers of cars for the very nominal sum of ten cents, and will be served on Rollins Field.

The entertainment program in addition to the Drake-M. U. game includes a sightseeing tour of the University, an archery tournament, relay races and general Scout Round-up activities.

Mayor Hetzler of Columbia has joined in extending a personal invitation to all Scouts and leaders, and added to this C. L. Brewer, Director of Athletic activities at the Universities, and an active Scout booster offers a free admission to the game, worth $2.50 alone, and the promise of a supervised tour of the whole campus, which is in reality a large State-maintained park.

SERVICE MEN FORM WILSON-GOV. CLUB

RESOLUTION

Whereas, Francis M. Wilson, is a native Missourian, born in Platte County, where his father and grandfather lived and tilled the soil and reared their children to walk humbly with their God and instilled into them those simple and virtle vertues which make the yeomanry the mainstay of the nation, and

Whereas, he has distinguished himself in public service as City Attorney of Platte City, as Prosecuting Attorney of Platte County, as a member of the State Legislature; as presiding officer of the State Senate and as United States District Attorney by appointment of Woodrow Wilson, our great war-time president and commander-in-chief, and in such service has proven himself to be endowed with rugged honesty, with a courageous and fearless heart, with fidelity and loyalty to public trust and public duty and with tireless and indefatagable energy and enterprise, and

Whereas, he has been the friend of all service men, regardless of political affiliation, rendering them practical and material assistance, by giving hundreds of them employment in the hour when they were desperately in need of assistance upon their return from the World War, and wanting in the absolute necessities of life.

Now, therefore, be is Resolved: That we, the members of the Service Men's Wilson for Governor Club, do hereby pledge oursleves to be given full support to the candidacy of Francis M. Wilson for the office of Governor of the State of Missouri, and to vote for him and to work for him at the poles on election day, November 6, 1928.

FRANK R. REID AND DEWEY SHORT HERE FRIDAY

A triple-treat Republican speaking program is billed for tonight (Friday) to begin at 7:30 o'clock in the Bowman Building. Frank R. Reid of Illinois, Chairman of Flood Control Committee in the National House of Representatives, and Dewey Short, Republican candidate for Congress in the 14th District, will speak, and Dennis S. Donahue, Chicago cartoonist will give a chalk talk and will draw campaign cartoons.

Miss Virginia Flint, who is a niece of Mrs. H. J. Welsh and who visited here this summer and made many friends among the young people, has been made the Senior Editor of the College annual at Christian College, Columbia. As stated in Tuesday' issue of The Standard, our own Miss Barbara Beck is the Assistant Editor. High honors for two popular and lovely girls.

HASTE DOES NOT ALWAYS MEAN WASTE

State Highway Commission Chairman Asserts That by Voting Bond Issue in November Motor Car Owners Save More Than Interest

By C. D. Matthews

Stated in its simplest terms, Missouri's road problem is fundamentally that of building roads to fit the traffic, with money furnished not by property tax but by the traffic itself, through automobile license fees and gasoline tax.

At first it was thought that the counties could build roads to serve state-wide and interstate travel. Experience, however, proved that method to be very unsatisfactory and that it did not insure a continuity of roads.

Connected Road System

The first step then to satisfy the needs of traffic was to provide for a connected system of roads, crossing every county, east and west and north and south. This is being done by the Legislature, in the Centennial Road Law, passed in 1921.

These trunk lines will serve the bulk of traffic, both rural and urban. The rural traffic must use them in reaching its destination and its markets, because the markets are on the state system. These trunk lines do not, however, serve so completely the rural traffic as they do the city traffic, because many rural communities and sections are some distance from the State highway system. It is necessary, therefore, to expand the program and provide a system of supplementary roads to serve as branches or feeders to the State system. It is also necessary to complete the system rapidly, so that the supplementary roads will have something with which to connect, and to serve to their fullest capacity.

It is also necessary to hasten the completion of the State system, to avoid the waste due to excessive cost in operating motor vehicles on unimproved roads.

We know that the 682,000 motor vehicles in Missouri are today spending needlessly, through this excessive cost of operation, $32,000,000 a year, due to the present incompleted portions of our State highway system. This excessive cost represents four and one-half per cent interest on an investment of over $700,000,000 or several times the cost of completing the present incompleted portion of the system, and a number of miles of supplementary roads, including all the interest on the proposed bond issue.

Can't Finance Project

There is no provision in the existing road law which permits the State Highway Commission to finance supplementary roads, nor to build and maintain them. More funds are needed, as well as an enabling act.

The State Highway Department is now operating on a pay-as-we-go basis, and current revenues plus federal aid do not permit a large construction program. A diversion of any portion of these current funds would seriously handicap the Department in completing the state road system, and so react to the serious detriment of the farmer. That this is true will be seen when we recognize the basic fact that the farmer needs, at all times, easy access to his markets.

These markets are the population centers which are on the State highway system. The farmer must, therefore, use State highways in reaching his market. He is interested in the early completion of these highways but the Commission lacks the necessary funds. The State Highway Commission's efforts with present finances would not complete the system before 1937. The farmer is also interested in supplementary roads by which he may reach the State highways now designated, but the commission has not the authority nor the funds with which to build them. What is the remedy?

The remedy is to secure the funds in sufficient amounts over a short period of years, and with the least burden on the motor vehicle owner who pays the bill. A road bond issue offers the best solution to the problem for it will provide large funds over a comparatively few years to build roads which will save the users many times the interest charges on these bonds. It is the method used by all successful business. A bond issue requires a constitutional amendment. Proposition No. 3 is such an amendment.

This Proposition No. 3 offers these basic advantages. It permits the setting up of a definite and continuing road policy, based on assured finances. It gives stability nad permacy to the road program and provides funds for its execution. It recognizes the needs of the framer. This amendment makes it possible to construct 5000 or more miles of supplementary or farm-to-market roads by 1937, State built and State maintained, as an addition to the present system.

The fourth pargraph of the amendment gives explicit authority for these supplementary roads, their construction and maintenance. We urge every voter to read this amendment and not to be misled by the propaganda sent out by opponents of the measure.

Our estimate based on past experience shows that we will have at least $40,000,000 available for these supplementary roads by 1937, with ample reserve to take care of the other provisions, sinking fund requirements, interest payments, maintenance overhead expenses of the department, and collection costs.

Our engineers estimate that these supplementary roads can be built with standard drainage structures, of ample width and surfacing at a cost which will not exceed $5000 to $8000 a mile.

The method provided in the amendment for the distribution of funds for these supplementary roads apportions them to the counties according to the area and population of the county, as compared to the total area and population of the State, excluding that of St. Louis and Kansas City. This method of distributing was approved after consdiering several different ways in which the funds might be allocated, and a little tho't will show it to be most fair. It was felt that a county of large area would need more mileage to get the same degree of road penetration comparable with that of a smaller county. It was also felt that, from a standpoint of rendering equal service to the counties, a thickly populated county would need a larger number of miles of roads to serve traffic than a less populated county.

The method of selecting these roads, through proper officials in each county acting in conjunction with and subject to approval of the State Highway Commission, insures their location where most needed.

What will these benefits cost the farmer? These benefits can be had without increasing the motor vehicle license fees or the gasoline tax, and without any property tax; if Proposition No. 3 carries at the fall election. If Proposition No. 3 should fail to carry, the motor vehicle owner will continue to pay his license fee and gasoline tax as he has in the past, but there will be no farm-to-market roads.

Either Proposition No. 3 must carry, or new laws must be passed giving the State Highway Department authority to locate, construct, and maintain such supplementary roads, and provide some means of financing such roads. Without further revenues, under the present pay-as-we-go plan, the construction of farm-to-market roads (called supplementary State roads in amendment) would, even if authorized, have to wait until the present State system will have been completed, before work on supplementary roads could begin. Can the farmer afford to wait another 10 years before a beginning is made on the construction of the farm-to-market system?

Legislatures Don't Act

Should Proposition No. 3 fail to carry at the election in November, there is little likelihood that new legislation will be enacted, in the near future, changing the present road law. This has been tried before without success. We have had three General Assemblies since the passage of the Centennial Road Law. Each one has witnessed attempts to add mileage to the State road system, or to divert some of the road funds to the counties for county roads. All attempts to change the present law have failed.

Therefore, if Proposition No. 3 fails of uassage, there will be less likelihood than ever that any changes will be made in the existing law; for the decision of the voters-at-large would most likely be accepted as a mandate to future general assemblies warning them that the voters do not want any change in the existing law.

Offer the Only Plan

There is no alternative for this proposition. There is no other plan now before the people that will secure supplementary state roads. Under the present pay-as-we-go plan, we cannot build these farm-to-market roads. We cannot add the needed mileage to our state system for filling the gaps in the present system and connecting it with the state parks. We cannot properly take care of the ever increasing traffic arou St. Louis and Kansas City with its growing hazards, and we cannot bridge navigable streams as may be necessary to give unity and completness to our State highway system. The opponents to this program can give no relief, can build no roads, and have provided no alternative proposition to put before the voters.

The farmers have much to lose by the defeat of the $75,000,000 bond issue. Such defeat simply leaves a void. There is nothing to substitute for the proposed 5000 miles of farm-to-market roads. Such defeat will not alter the present status quo. Such defeat will bring no reduction in the gasoline tax, no lessening of the automobile license fees, nor any remission of taxes on property.—Missouri Ruralist.

AN ANSWER TO PROPOSITION NO. 3 OPPONENTS

Opponents to Proposition No. 3 have advanced various arguments tended to defeat the measure. One, and by no meaus the least important, centers on the idea that individual counties should vote their own road bonds, decide their location, and provide for their maintenance.

There is sufficient evidence near at hand to disqualify all three in favor of a unified, all-State system which will be provided for in the proposed new road bond measure. Jackson County voted six and a half million dollars to be expended in the next two years on county roads, and right now complications are piling up. The bonds were voted originally on the condition that the money be spent non-politically by a competent bi-partisan board of engineers on a road system laid out by these engineers. Now arises the problem of "fixing" the county court so that it may again favor tre "bi-partisan" board plan of expending the money.

Scott County has had enough of county built roads, the County has also had its fill of "locating" roads, and surely there is no argument on the maintainence question in this and surrounding counties. In most cases the roads were built and then were allowed to wear out.

Those are general statements, here are the actual figures which are guaranteed by the State Highway Commission and the State of Missouri for Scott County. Here are the facts:

A total of $1,580,388 will be spent in Scott County on primary and secondary roads under the life of the proposed amendment.

A total of 49.1 miles of State roads will be built.

Of this said $1,580,388, the sum of $444,689 will be expended on secondary or "farm-to-market" roads.

$1,135,699 will be spent on primary roads.

It further means that $68,235 will be returned to Scott County for MAINTENANCE and Farm-to-Market roads.

And finally to sum up the situation, the passage of the Bond Issue is of vital interest to rural Missouri from a financial point of view as well as other views. While the cities understand their benefits will be derived by a closer and easier connection with rural Missouri and the building up of the State in a material and general way.

Answer criticism with the figures.

Managers of both political parties are claiming everything and one of them is bound to lose. The Republicans are crying that the Democrats are mud slinging, but say nothing about their whispering campaign that they started in order to poison the minds of certain classes who let prejudice carry them away from real issues. Republicans in Sikseton claim that Charlie Hay was a mudslinger when he told of the rascality of the Harding Administration and of the Baker Administration, but he was not slinging mud, he was just telling record facts.



About Battery Life

Little Johnny's father is telling the man how long the good WILLARD BATTERY we sold him has been *going strong* in his car.

Everybody who uses Willards likes them. And why not? Willards are the BEST batteries beyond all question of doubt.

Phone 229

Superior Chevrolet Co.

GENUINE WILLARD BATTERIES AND WILLARD SERVICE FOR ALL MAKES

ELECT A GOVERNOR OF WHOM MISSOURI CAN BE PROUD

The Republican Party of Missouri Has a Record. Here It Is:

Two State officials confessed or convicted of conspiracy to violate the law and accepting bribe money therefor.

One State official convicted of embezzling funds of a bank in his charge.

A State finance commissioner forced to resign under charges of malfeasance in office.

Scandals in the licensing of physicians to practice medicine.

The State's health supervisor fired to make room for a political appointment.

The boys' reform school mdae a school for crime.

Scandals in prison management with a resulting deficit of $600,000.

Scandals in insane asylum management. Deficit, $107,000.

The officials responsible for these occurrences kept in office.

The funds of depositors and stockholders in failed banks made a fat field for political exploitation, hundreds of thousands of dollars of their money paid to favored attorneys.

Losses to the State through failure to comply with the law in taking security for deposit of State funds.

Jobholders increased. Their salaries boosted. The prison payroll increased $10,000 per month! $120,000 a year!

Republican members of the Legislature, both House and Senate, holding State appointments in defiance of the Constitution which forbids it.

Two Republican administrations with no constructive achievements for the State, no conception of the State's needs and welfare, no leadership except pleas for more revenu and more power for the Governor.

The Democratic Candidate for Governor Has a Record. Here It Is:

Prosecuting Attorney of Platte County.

Forty felony convictions out of 42 felony indictments.

Four hundred and seventy-five misdemeanor convictions out of 500 prosecutions.

Eight years in the Missouri Senate.

Four as President pro tem of that body.

Author of many wise and beneficent laws covering morals, health, education, agriculture. and other subjects pertaining to the general welfare of the people.

Over seven years United States District Attorney by appointment of President Wilson.

Won every case in which he participated during his entire term except three, more than sustaining his record as a competent, vigorous and fearless prosecutor.

Received a letter from the Attorney General of the United States saying that he had the best record of any district attorney in the United States in proportion to business transacted, both civil and criminal as compared to similar offices in all other districts of like population.

Receiver of the Kansas City Railways Company under appointment of Federal Court for almost six years.

Found the company over 30 millions in debt and without credit.

Under his receivership 5 million dollars was paid out for improvements and maintenance.

One million for busses and garages.

Thirty-one million to employees.

Three and one-fourth million in taxes.

At the termination of the receivership six million in cash and United States bonds turned over to the new owners.

Sixty-four million dollars handled without one penny of loss.

All without increasing fares or reducing wages.

Vote For FRANCIS M. WILSON

Democratic Candidate For Governor, and a Business Administration For Missouri

Democratic State Committee, 300 Landreth Bldg., St. Louis

BARTHOLDT GIVES HIS REASONS FOR SUPPORTING SMITH

Richard Bathold, former Republican Congressman, has issued a statement setting forth his reasons for supporting Gov. Smith and opposing Herbert Hoover for the presidency. The two matters on which he chiefly bases his choice are prohibition and German sympathies.

Bartholdt announced that he would support the Republican ticket, except the presidential electors. In 1924 he supported LaFollette's candidacy for President, on the Progressive-Socialist fusion ticket.

In his statement, Bartholdt characterizes Hoover as "a Wilson Democrat". He praises Gov. Smith's action in defying the dry Democracy of the South with his telegram to the Houston convention. By this act, he says, the national contest was converted into "a struggle, above the heads of the political parties, for the great principles of liberty as against the powers of darkness and oppression".

Smith's elcetion, he says, would be a mandate to Congress to "substitute for the futile nostrum of prohibition a new system for promotion of real temperance". Hoover's election, on the other hand, would be "an authoritative command to lay the cross even heavier on our backs". The Anti-Saloon League, he says, has so interpreted the matter, and correctly, in its campaign literature.

Bartholdt says that people of German blood would fight against prohibition on principle, "even if it had not produced and aggravated corruption, debauchery and crime".

He censures Hoover for a "belated effort to pose as a friend and benefactor of the German people". He declares that Hoover denounced the Germans, in the preface to a wartime book, printed in France, and entitled "The Iron Circle".

"In this preface", Bartholdt says, "he denounces the whole German nation as being 'devoid of honor'. And can we ever forget the well authenticated incident of his telling two emissaries of the German Governbegging for bread to feed the stravment who, after the armistice, were ing women and children of Germany, 'to got to hell' with his compliments? At that time, of course, he never dreamed of ever running for President of the United States, and he was probably right in assuming that abusing the Germans was a popular thing to do. But now 'chickens are coming home to roost'. It should be added that the above facts were related in an Associated Press dispacth from Washington, dated December 27, 1918, and never denied".

In regard to the testimony of former Congressman Cleveland A. Newton and others, as to Hoover's efforts to get food to the Germans, Bartholdt says, "Let nobody be misled by these attempts at white-washing".

Newton argues that, because of the attitude of the allied authorities, Hoover could not have sent food to Germany if he had wished to do so, and Bartholdt chooses to believe that he did not wish to. In this connection, Bartholdt quotes expressions of President Wilson and Senator Lodge, but does not quote Hoover, who has been quoted by Newton as making a strong plea in behalf of the Germans.

Bartholdt says that the committee of Lutheran business men, who lately sent out criculars in support of Hoover, attempted to "hide religious prejudices behind the smoke screen of the immigration question". He argues that Smith's position on immigration is in agreement with Hoover's.

He then discusses prejudice in religion, saying the chief danger to American liberty comes from the "many popes of the Anti-Saloon League, with its unholy mixture of religion and politics".

"The election of Gov. Smith", Bartholdt writes, "will be the first step toward a change in this respect. He will open the windows and doors of our national temple to admit fresh air into the stifling atmosphree of hypocrisy, bigotry and intolerance, in which we now live. He is a liberal, fearless and right-thinking man of independent judgment and proven integrity, a man of a kind which, alas, is getting rarer and rarer in our commercial age. Let us emulate his brave example and go to the ballot box with the battle cry: 'Make Way for Liberty!' "

FOR RENT—Small acreage for cotton to colored party who has team and can back self.—Louise M. Lewis, Route 3, box 141, Sikeston, Mo. pd.

Mrs. Clara Branum of Paducah, Ky., spent the week-end with her daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Carroll. Mrs. Branum returned to her home Sunday.

C. E. Brenton, of the Missouri Utilities Co., was a business visitor to St. Louis this week.

Mrs. Calvin Greer returned Tuesday from an extended visit to California, much improved in health.

The Co-Workers of the Methodist church will hold a bake sale at The Bijou Saturday afternoon. Cake, candy and popcorn balls will be on sale.



Have you tried, — Golden brown waffles, Electrically cooked right on your table.

DEMOCRATIC SPEAKING

Benton, Missouri

Friday Afternoon, October 26

2:00 O'CLOCK

Former United States Senator

XENOPHON P. WILFLEY

Senator Wilfley is a very forceful speaker. He will discuss the issues of the campaign.

Scott County Democratic Central Committee

DANIELS SAYS HOOVER DOESN'T 'RING TRUE' ON HIS DRY STAND

Birmingham, Ala., October 18.—Herbert Hoover was accused by Jos. Daniels, in an address here tonight, of having become "the spokesman of privilge", of failing to "ring true" on prohiibtion and of being obligated to the "Coolidge policies" regarding Muscle Shoals and power development.

Continuing his tour of the South in the interest of Gov. Alfred E. Smith, the Raleigh, N. C., publisher also charged that Hoover's influence in the fixing of wheat prices in 1919 cost the farmer $200,000,000.

"I cannot support Herbert Hoover, because he does not ring true on prohibition", said Daniels. "He has not, up to date, said what he favors. * * * It was not until he was prodded that he even went so far as to declare 'prohibtion is a noble experiment', meaning that it was a doubtful success. Later he said he opposed the repeal of the eighteenth amendment or any nullification.

"While I will continue to oppose Gov. Smith's suggestion for amending the law (knowing the prohibition law is safe beyond question), I cannot as a dry Democrat go over to the support of his opponent, whose chief advocates are as wet as the Atlantic Ocean; as wet even as the New York Democrats . . . Confident that no changes can be made in the prohibition law, I prefer to accept the promise (of law enforcement) of Al Smith to the broken promises of Hoover's party . . .

"It cannot be forgotten that Hoover induced President Wilson to fix a price for the 1919 wheat crop at a figure that denied the wheat growers $200,000,000 which the National Agricultural Committee officially said they were entitled to receive, in view of the increase of all other commodities. In 1920, when this Hoover policy drove thousands of farmers from the support of the Democratic candidates, the whole blame was laid by the farmers at the door of the invalid Wilson. Hoover should have denounced the unjust assault. Instead Hoover joined the party of the detractors and has never yet assumed responsibility of his acts.

"I cannot support Hoover because he has stood with the Coolidge policy of turning over Muscle Shoals to the giant power trust, the most reprehensible piece of privilege of recent days. For seven and a half years the Coolidge administration has fought to lease it to private interests, and when Congress directed its operation by Uncle Sam for the benefit of all the people, including the cheaper production of nitrates for fertilizer, President Coolidge gave it a pocket veto, Hoover assenting, acquiescing and consenting to wrong".

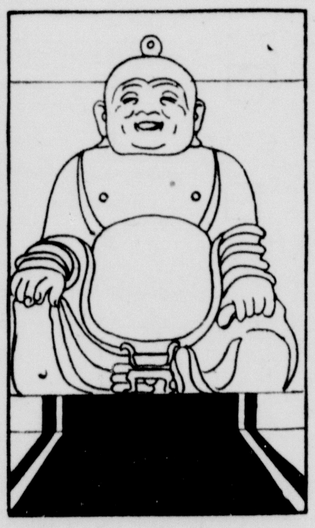
ARE YOU SUPERSTITIOUS ?

BY FRANK ELLIS, JR.

Numbers in Buddhism

IN BUDDHISM the three causes of demerits are: Lust, anger and ignorance. The first has for its destroying agent fire; anger has water; and ignorance, wind. The three precious things are Buddha, the law, and the assembly. There are three great divisions in the sacred books. The images of Buddha are only represented in three positions; sitting cross-legged, standing, as if ready to advance, and reclining on his side with his head resting on a pillow.

The superstition respecting climacterics, or critical periods of life, was very strong during the Middle ages; and even down to recent times. The



mystic numbers seven and nine so frequently occuring in the Bible had their influence with many persons.

It was believed that the constitution of man changes every seven years; that the whole of the solids and fluids of the body changes during that time, the old cast off and new matter formed. At seven years of age a child had left infancy, at fourteen he had attained puberty, at twenty-one he had reached manhood, and so on.

The power of the seventh son of the seventh son to heal diseases is believed.

The Scotch spaewife (fortune teller) generally pretended that she was the seventh daughter of the seventh daughter, and was supposed, in consequence, by the lower orders, to possess second sight.

(©, 1928, Western Newspaper Union.)

30x3 1-2 Pathfinder Oversize Tire $5.85

FALL CLEARANCE SALE

30x3 1-2 Over-Size All-Weather Tire $7.25



STARTS TODAY
FOR ONE WEEK ONLY
All Kinds of Tires That You Need for Your Car, Priced to Clear Our Stock Quick!

29x4:40 All-Weather Tire $8.00	30x4:50 All-Weather Heavy Duty Tire $11.35	30x4:50 All-Weather Tire $8.90
31x5:25 All-Weather Tire $12.90	31x5:25 All-Weather Heavy Duty Tire $15.10	
33x6.00 All-Weather Tire $15.60	33x6.00 Heavy Duty Tire $18.00	32x6.00 10 Ply Truck Tire $42.45

30x3 1-2 Pathfinder TUBE 98c

30x3 1-2 GOODYEAR TUBE $1.35

31x4 GOODYEAR TUBE $1.75

GOODYEAR

Tires and Tubes

—AT—

LOWEST PRICES IN 30 YEARS

Quality Highest in History

Guaranteed for Life Against Any and All Defects

GENUINE GOODYEAR SUPERTWIST CORDS

Balloons | Brand New Factory Firsts | High Pressure

29x4:40 Pathfinder TUBE $1.35	29x4:40 Goodyear TUBE $1.65	30x4:50 Goodyear TUBE $1.75

30x4:50 Pathfinder TUBE $1.40

31x5:25 Goodyear TUBE $2.25

33x6.00 Goodyear TUBE $2.85

29x4:40 Pathfinder TIRE $6.70

30x4:50 Pathfinder TIRE $7.25

Come in and Take Your Pick of these Bargains Before They are Sold Out

Three Stations to Serve You

PHONE 667 DAY OR NIGHT

THE HOME OF FRIENDLY SERVICE

Sensenbaugh's SUPER SERVICE STATION

SIKESTON

Three Stations to Serve You

SCIENCE ABOUT TO OVERCOME CANCER, DR. MAYO DECLARES

Chicago, October 22.—As a last word to the 3000 physicians and health experts attending the convention of the American Public Health Association, Dr. Charles Mayo, noted surgeon, said:

"Medical science is on the threshold of winning its greatest battle—that against cancer. Wonderful strides have been made by research workers.

"Some have experimented with electrical current in treating cancer developed in animals, mainly mice. Others have been using radium and X-ray. Still others have been testing dietary effects with some success before the people that will secure supplementary state roads. Under the present pay-as-wego plan, we cess. I believe we have discovered an antidote or cure.

"Science has learned a lot about cancer in the last few years, but most of this knowledge has been in the realm of the laboratory rather than in practical treatment.

"The time has now come to co-ordinate all experimental threads woven by individuals so they may be blended into actual treatments for cancer-stricken human beings. It is for that purpose we are planning to establish a great cancer research institute in Chicago. We hope in this institute to bring together all the knowledge about cancer gleaned in laboratories and to apply that knowledge to patients suffering from cancer.

"In this way we shall be able to study the effects of the treatments and detremine which are most effective. Surgeons would work side by side with biologists, pathologists and other scientists".

Vandalia—Inglish Chevrolet Co. moves into new quarters.

CORRESPONDENCE FROM MATTHEWS

Supt. G. D. Englehart was a New Madrid visitor Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Don Kochel were Matthews visitors Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Zimmer motored to Advance Sunday afternoon.

Mason Emerson of New Madrid refereed the football game here Friday.

Don't forget to patronize the Christian Ladies' Aid dinner on election day.

Mrs. G. D. Steele and Mrs. Albert Deane shoped in Sikeston Saturday afternoon.

Orville Lumsden spent the week-end with his uncle, Charles Lumsden and family.

The Matthews football team scored another victory Friday, beating Vanduser 24-0.

A number of families from Matthews enjoyed a nutting party on the bayou Sunday.

Rev. Dewey Short delivered a talk at the Methodist church Sunday afternoon. A good crowd was in attendance.

Thos. Gallivan, one of New Madrid's most prominent lawyers and a good Democrat, was a Matthews visitor, last Thursday.

Val Baker, Geo. Traylor and James Finch of New Madrid attended the Republican speaking at the Methodist church Sunday afternoon.

Rev. Dennis, the new pastor for this place was here Sunday afternoon, but did not preach as the pulpit was occupied by Rev. Dewey Short.

Jesse Todd, Will Smith, Misses Lorain Gardner, Smith and Hudson came down from Sikeston Sunday night and helped to organize an Epworth League. Mr. Todd gave a very interesting and instructive talk, which was much appreciated and enjoyed. Miss Hudson gave a piano solo. We hope these young people will visit us again soon.

The Standard, $1.50 per year.

TO PONDERERS ON OCEAN ISLES—ALONE

Sunset—upon a foreign land away
Alone are you? On your removed strand,
Where glistening palms bend far to the land
As a troubadour's bow, to your dismay
Speaks his love, metronomic with the sway
Of the water, gilded to gold by the moon.
Or, shall you to the night your mind intune
To the memories of times, of a day,
Of a year, when entrancements were few
As now, but thoughts were as pretty, as clear;
As the tinkling of Time's bells we all hear—
These rigid closers of the curtains due
Upon the twilight of life when but few
Would 'wait their ringing far away
—as you!

—James Huls, Jr., Matthews

HOOVER CAME TO U. S. DURING WAR TO AID ENGLAND, REED SAYS

Madison, Wis., October 20.—Senator James A. Reed of Missouri, in the first speech he has made in behalf of the candidacy of Gov. Alfred Smith, put the Democratic microscope on the career of Herbert Hoover here tonight.

The Republican presidential nominee's long residence in foreign countries, his record as food administrator during the World War, and his past political alignments drew the fire of the Senate veteran, whose address was broadcast over a network of Midwest stations.

A speech by United States Senator John J. Blaine of Wisconsin, who recently announced he would support Gov. Smith, also was broadcast from the same meeting.

"Mr. Hoover has so long posed as the savior of Belgium that many people almost believe that out of his own private fortunes and by his own individual efforts he fed the Belgians during the war", declared Senator Reed.

"That myth might as well be exploded now. In feeding the Belgians Mr. Hoover was in fact performing a great service for the British and French governments, for both countries realized if the Belgian people were not fed, the morale of the Belgian army would be broken".

Senator Reed charged Hoover with coming to the United States as Food Administrator "with the purpose in his heart of fixing a price upon American farm products for the benefit of England and France and Belgium. Before he left England, Hoover "rigged" the market for the purpose of beating down the price of American farm prdoucts, declared the Senator.

"Mr. Hoover's eulogists tell of how he bought vast quantities of provisions and supplies, and having accumulated they would suddenly hurl them upon the market, break the price, and then buy in at low prices upon the broken market", he continued.

Tracing Hoover's gradual acquisition of power as Food Administrator in the United States, Senator Reed said:

Kansas City—Kansas City Journal and Post consolidate as Kansas City Journal Post.

'While our American farmer was receiving $2.20 for his wheat after delivery at the market, less charges and discounts for quality, wheat in the European markets was running from $3 to $5 a bushel".

ARE YOU SUPERSTITIOUS ?

BY FRANK ELLIS, JR.

Popular Beliefs

BOIL an egg hard, take out the yolk, and fill its place with salt. Eat before retiring. The person you dream of bringing you water will be your future husband. To be done by two girls in silence going backward as they retire.

A man should wear on his wedding day a shirt which his bride gave him. To have luck in married life, always jump over a broomstick after the marriage ceremony.

If your left ear burns there is some one speaking evil of you.

If your right ear itches some one is speaking well of you.

If your right eye itches you will see something pleasing; the left, something disagreeable.

If you have a donkey with you in a



dangerous place, you will come to no harm.

If bees make their nest in the roof of a house, none of the daughters will marry.

If you bite the inside of your cheek or tongue while talking, it is a sign that you are telling a story.

Measuring your waist as if for a dress will bring bad luck.

If you break your parasol, you will lose your lover.

If your hand trembles as you write to your beloved, his love for you is strong.

Poplar trees near a house are unlucky.

(©, 1928, Western Newspaper Union.)

SIKESTON STANDARD

C. L. BLANTON, EDITOR

ISSUED TUESDAY AND FRIDAY AT SIKESTON, MISSOURI

Entered at the Postoffice at Sikeston, Scott County, Missouri, as second-class mail matter, according to act of Congress.

Rates:
Display advertising, per single column inch, net 25c
Reading notices, per line 10c
Bank statements $10.00
Probate notices, minimum ....$ 5.00
Yearly subscription in Scott and the adjoining counties $1.50
Yearly subscription elsewhere in the United States $2.00

Protestants Lead Smith Appointees

Conclusive proof that Governor Smith has never been controlled by political or religious influences is found in his appointments as Governor of New York. Statistics made public by Secretary of State Moses reveal that a great majority of the Governor's appointees are Protestants and that there are twice as many Republicans as Democrats in his Cabinet.



Governor Alfred E. Smith

The Governor's Cabinet is comprised of 10 Protestants, 3 Catholics and 1 Jew. Of these 8 are Republican, 4 are Democrats and 2 are Independents.

Of 25 State Department heads, 14 are Protestants and 11 are Catholics. Eight are Republicans, 3 are Independents and 14 are Democrats.

Of 156 other State officials whose appointments require the approval of the Governor, there are 105 Protestants, 33 Catholics, 11 Jews and 7 undesignated.

In every case, regardless of all other considerations, Governor Smith appointed the person he thought best fitted for the office.

PLEA TO BIGOTRY A COSTLY BLUNDER

Hamilton Fish, Jr., Warns Hoover That Republican Success Is Jeopardized.

WASHINGTON.—Hamilton Fish, Jr., Republican representative from New York, has warned Chairman Work of the Republican National Committee, that the injection of the religous issue into the campaign by accredited Republican speakers will result in a clean sweep of New York and the Eastern states by Governor Smith on that issue.

Calling on Mr. Hoover, Mr. Fish told the Republican presidential candidate that he was "so disgusted with such political blunders" as are being committed by the Hoover campaign managers that he contemplates abandoning his speaking tour in New York state.

The Republican representative said he "informed Mr. Hoover that Republican leaders committed a stupid political blunder by forcing the nomination of Ambassador Houghton," which "would endanger the entire ticket and alienate labor and the World War veterans, and jeopardize the entire Republican ticket. The failure of the Republicans to nominate a single World War veteran . . . will be resented by the rank and file."

Mr. Fish advised that Mrs. Mabel Walker Willebrant and all others who are appealing to bigotry, be silenced "before irreparable harm has been done to the Republican ticket."

GOVERNOR OF NORTH CAROLINA ATTACKS BIGOTS

RALEIGH, N. C.—A vigorous campaign for the election of Gov. Smith is being made throughout North Carolina by Governor A. W. McLean. Attacking religious intolerance, he said:

"I am ready to defend the right of Governor Smith and every other man or woman, whether Catholic or Protestant, to worship God in his own way.

"I am for Gov. Smith because I believe he is in every way qualified to fill the office of President."

CHURCH DECRIES BIGOTRY

The Rev. Dr. Hugh K. Walker, moderator of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, is censored in an editorial in this week's Presbyterian, national church paper, for his call upon Presbyterians to support Hoover. His church position gives him no right to give political advice, the editorial states.

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Cures Malaria and quickly relieves Biliousness, Headaches and Dizziness due to temporary Constipation. Aids in eliminating Toxins and is highly esteemed for producing copious watery evacuations.

OFFICIAL BALLOT

GENERAL ELECTION, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1928

REPUBLICAN PARTY
HOOVER-CURTIS

For Presidential Elector at Large: WILLIAM BUCHHOLZ
For Presidential Elector at Large: MRS. E. E. RUDOLPH
For Presidential Elector, 1st District: W. H. YANCEY
For Presidential Elector, 2nd District: MRS. VINA I. BOWDEN
For Presidential Elector, 3rd District: C. H. JOHNSTON
For Presidential Elector, 4th District: MRS. INA HITZ
For Presidential Elector, 5th District: FRANK G. CROWELL
For Presidential Elector, 6th District: ROY D. MILLER
For Presidential Elector, 7th District: W. A. DOLLARHIDE
For Presidential Elector, 8th District: MRS. MATTIE PETERS
For Presidential Elector, 9th District: GEORGE E. HACKMANN
For Presidential Elector, 10th District: G. A. WURDEMAN
For Presidential Elector, 11th District: JOHN J. HURLEY
For Presidential Elector, 12th District: C. H. TURPIN
For Presidential Elector, 13th District: JULES WASHER
For Presidential Elector, 14th District: H. L. KERR
For Presidential Elector, 15th District: FRANK CURLESS
For Presidential Elector, 16th District: FRANK HYDE
For Senator in Congress: ROSCOE C. PATTERSON
For Governor: HENRY S. CAULFIELD
For Lieutenant-Governor: EDWARD M. WINTER
For Secretary of State: CHARLES U. BECKER

(Continued on next page)

DEMOCRATIC PARTY
SMITH-ROBINSON

For Presidential Elector at Large: HENRY S. PRIEST
For Presidential Elector at Large: THOMAS A. DODGE
For Presidential Elector, 1st District: J. C. DORIAN
For Presidential Elector, 2nd District: W. W. RUCKER
For Presidential Elector, 3rd District: W. R. WILLIS
For Presidential Elector, 4th District: L. D. RAMSEY
For Presidential Elector, 5th District: FRANK C. NILES
For Presidential Elector, 6th District: R. E. IRESON
For Presidential Elector, 7th District: WILLIAM WALKER
For Presidential Elector, 8th District: LAFE VAUGHN
For Presidential Elector, 9th District: D. W. HERRING
For Presidential Elector, 10th District: PETER J. WALSH
For Presidential Elector, 11th District: PHELIM O'TOOLE
For Presidential Elector, 12th District: THOMAS J. FINAN
For Presidential Elector, 13th District: WILLIAM R. EDGAR
For Presidential Elector, 14th District: EVERETT REEVES
For Presidential Elector, 15th District: H. C. CHANCELLOR
For Presidential Elector, 16th District: LESLIE B. HUTCHISON
For Senator in Congress: CHARLES M. HAY
For Governor: FRANCIS M. WILSON
For Lieutenant-Governor: FRANK G. HARRIS
For Secretary of State: DWIGHT H. BROWN

(Continued on next page)

SOCIALIST PARTY
THOMAS-MAUER

For Presidential Elector at Large: JAMES T. PHILLIPS
For Presidential Elector at Large: DAVID S. LANDIS
For Presidential Elector, 1st District: T. S. SHACKLETON
For Presidential Elector, 2nd District: E. R. ANDERSON
For Presidential Elector, 3rd District: FRANK GARDNER
For Presidential Elector, 4th District: WILLIS COX
For Presidential Elector, 5th District: MRS. CARRIE V. HODGES
For Presidential Elector, 6th District: WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYANT
For Presidential Elector, 7th District: J. A. DETHEROW
For Presidential Elector, 8th District: H. V. OUSLEY
For Presidential Elector, 9th District: ROBERT W. DILGER
For Presidential Elector, 10th District: OTTO KAEMMERER
For Presidential Elector, 11th District: JOSEPH GEISLINGER
For Presidential Elector, 12th District: JACOB SHAPIRO
For Presidential Elector, 13th District: MRS. T. M. POLK
For Presidential Elector, 14th District: M. B. DAVIDSON
For Presidential Elector, 15th District: A. B. GRIEP
For Presidential Elector, 16th District: HENRY M. FOUTY
For Senator in Congress: CHARLES H. HARRISON
For Governor: JOSEPH G. HODGES
For Lieutenant-Governor: FRANK J. OFFENBURGER
For Secretary of State: GOTTLIEB A. HOEHN

(Continued on next page)

SOCIALIST-LABOR PARTY
REYNOLDS-CROWLEY

For Presidential Elector at Large: WILLIAM HENKE
For Presidential Elector at Large: FRED SPALTI
For Presidential Elector, 1st District:
For Presidential Elector, 2nd District:
For Presidential Elector, 3rd District:
For Presidential Elector, 4th District:
For Presidential Elector, 5th District:
For Presidential Elector, 6th District:
For Presidential Elector, 7th District:
For Presidential Elector, 8th District:
For Presidential Elector, 9th District:
For Presidential Elector, 10th District:
For Presidential Elector, 11th District:
For Presidential Elector, 12th District:
For Presidential Elector, 13th District:
For Presidential Elector, 14th District:
For Presidential Elector, 15th District:
For Presidential Elector, 16th District:
For Senator in Congress: WILLIAM W. COX
For Governor: EDWARD T. MIDDLECOFF
For Lieutenant-Governor: KARL OBERHEU
For Secretary of State: LEO L. ABERLE

(Continued on next page)

PROHIBITION PARTY

For Presidential Elector at Large:
For Presidential Elector at Large:
For Presidential Elector, 1st District:
For Presidential Elector, 2nd District:
For Presidential Elector, 3rd District:
For Presidential Elector, 4th District:
For Presidential Elector, 5th District:
For Presidential Elector, 6th District:
For Presidential Elector, 7th District:
For Presidential Elector, 8th District:
For Presidential Elector, 9th District:
For Presidential Elector, 10th District:
For Presidential Elector, 11th District:
For Presidential Elector, 12th District:
For Presidential Elector, 13th District:
For Presidential Elector, 14th District:
For Presidential Elector, 15th District:
For Presidential Elector, 16th District:
For Senator in Congress:
For Governor: W. G. BRANDENBURG
For Lieutenant-Governor:
For Secretary of State:

(Continued on next page)

INDEPENDENT

For Presidential Elector at Large:
For Presidential Elector at Large:
For Presidential Elector, 1st District:
For Presidential Elector, 2nd District:
For Presidential Elector, 3rd District:
For Presidential Elector, 4th District:
For Presidential Elector, 5th District:
For Presidential Elector, 6th District:
For Presidential Elector, 7th District:
For Presidential Elector, 8th District:
For Presidential Elector, 9th District:
For Presidential Elector, 10th District:
For Presidential Elector, 11th District:
For Presidential Elector, 12th District:
For Presidential Elector, 13th District:
For Presidential Elector, 14th District:
For Presidential Elector, 15th District:
For Presidential Elector, 16th District:
For Senator in Congress:
For Governor:
For Lieutenant-Governor:
For Secretary of State:

(Continued on next page)

For State Auditor: L. D. THOMPSON	For State Auditor: FORREST SMITH	For State Auditor: MEYER WEINTRAUB	For State Auditor: J. W. MOLINEUX	For State Auditor:	For State Auditor:
For State Treasurer: LARRY BRUNK	For State Treasurer: RICHARD R. NACY	For State Treasurer: HENRY SIROKY	For State Treasurer: JAMES WAGONER	For State Treasurer:	For State Treasurer:
For Attorney-General: STRATTON SHARTEL	For Attorney-General: ELMER O. JONES	For Attorney-General:	For Attorney-General: THEODORE BAEFF	For Attorney-General:	For Attorney-General:
For Judge Supreme Court (Division No. One): WILLIAM F. FRANK	For Judge Supreme Court (Division No. One): GEORGE ROBB ELLISON	For Judge Supreme Court (Division No. One):	For Judge Supreme Court (Division No. One):	For Judge Supreme Court (Division No. One):	For Judge Supreme Court (Division No. One):
For Judge of Springfield Court of Appeals: ROBERT J. SMITH	For Judge of Springfield Court of Appeals: JOHN H. BRADLEY	For Judge of Springfield Court of Appeals:	For Judge of Springfield Court of Appeals:	For Judge of Springfield Court of Appeals:	For Judge of Springfield Court of Appeals:
For Representative in Congress, 14th District: DEWEY J. SHORT	For Representative in Congress, 14th District: JAMES F. FULBRIGHT	For Representative in Congress, 14th District:	For Representative in Congress, 14th District:	For Representative in Congress, 14th District:	For Representative in Congress, 14th District:
For State Senator, 23rd District: GEORGE W. KIRK	For State Senator, 23rd District: RALPH WAMMACK	For State Senator, 23rd District:	For State Senator, 23rd District:	For State Senator, 23rd District:	For State Senator, 23rd District:
For Judge of the Circuit Court, 28th Judicial Circuit: JOHN A. SNIDER	For Judge of the Circuit Court, 28th Judicial Circuit: FRANK KELLEY	For Judge of the Circuit Court, 28th Judicial Circuit:	For Judge of the Circuit Court, 28th Judicial Circuit:	For Judge of the Circuit Court, 28th Judicial Circuit:	For Judge of the Circuit Court, 28th Judicial Circuit:
For Representative: GEORGE J. ARNOLD	For Representative: C. C. WHITE	For Representative:	For Representative:	For Representative:	For Representative:
For Judge of the County Court, 1st District: F. E. MOUNT	For Judge of the County Court, 1st District: GEORGE BUCHANAN	For Judge of the County Court, 1st District:	For Judge of the County Court, 1st District:	For Judge of the County Court, 1st District:	For Judge of the County Court, 1st District:
For Judge of the County Court, 2nd District: SOLOMON DIEBOLD	For Judge of the County Court, 2nd District: ANTON LEGRAND	For Judge of the County Court, 2nd District:	For Judge of the County Court, 2nd District:	For Judge of the County Court, 2nd District:	For Judge of the County Court, 2nd District:
For Prosecuting Attorney: J. H. HALE	For Prosecuting Attorney: M. E. MONTGOMERY	For Prosecuting Attorney:	For Prosecuting Attorney:	For Prosecuting Attorney:	For Prosecuting Attorney:
For Sheriff: W. O. SCOTT	For Sheriff: TOM SCOTT	For Sheriff:	For Sheriff:	For Sheriff:	For Sheriff:
For Assessor: FLOYD E. KING	For Assessor: J. D. O'CONNOR	For Assessor:	For Assessor:	For Assessor:	For Assessor:
For Treasurer: E. A. DYE	For Treasurer: C. E. FELKER	For Treasurer:	For Treasurer:	For Treasurer:	For Treasurer:
For Public Administrator:	For Public Administrator: J. CLAUDE WYLIE	For Public Administrator:	For Public Administrator:	For Public Administrator:	For Public Administrator:
For Surveyor: JAS. A. COLLIER	For Surveyor: R. L. HARRISON	For Surveyor:	For Surveyor:	For Surveyor:	For Surveyor:
For Coroner: G. T. DORRIS	For Coroner: GEORGE R. DEMPSTER	For Coroner:	For Coroner:	For Coroner:	For Coroner:
For Judge of the County Court, 1st District: F. E. MOUNT	For Judge of the County Court, 1st District: GEORGE BUCHANAN	For Judge of the County Court, 1st District:	For Judge of the County Court, 1st District:	For Judge of the County Court, 1st District:	For Judge of the County Court, 1st District:
For Judge of the County Court, 2nd District: SOLOMON DIEBOLD	For Judge of the County Court, 2nd District: ANTON LEGRAND	For Judge of the County Court, 2nd District:	For Judge of the County Court, 2nd District:	For Judge of the County Court, 2nd District:	For Judge of the County Court, 2nd District:
For Constable, Commerce Township: J. F. CLYMER	For Constable, Commerce Township: HARTRELL BROCK	For Constable, Commerce Township:	For Constable, Commerce Township:	For Constable, Commerce Township:	For Constable, Commerce Township:
For Constable, Tywappity Township:	For Constable, Tywappity Township: LONNIE MICHAEL	For Constable, Tywappity Township:	For Constable, Tywappity Township:	For Constable, Tywappity Township:	For Constable, Tywappity Township:
For Constable, Sandywoods Township:	For Constable, Sandywoods Township: J. S. PEAL	For Constable, Sandywoods Township:	For Constable, Sandywoods Township:	For Constable, Sandywoods Township:	For Constable, Sandywoods Township:
For Constable, Richland Township: J. H. HAYDEN	For Constable, Richland Township: BROWN JEWELL	For Constable, Richland Township:	For Constable, Richland Township:	For Constable, Richland Township:	For Constable, Richland Township:
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Less Poisoning by Liberal Feed

Overgrazing of Pastures Forced Animals to Eat Inferior Plants.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Conservative grazing, which assures an abundant supply of nutritious range forage, is an important factor in reducing losses of live stock from poisonous plants, says the forest service, United States Department of Agriculture.

Cause of Losses.

At a recent meeting of the Intermountain Live Stock Sanitary association Prof. C. E. Fleming of the University of Nevada pointed out that a great many of the death losses from eating poisonous plants were the result of overgrazing and depletion of the better forage plants, which forced the live stock to eat plants of inferior value—including those that are poisonous—in sufficient quantity to prove fatal. Doctor Murray of Salt Lake City also stated that in his opinion many losses on the winter range were due to malnutrition as a result of live stock having to subsist mainly on inferior range plants and having an inadequate forage supply.

Reduce Losses.

In the drought region of southern Arizona it is extremely important, the forest service has found, to graze the range conservatively, since short rainfall may result in the production of a feed supply materially smaller than usual. It was found that by utilizing approximately 80 per cent of the growth of the important palatable plants in the average year and by reserving a part of the grama range, on which the vegetation cures well on the stalk and is excellent winter feed, losses could be reduced from the average for that region of about 10 per cent to about 2 to 3 per cent of the animals grazed. Not only is there a direct saving to the live-stock producer from fewer death losses, but the better condition of animals results in a greater production of young and better development with a more satisfactory price. Thus, profits have been made from cattle during the recent trying years where conservative grazing has been practiced, although net losses were shown by those outfits in the region which utilized their range forage too closely.

Get Seed Wheat Free of Objectionable Weeds

Many wheat growers in the Corn Belt, because of the extensive winter killing that occurred in this area last season, will be faced with the necessity this year of providing themselves with seed wheat. Seed may often be obtained from neighboring farmers, but it may sometimes be necessary, or it may appear advisable to bring in seed from greater distances. In any case, says the United States Department of Agriculture, the farmer should assure himself that the wheat seed he buys is free from weed seeds. Garlic, cockle, and cheat or chess are especially objectionable and unfortunately are widely prevalent in many wheat-growing areas. When once introduced on a farm they are difficult to eradicate, and grain containing such weed seeds is discounted on the market. A little care in preventing the introduction of noxious weeds in seed wheat may save a lot of trouble.

Highest Grade Alfalfa Is Marketed Profitably

A much greater quantity of high-grade alfalfa could be produced and marketed profitably in the United States, the United States Department of Agriculture believes, if producers would study market demands and make their production and loading practices conform to the market requirements. Hay dealers in all the big alfalfa distributing markets receive each year thousands of orders for high-grade alfalfa hay which can not be filled because of an insufficient quantity of hay of this grade. The chief demand for baled alfalfa hay is from dairymen, and large numbers of them who now depend largely upon mill feeds as sources of protein would doubtless become buyers of alfalfa if supplies of a high-grade hay were available.

Agricultural Notes

The poulterer who markets only plump, juicy broilers, and attractive, delicious roasters, commands the trade.

• • •

The safest procedure of all is to vaccinate all pigs at weaning time. In the long run that is cheap insurance.

• • •

Lambs that receive a good supply of milk and grow rapidly are apt to carry the highly prized "milk or baby fat" when they reach market weight.

• • •

Soy bean hay is considered a very good feed for horses; in fact, it is in a class with alfalfa and clover hay. If the beans are fairly well matured, horses which are merely being maintained need little other feed.

• • •

The term "permanent pastures" commonly includes all the land that is left in pasture year after year for a long time. If it is plowed up once in four or five years it can scarcely be included with the permanent pasture land.

For Constable, Kelso Township: ☐ P. L. ZIMMERMAN	For Constable, Kelso Township: ☐ J. W. ALLEN	For Constable, Kelso Township: ☐	For Constable, Kelso Township: ☐	For Constable, Kelso Township: ☐	For Constable, Kelso Township: ☐ J. E. TINES
For Constable, Moreland Township: ☐ EUGENE BERTRAND	For Constable, Moreland Township: ☐ TOM HODGKISS	For Constable, Moreland Township: ☐	For Constable, Moreland Township: ☐	For Constable, Moreland Township: ☐	For Constable, Moreland Township: ☐
For Constable, Morley Township: ☐ W. C. MOORE	For Constable, Morley Township: ☐ JOHN LITTLE	For Constable, Morley Township: ☐	For Constable, Morley Township: ☐	For Constable, Morley Township: ☐	For Constable, Morley Township: ☐
For Constable, Sylvania Township: ☐ W. N. MADDOX	For Constable, Sylvania Township: ☐ A. YOUNG	For Constable, Sylvania Township: ☐	For Constable, Sylvania Township: ☐	For Constable, Sylvania Township: ☐	For Constable, Sylvania Township: ☐
For Justice of Peace, Sandywoods Township: ☐	For Justice of Peace, Sandywoods Township: ☐ WM. A. SCARBROUGH	For Justice of Peace, Sandywoods Township: ☐	For Justice of Peace, Sandywoods Township: ☐	For Justice of Peace, Sandywoods Township: ☐	For Justice of Peace, Sandywoods Township: ☐

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS

On receipt of his ballot the voter shall forthwith, and without leaving the enclosed space, retire alone to one of the voting booths so provided, and shall prepare his ballot for voting in the following manner:

Should the voter desire to vote a "straight" party ticket he shall place a cross (X) mark in the circle immediately below the party name or name of vice-presidential candidate.

If the voter desires to vote for one or more candidates on more than one party ticket, by voting what is commonly called a "split ticket" he may place a cross (X) mark in the circle immediately below one party name and mark cross (X) marks in the squares at the left of the names of candidates on other tickets for whom he wishes to vote.

If the voter desires to vote for one or more candidates whose name or names do not appear on the printed ballot he may do so by drawing a line through the printed name of candidate for such office, and writing below such canceled name the name of the person for whom he desires to vote, and placing a cross mark in the square at the left of such name. The squares so marked shall take precedence over the cross marked in the circle.

Where there are two or more candidates for like office in a group a cross (X) mark in the square to the left of a candidate's name, automatically votes against the candidate whose name appears within the same horizontal lines in the column under the circle in which appears the cross (X) mark unless the voter indicates another candidate to be voted against by drawing a line through such candidate name.

All candidates of the party whose circle is marked shall be counted as voted for excepting where squares are crossed preceding the names of the candidates in other columns; if two or more candidates for the same office are thus designated, neither shall be counted.

If the cross (X) is not placed in the circle immediately below the party name at the head of the column, but does appear in the squares opposite the various candidates' names, then only these names shall be counted for, and none other.

A cross (X) mark is any line crossing any other line at any angle within the voting space, and no ballot shall be declared void because a cross (X) mark therein is irregular in form.

It shall not be lawful to deface or tear a ballot in any manner nor to erase any printed name (except as provided above in this section,) figure, word or letter therefrom, nor to erase any mark made thereon by such voter, nor inclose in the folded ballot any other paper or any article. If the voter deface or tear a ballot, or wrongly mark the name or make an erasure therein, he may obtain one additional ballot on returning to the ballot clerk the one so defaced or wrongly marked.

A ballot placed in the ballot box without any mark shall not be counted. Ballots shall be counted only for the person for whom the marks thereon are applicable; when a voter shall place a mark against two or more names for the same office, and only one candidate is to be chosen for the office none of the candidates shall be deemed to have been voted for and the ballots shall not be counted for either such candidate.

Before leaving the booth the voter shall fold his ballot in such a manner as to conceal his marks thereon. He shall mark his ballot without undue delay. He shall then hand the ballot to the judge of election selected to take ballots, who shall number the ballot and deposit it in the ballot box.

The voter shall quit and leave said enclosed place as soon as possible.

STATE OF MISSOURI,
COUNTY OF SCOTT
SS

I, J. Sherwood Smith, Clerk of the County Court for and within the State and County aforesaid, do hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a true and correct list of all the candidates, together with the names of the political party which they represent, to be voted for at the General Election to be held November 6th, 1928, in Scott County, Missouri, as certified to me by the Secretary of State, as same remains on file in my said office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the County Court. Done at office in Benton, Missouri, this 19th day of October, 1928.

(SEAL)

J. SHERWOOD SMITH,
Clerk of the County Court Scott County, Missouri

Constitutional Ballot

Election, Tuesday, November 6, 1928

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT NO. **1**

SUBMITTED BY GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Proposed Constitutional Amendment Increasing Compensation of Members of the General Assembly, with Provisions for their expenses, restrictions upon members and membership, regular and special sessions and limit of recess; relating to state revenue, fixing July First as beginning of fiscal year, providing manner, duration and order of appropriations; repealing certain sections.

YES ☐
NO ☐

PROPOSITION NUMBER **2**

SUBMITTED BY INITIATIVE PETITION

An act to provide for the creation, maintenance and administration of a police pension system in all cities of this State that now have or may hereafter attain a population of five hundred thousand inhabitants or over, under which system veteran and disabled police officers of said cities, and the widows and minor children of deceased police officers of said cities, shall receive pensions to be paid partly from certain assessments against the salaries of the police officers of said cities, partly from certain fees, rewards and gifts, and partly from the public funds of said cities.

YES ☐
NO ☐

PROPOSITION NUMBER **3**

SUBMITTED BY INITIATIVE PETITION

Amending Article IV, Section 44a, of the Constitution, providing for an additional bond issue of $75,000,000 for construction of state highways.

YES ☐
NO ☐

STATE OF MISSOURI,
COUNTY OF SCOTT
SS

I, J. Sherwood Smith, Clerk of the County County Court, in and for the aforesaid county and State, hreeby certify that the above and foregoing to be a true and correct copy of the One joint and concurrent resolution of the Fifty-third General Assembly of the State of Missouri, of the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Missouri; also of the One act proposed by initiative petition and one amendment to the State Constitution proposed by initiative petition to be submtted to the qualified voters of the State Tuesday the 6th day of November, A. D. 1928, as of Missouri at the General Election to be held on the same has been certified to me by the Secretary of State, and as same remains on file in my said office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the County Court. Done at office in Benton, Missouri, this 19th day of October, 1928.

(SEAL)

J. SHERWOOD SMITH,
Clerk of the County Court Scott County, Missouri

CHARGES CIRCULAR ATTACKS RELIGIOUS FAITH OF HOOVER

St. Louis, October 23.—Bert G. Voorhees, chairman of the Republican State Committee, said yesterday that Missouri had been flooded" with a circular signed "Democratic Central Regional Headquarters", of which Senator Harry B. Hawes is the head, attacking Herbert Hoover's religion and imputing to Quakers lack of patriotism during not only the revolutionary war, but the World War.

This statement was a reprint of an editorial published by Tom Bodine in the Paris (Mo.) Mercury. Its caption is "Catholic or Quaker".

"There is a lot of talk among Democrats about Republicans stirring up a religious issue", said Voorhees. "From the looks of this circular, printed in St. Louis and distributed by the thousands all over Missouri, it would appear that Democratic leaders are guilty of the very thing with which they falsely are charging us. Missouri has been flooded, I am advised, with this circular".

Here are some of the excerpts in the circular:

"Yet as pointed out by a contributor to the Atlantic Monthly, the written doctrines of Quakerism contains political implications which if carried out by the sect of largest numbers would be so far more dangerous to our national sovereignty than the theoretic attitude taken by the Roman hierarchy toward the State.

"The Quaker religion enjoins and commands pacifism on its communicants. To it all war, even defensive war, is wrong. A Quaker cannot and will not fight, even if the country of which he is a citizen is invaded by a foreign foe. He will not bear arms to preserve internal order if the necessity should arise.

"American Quakers refused to fight under Washington in the war for independence, and were absent from the ranks when the British invaded this country in 1812. During the late World War, they evaded the draft as conscientious objectors, and thousands of them, prompted by alleged religious scruples, refused to ride on railroad trains because there was a war tax, their stubborn determination to neither fight nor pay being one of the chief problems with which the government had to deal.

"Incidentally, a Catholic boy was the first American killed in Europe. A Catholic regiment from New York City fought and won the bloody and crucial battle of Balleau Wood, and was practically wiped out when the advance on Paris was blocked.

"Yet while the Catholic boys, and Methodist, Baptist, Presbyterian and Campbellite boys. even from our own county of Monroe, were dying by thousands side by side in France, stout Quaker huskies all over the nation, exempted for reasons of religion, were safe at home, wearing $10 silk shirts, attending meetings regularly and fattening on wages and profits which the travail of other men's sons made possible.

"The church to which they belonged and of which Mr. Hoover boasts being a member, held then and holds now that right of conscience supersedes the authority of the State, even in direst distress".

Bodine suggests that Hoover be asked whether he would let the tenets of his religion interfere with official duty as President in national defense.

REWARD

Stolen, a Chevrolet coupe Tuesday evening. License No. 190-010 Motor No. 3420377. Reward for return of same.—H. C. Blanton, Sikeston, Mo., phone 473 or 509.

Girls have at least discovered a cure for the run in the stocking. They are going without.—Boston Transcript.

Appeals to the Indian with a vote may convince him that he is the noble red man, after all.—Boston Transcript.

Senator Blaine declared that Wisconsin is for Gov. Smith because he stands "four-square on paramount issues". He said that the "corruption, bribery and debauchery" of the last seven years touched every member of the Cabinet whenever it touched the Cabint.

A man who appeared on the streets of Baltimore, in 1722, carrying an umbrella to keep off the rain was mobbed and the umbrella was torn to shreds.

Notice of Land Owners Meeting of the Richland Drainage District

Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of October, 1928, the Circuit Court of Scott County, Missouri, duly entered of record a decree, declaring The Richland Drainage District to be a Public Corporation of the State of Missouri, for a term of fifty years, and pursuant to said order, notice is hereby given to the owners of all of the real estate and other property contained within the boundaries of The Richland Drainage District as fixed by the decree of said Circuit Court of Scott County, Missouri, entered on the 6th day of October, 1928, that a meeting of the owners of the real estate and other property within said District will be held at the Chamber of Commerce room in the Applegate Building in the City of Sikeston, Scott County, Missouri, beginning at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on Wednesday, the 14th day of November, 1928, for the purpose of electing a Board of five Supervisors, who shall be owners of real estate in said Drainage Districts as required by law: that the land owners and owners of other property within said District will, at said meeting, elect said five supervisors by vote and each owner shall be entitled to one vote in person or by proxy for every acre of land owned by him in said Drainage District. And at said meeting, any other business calling for the action of said land owners will be transacted.

Witness my hand and official seal this the 19th day of October, 1928.

(SEAL)

T. F. HENRY,
Clerk of the Circuit Court of Scott County, Missouri.

Same Price for over 38 Years

25 ounces for 25¢

KC BAKING POWDER

Guaranteed Pure

use less than of high priced brands

MILLIONS of POUNDS USED BY THE GOVERNMENT

"Woman, 101, has never seen an automobile".—Head-line. Perhaps that's the reason she is 101.—Norfolk Virginian-Pilot.

A Resolution Declaring It Necessary That the Existing Pavement on New Madrid Street and North Kingshighway From the South Line on North Avenue to the South Line of College Avenue Be Resurfaced.

BE IT RESOLVED by the City Council of the City of Sikeston, Missouri, as follows:

Section 1.—That the City Council of the City of Sikeston, Missouri, deems it necessary that the pavement on the roadway of New Madrid Street and North Kingshighway from the South line of North Avenue to the South line of College Avenue be resurfaced; that the concrete base of same be patched; and that incidently, said roadway be widened somewhat so as to lighten the curvature of the reverse curve adjacent to Harris Street, requiring grading and the construction of new pavement and other incidental work at this point, but all constituting a continuous improvement.

Section 2.—That said improvement shall be made by removing from the roadway as it now exists between gutter-lines, the Asphaltic wearing surface which was originally about 3" thick, repairing existing concrete base thus exposed so that it will be strong enough to carry anticipated loading, and covering same, when so repaired, with a 4" slab of concrete reinforced with wire-mesh; that in addition to this work on the existing roadway, same shall be widened by grading, cutting trees, moving fence, and building new sidewalk, curb and gutter, pavement and retaining wall as found necessary to lighten the curvature of the reverse-curve between North Avenue and Tanner Avenue, and remove from the roadway, the big elm tree now standing at point approximately 100 feet North of North Avenue. For a further and fuller description of the work to be done hereunder, reference is hereby made to the plans, specifications and estimate of cost covering this work, adopted by the City Council, Ordinance No. 1107, and now on file with the City Clerk of Sikeston, Missouri.

Section 3.—That the said work, including the engineering expense shall be done at the expense of the owners of property deriving benefit therefrom, because in the opinion and judgment of the City Council the general revenue fund of the City is not in a condition to warrant an expenditure therefrom to pay for said work or engineering or any part thereof; and said work and engineering shall be included in the same contract for the improvement of said street and the whole cost levied as a special assessment or tax against the property deriving benefit from said improvement, and tax bills be issued therefor in the name of the contractor doing the work.

Section 4.—That the City Clerk is hereby directed to furnish The Sikeston Standard and The Sikeston Herald, weekly newspapers of general circulation published in the City of Sikeston, Missouri, with copies of this resolution so that it may be published and appear consecutively in the two next weekly publications of said newspapers following the passage and adoption of this resolution.

Read first, second and third times and passed and approved this the 17th day of October, 1928.

Approved:
N. E. FUCHS,
Mayor.

Attest:
P. H. STEVENSON
City Clerk.
(SEAL)

Notice To All Land Owners of the Little River Drainage District

You are hereby notified that the meeting of all owners of lands within The Little River Drainage District and all persons interested in any of said lands will be held at 9:00 o'clock in the morning of Monday, the twenty-ninth day of October, 1928, in the school gymnasium building in the City of Morehouse, in the County of New Madrid, State of Missouri, for the purpose of electing one member of the Board of Supervisors of The Little River Drainage District and to transact and attend to all other business or other matters that may properly come before said meeting. The polls will be open until 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon of said day and each owner of land is entitled to one vote for each and every acre of land owned by him in the district on which a benefit has been assessed.

All proxies and powers of attorney must be in writing and signed by the owner or owners of the land.

JOHN H. HIMMELBERGER,
President, Board of Supervisors
B. F. BURNS,
Secretary
Oct. 12 and 26 only.

The Marked Man

A Romance of the Great Lakes

By KARL W. DETZER

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W. N. U. Service

CHAPTER X

Back to Madrid

Madrid village had dozed through the muggy Saturday forenoon. The men of the fishing fleet lounged in smoky idleness. Their day's hauls were cleaned, iced, and gone by express from Copperhead. It was Amos Short stirred them out; the Madrid Bay telephone switchboard was operated in his shoe store. He ran into the street, shouting.

"Flood!" Amos cried. "Delong dam's busted!"

The crowd poured out of the poolroom. Just above the bridge, in a round willowy meadow, water seeped up past the marshes a little farther than usual. A one-story house squatted in the field, the home of Miss Jennie Price, the invalid. But the Tamarack still flowed placidly, chuckling, just a little over its banks.

Flood? Unthinkable. Monstrous. The river slipped through the town and out into the lake, attending its own piddling duties, unmindful of the little excitements of idle villagers.

Old Gustaf Erickson joined the crowd on the bridge. "What be all this?" he squalled.

Gustaf was shorter, bent farther forward, thinner than when he had ordered Norman away. He coughed incessantly. His eyes were bloodshot. He limped as he walked.

"What be the matter?" he squalled. "Are ye deef?"

"Flood, maybe," a man said, "somebody thinks the dam's broke through. dam up at Delong's."

"Broke? Well, mebbe it is!" He screwed up his blue eyes and squinted searchingly at the river. "I've knowed worse things to happen. But ain't you goin' to be stoppin' it?"

"Stop it?" Some one laughed. "You try it, Gustaf!"

"I would if I was young," Gustaf cried. "Where's Jim Nelson? Where's Mel Pierce? That Miss Jennie Price, she's like to get wet."

Voices had lifted:

"Here she comes!"

"It is a flood!"

"My G—d, there it be!"

Like ants in a rainstorm, the men of Madrid Bay fled aimlessly, an undisciplined, leaderless rout. They stared unbelievingly at an unbelievable thing. The river! It would be different if it were the lake. They'd know how to act. . . .

The lip of the flood, pushing broken sticks, trees, plants, drowned sheep ahead of it, rounded the river bend. It moved slowly. Amos Short bobbed out of his store.

"Gustaf!" he shouted. "Run!"

"Aye, Amos." Gustaf Erickson pointed at his neighbors. "They're a poor crew. Who's helpin' old Miss Jennie?"

He grew very tall suddenly; his shoulders straightened. He walked like a man half his years. Amos Short glanced apprehensively up the river. "Hurry, Gus!" he warned.

"Best be after Miss Jennie," Gustaf grumbled.

The two men entered a small ramshackle house. Miss Jennie Price, a thin old woman, sat by a window, calmly watching the river rise.

"It is high water all at once," Gustaf told her. "Goin' to get you out. We'd best hurry, Miss Jennie. Ye ain't very hefty. Amos, take the other arm of her chair."

Water spread across the road to the meager line of stores. The Tamarack was dammed by the county bridge, that caught the wreckage and piled it up like a wall, diverting the river beyond its low gravelly banks. Small waves forged across the main street.

The height of the flood had passed when Sue Stocking and the younger Delong arrived. Just beyond the breakwater, the Blind Man's Point lifeboat, kicking up a white wake, was speeding into the harbor.

The car slid down the last grade into the town. Delong had said little. He could not, for thought of his brother. He trod through the mud to Captain Parish.

"Well, I'll be sunk ashore!" the coast guard commander said violently. He stood by an overturned wagon. "That devil river! Give me the lake every time. You, Delong? It was your dam!"

"My dam," Delong answered.

"Humph!" commented Parish. He called to his crew. "Hi . . . Anderson . . . Shay . . . Baker . . . get some speed on!"

The townsmen came silently, without words to express their thoughts. The Tamarack river . . . any river . . . attacking them, who loved the lake. They whispered when they recognized Delong.

James Delong returned to Susan. Talking rapidly, he gave her instructions.

"That's a church?" he pointed up the hill. "Find the key, open it. There'll be folks hunting a dry place to sleep tonight. Get some blankets. And have some one make coffee."

Women from the neighborhood were helping Sue when Delong limped into the church an hour later. Driving his car recklessly on the road east of town, he had found a telephone line intact and summoned Doctor McCarthy of Copperhead.

Three hours later, just before sundown, while Madrid Bay still complained miserably of its catastrophe, Julie Richaud and Norman Erickson staggered into town.

Norman's back ached with exertion. His eyes burned. He dreaded to face Madrid. He had thought with quickening heart of Gustaf since leaving Germaine Richaud's house. He wanted very much to see him, to see the fierce brown face, listen to the blustery voice.

He and Julie circled a hill and came out above the town.

"Look!" Julie cried. "Look at the bridge!"

Norman gazed a long, long minute. He understood what had happened. The bridge had ruined the town. It had caught the flood and prevented it from escaping to the lake.

At the door of the church Julie hung back shyly. She never had been inside this building.

"I want some coffee," Norman said determinedly.

He let Julie step ahead of him into the room. At a table near the door, Sue Stocking, in a blue apron much too large for her, was cutting loaves of bread. She put down the knife slowly and came toward him.

"Norman!" she called.

Julie flushed and drew back. Sue's voice was affectionate.

"Sit down somewhere," she directed Julie. "I must talk to him alone."

Norman waited inquiringly. An uneasy surprised expression came over his long face. Julie, watching across her shoulder, sat down suddenly with her back to the door. For she had seen Sue's arm about Norman's shoulder, had seen Sue's lips close to Norman's ear. And all Madrid Bay looking on. Well, what of it? What did it matter?

"Have you seen my father?" Norman demanded. He stopped shortly. He had not meant to ask this just yet. Sue nodded. They were alone now, out on the sand.

"Norman," she whispered, "let me have your hand . . . you're awfully cold! Norman, your father . . . drowned."

CHAPTER XI

A Sailor's Death

Gustaf Erickson died wet, as his father had died before him, off the coast of Iceland, and his grandfather before that, two days out of Christiana. He had died heroically in the act of rescue. He had died swearing, abusing the fates that in his heart he loved. He had died fighting. He had died a man's death.

He had died still believing his son to be a coward.

Anderson of the coast guard found the body on the beach, back of Gustaf's own fish shanty, after the flood had passed. And it was into his own fishing shack that men carried his body, laid it upon the floor and left it dripping. They found Miss Jennie drowned in her chair against the apple tree behind the house.

Jim Nelson found Norman Erickson near the stove where Sue Stocking had put him. There was an attitude of an old man about him, sitting with his shoulders hunched. He looked at Nelson dully.

"I been bailing your father's boat, Norman," the fisherman said. "He wouldn't want anything to happen to that boat, Gustaf wouldn't. You take her, Norman. How else you get home?"

"Thanks, Jim," Norman answered. He covered his face with his hands. Nelson limped away bow-leggedly, saying no more, either of blame or condolence. Norman groaned. Certainly old Jim had been faithful to Gustaf, whether his son had been or not.

Julie wept when Sue told her of Gustaf's death.

"So that is why you take him off alone!" she had cried. "I am a wicked, jealous girl! Poor Norman. He was not happy with his father. They were two strong wills together. You have seen two chickens, pull, pull, pull at the same worm? Norman is born this way, and this . . ." she spread apart the fingers of her right hand. "Here he is French, like his mother, and here Scandihoovin, and so he gets all mixed up. I fancy he is just like this inside his mind," she crossed her fingers. "But he did love his father."

"I think he did, too," Sue answered.

She started up. James Delong had entered the door. Delong's skin was colorless, his eyes were disheartened. She went to meet him.

"Any luck?" she whispered.

"None," he answered. His voice quavered. "Fritz didn't make it. You've heard the rest, Sue? I drowned Erickson's father!"

"No, no!" she protested.

He cried out at her savagely. "Didn't I? Who else did? I'm to blame for all this! Young Erickson warned me! He told me the dam would burst . . . We're on edge, all of us," he went on quieting. "We'd better be getting home. I can drive you, Erickson."

"I have my father's boat," Norman answered. "I don't know about Julie."

"I go her way. If you'll take Sue . . ." he hesitated. "I'd like to hurry, Erickson. There's just a chance some one may have come across Fritz."

Norman waited outside the church; he was unwilling to face more people. A chill air had settled with the darkness. He shivered. Down there at the edge of the black lake behind a fish house door lay his father. Gustaf was dead. And he had believed his son "afeared."

Norman felt relieved when the others appeared. He did not speak as Julie left, only held her warm hands. Sue Stocking drew the assistant's arm into her own.

"I'm so sorry," she whispered; her voice reminded him of his mother's. Why had he ever thought her aloof? "Let's start," she added. "It's a two-hour run."

Together they felt their way down the embankment, and turned toward the fish houses. A kerosene lantern smoked in the window of the Erickson shack. Jim Nelson, drawing on his pipe, stood stiffly in the door, feet wide apart.

He pulled shut the door when he heard footsteps, and snapped a hasp and padlock. Norman was glad for the sound. He had not yet seen his father, who lay there on the floor. Tomorrow would be better; his head might not burn so. He turned on the beam of the flash that Delong had lent him.

"You," Nelson said. His voice was low and tired. "I thought I'd help you off, Norman. I already run the boat out there. I'll help you start her. The engine, she be kind of tricky."

He piloted them down the dock to the squat gasoline boat with its broad-roofed cabin. The motor turned over, choked, and began its slow cadence. Nelson climbed out wearily, with the air of another duty not neglected. Sue found a place quietly on the stern deck. Norman searched for the tiller with his feet, caught it familiarly between his shoes.

"I'll cast ye off," Nelson offered, wiping his mouth on the back of his hand. "Mebbe you'll be comin' back up tomorrow, Norman? They's arrangements and things . . ."

"Before noon," Norman answered. "Thanks, Jim."

"You're welcome. He was my friend, your father. I know him better than you do, Norman. He had a hard tongue, you think. Yes, that's true. Folks he liked best, he quarreled with. You, me, your mother . . . still, he was a good shipmate, Gustaf was."

"I know it, Jim."

"Good night, Norman."

The fish boat pointed her nose toward the open lake. A fresh wind, with a keen edge on its tail, cut out of the west. Spray stung the faces of the man and the girl, leaning close together.

"Norman," Sue whispered softly.

In a dim reflection of stars and northern lights, he watched her face. He watched her lips, trembling ever so little, and her eyes, which seemed very large and not so steady as usual.

"I know, Norman, there's nothing I can say. But you know how sorry I am."

"I know."

"For . . . for everything, Norman. You were fine this morning. You did a good job of rescue." Another silence. "So that's where you visit in the hills."

"Where?"

"At the Richauds'. She's a very fine girl."

He was peering straight ahead at the punctual unwavering glow in the lantern of Blind Man's Eye. He disregarded her remark.

A wave splashed along the boat, struck at their faces and spattered their soggy shoes. Another followed it, and then a third.

"I best look for some oilskins," Norman said.

Already his shoulders were drenched. Sue must be soaked through. He remembered the yellow slicker she had worn that morning, and asked her about it.

"Torn to pieces," she answered.

His eyes sought Blind Man's light. They were halfway across the bay now.

"There must be oilskins, Sue. I'll look. You steady the tiller . . . that's it. Thanks."

He drew the flashlight from his pocket and bent his head to slip into the trap to the engine compartment. Fumbling, he directed the flash ahead of him.

With a surprised cry, he dropped the lamp on the wet rolling deck. He had seen a man just inside the cabin. A short fellow with a flat face. Wearing the blue sweater of the coast guard. Ed Baker, moving aft from the bow easy as a cat! His large mouth was smiling. In his hand twisted the favorite weapon of the fishing coast, a long broad-bladed scaling knife.

Gustaf Erickson's fish boat slid unpiloted up the side of a black wave. There was a hush on deck after Sue Stocking's first hysterical cry. Softly, the scaling knife in his big right hand, Ed Baker crept out of the cabin, still smiling. Norman threw off Germaine's sweater; for the second time in his life he must fight Ed Baker . . . Ed had beaten him before. . . .

"I got you where I want you, Erickss . . ." Baker challenged.

Again Sue Stocking screamed.

The surfman swung about. He had not seen her or heard her until that minute. A new rage overwhelmed him when he recognized her. It had been because of Sue that he gave up a prosperous fishing partnership and enlisted in the coast guard. And no sooner had he arrived at Blind Man station than she turned her back upon him.

And now, when he had schemed to meet Norman Erickson alone, to fight it out with only the disinterested stars for witnesses . . . here she was, in the way. In the way as Norman had been in his way before. He could not finish Erickson in the manner he planned. Not with Sue looking on. Purposely he dropped the fish knife.

Norman moved ever so slightly toward the banging tiller. Baker spun in his way. Sue edged to the low iron rail. She gave another short cry as the two men met.

"Stop it, Ed Baker!" she screamed. He paid no attention . . . too late to pay attention if he wished. The deck was small for a man-sized fight, less than eight feet square, and pitching insanely; the tiller slammed left and right.

"I got you where I want you!" Baker cried again through his teeth.

He flung headlong at Norman. The two clinched. They thrashed down.



"I Got You Where I Want You!" Baker Cried Again Through His Teeth.

Baker atop. Norman's hands, sweeping the darkness before him, clamped upon the other's left shoulder. It squirmed away easily. Baker kicked. A quick chilly sensation ran up Norman's spine. He rolled over, grappled and again the two floundered on the slippery deck. They gripped tight, chest to chest, cheek to cheek.

Baker pushed forward. Norman felt himself grow very tired. He was outmatched, he realized, and the pith gone from his bones. Baker was on top again, shaking, pounding, swearing in a hoarse, vicious monotone. The sound of his voice was broken by a command from Sue Stocking.

"Fight him, Norman! Fight him!" Then in five seconds: "I'll help!"

"Never mind . . . I . . . got him!"

Baker's grip weakened for a moment. Norman squirmed. He was on his left side now, his right hand was free. It swung up, bent down. Again it lifted. Again it fell. This time it missed the pliability of Baker's body. Under its blow the scaling knife rattled. Norman gripped its handle, saw its blade gleam in the light of the stars, held it an uncertain moment, and flung it overboard.

The neglected boat wallowed in a series of narrow troughs. Norman slid to one knee. He was blind, now, and deaf, and the sense of his fingers had left him.

"Fight!" he ordered himself grimly. "Fight!" he commanded. "Fight . . . like . . . an Erickson . . . I tell you, fight!"

Some of Gustaf's stubborn will came into his knees. He pushed Baker upward. With a great heave both men stood up. Norman pommeling. Then he bent; Baker slid over his shoulder; he lifted, jabbed and a heavy body blundered across the low rail.

Norman grabbed the iron rail atop the deckhouse and caught the tiller between his heels.

"All right, Sue?" he panted. His feet worked to port. The tiller turned with them. The boat steered in a circle.

"I'm right enough. Norman, what are you doing?"

"Find the flashlight . . . it's somewhere there on deck. Hold it overside."

The boat swung in a wide erratic arc. The beam of the flash lamp played through the darkness. Norman doubled like a jack-knife and rose into the air. A voice cried from the water. Then Norman came up, panting and clutched for the side. He held Baker's collar in his left hand. He yanked himself up with a convulsive struggle, pulled the other man after him.

Norman dropped down exhausted. Baker lay quiet against the cabin.

"Norman, Norman," Sue leaned over him. "Brace yourself . . . one side a little. That's better. I'll take her in."

Norman's lungs were bursting; there must be an anchor atop them. What was it about her voice? That funny twist to it? He never had heard Sue speak like that before. Like his father's voice, wasn't it? No . . . not his father. His father was dead. He closed his eyes.

"Can you give me a hand?" Sue asked at length.

"Sure." Norman raised on one elbow. Blind Man's Eye cast a friendly and welcoming radiance across the uneasy countenance of the water. Blind Man's Eye! Home! He felt the boat bump against the piling of the lighthouse dock. Funny his knees wouldn't stand. He reached out for the cabin and pulled himself upright. A short, bareheaded man puffed down the planks.

"By the holy poky, Sue . . . are you there, daughter? Heaven above be praised! And me boy Norman. Is he there? Such a day off! You'll be taking no more of them! Why'd you stay so late?"

The keeper took the stern line and made two half-hitches about a cedar pole.

"Sorry about your father, boy," this to Norman. "Parish told me. Sakes above, what's that? Sue . . . what's that head a-bangin' overside? Are ye bringin' home a dead man?"

"That's Ed Baker," Sue told him, "he's not dead."

As the boat ceased its slatting, Baker lifted to his elbows and dropped back muttering.

"He's playing dead," Norman grunted. "Here, Captain Stocking, help me with this lummox. No, he isn't much hurt. Not so much as he might be."

He pulled Baker heavily to the dock. Captain Stocking, grumbling, asking heaven with every breath what the world was coming to, lifted the surfman's right shoulder, Norman his left. The light of Blind Man's Eye shone down mistily on the procession. Once in the parlor, Norman released his hold on Baker and dropped into Captain Stocking's chair.

"And what might be the meanin' of such carryin's-on as this?" the keeper demanded of his daughter. "Susan Stocking, what's happened?" He jumped at Norman. "Erickson, have you been fighting again?"

Norman arose sickly to his feet.

"Y s, sir, I've been fighting again."

Sue interrupted. "Norman, go to bed."

The old businesslike vigor had returned to her voice.

Norman obeyed. He slept immediately. After ten minutes he awakened screaming, and found Sue beside him. She pushed his hands back under the blankets.

(Continued Tuesday)

The Standard, $1.50 per year.

Choose designs for children's clothes with ironing in mind, whether you make the clothes yourself of by them ready-made. Fussy ruffles and queer-shaped parts take up the time of the laundress, and never look as well after washing and ironing as trim, smooth garments that are well-cut and made of interesting materials.

Oysters are in season again. They are extremely valuable as a source of various minerals needed by the body. Like other fresh fish, they supply iodine, and should be eaten when possible if other sea foods are hard to get. If you like fried oysters, dip them in egg and bread crumbs, and then let them stand a while to harden the coating before frying.



An electric iron affords the greatest convenience of any household appliance.

LOOK AT YOUR SHOES
Everyone Else Does
Ladies' Rubber Caps, pr. attached 25c
Men's Rubber Heels, or Leather Heels, pair attached..... 40c
E. H. HELLER
Electric Shoe Shop
Frisco Addition

Where To Buy—
Radio Tubes
We Test Your Bulbs Free
Derris Drug Store



Real feed for your work animals

Here is feed for your horses and mules that will not only keep them in strong, vigorous condition, but will cut your feed costs over an ordinary hay and grain ration.

Gristo Work Feed is composed entirely of clean kiln-dried corn, oats, alfalfa meal, and molasses, scientifically prepared and perfectly balanced so that it is practically all feed value and no waste.

The alfalfa meal is cooling and laxative and the molasses makes it very palatable. Contains just the proper proportion of fiber to keep the digestive organs in a healthy state.

Your work animals will do better and you will save money by feeding Gristo. Prove this by trying it. We guarantee "Satisfaction or money refunded." Ask your feed dealer today for

GRISTO
STOCK & POULTRY FEEDS

This is just one of a complete line of Gristo Stock and Poultry Feeds, each made to give stock and poultry raisers better results at less feed cost. You can get a Gristo Feed for work animals, hogs, steers, cows and poultry—all fully guaranteed—all put up in the five-point GRISTO Bag.

Scott County Milling Co.
Oran Sikeston Dexter

AUTHORITIES ON GOOD ROADS LAWS OPPOSE PROPOSITION NO. 3

For the reasons given below, and others, we are opposed to the adoption of Proposition No. 3:

To vote 75 million dollars of road bonds, considering the position of the State Road construction as of 1930, and the road fund finances, is unnecessary.

To pay 70 millions of interest out of 397 millions surplus funds from 2-cent gas tax and license fees for advancing the road work for an average of two years, would be wasteful and foolish but NOT disastrous.

To write into the Constitution all road law, good, bad, and obsolete, would be disastrous. No part of the road law is now in the Constitution.

To divide surplus funds between the counties on the basis of area and population, disregarding COST, is unfair to the counties, will unbalance the road system, is unjust to those who pay the taxes, and is both dishonest and disastrous.

To exempt special interests from increased taxation for ten years, is unthinkable.

To write ten provisions covering mileage of additional roads, etc., into the Constitution, would be an irreparable mistake.

If the road bond Amendment is adopted, it fastens on the State a commission that will not be responsible either to the people or the Governor.

The remedy: Vote NO on Constitutional Amendment No. 3. The next Legislature can, and doubtless will, amend the present road law allowing funds to be used where needed, and all the primary and secondary roads can be all-weather roads by 1930, and aid extended to the counties for real farm-to-market roads in 1929, without increasing gas tax.

About 12 millions of dollars were or will be paid out for new roads in 1928, on the present pay-as-we-go plan. There are nearly 6 millions cash in the road fund as of October 1, 1928, and much of this will be on hand at the end of the year, not under contract, either for the reason that the obsolete law will not permit the Highway Commission to let the money, or the Highway Department is unable to spend more than 12 millions a year, or the funds have been withheld for bond campaign purposes. The proponents may explain for which of these reasons this money is not spent in 1928.

D. L. BALES
Eminence, Shannon County; Minority Floor Leader of House of Representatives; Member Roads and Highways Committee.

W. R. PAINTER
Carrollton, Carroll County; Caucus Chairman Senate; Member Highways Committee; author Painter Road Law.

J. G. MORGAN
Unionville, Putnam County; State Senator; co-author Morgan-McCullough Road Law.

WM. E. FREELAND
Forsyth, Taney County; State Representative; Member Statute Revision Commission.

WILLIAM JOB
Maryville, Nodaway County; State Representative; former Member Roads and Highways Committee.

EX-SENATOR HOWARD GRAY
Carthage, Jasper County; Co-author Morgan-McCullough and Centennial Road Laws.

B. H. PIEPMEIER
Kansas City, Jackson County; Chief Engineer State Highway Department June, 1922, to February 1927.

S. S. CONNETT
Faucett, Buchanan County; Vice-Chairman State Highway Commission 1921 to 1925, inclusive.

THAD SNOW
Charleston, Mississippi County; Pres. Southeast Missouri Hay Growers Association.

THEODORE GARY
Macon, Missouri; Chairman State Highway Commission 1922 to 1926, inclusive.

For full details of the opposition of the men mentioned above, address any one of them, or THEODORE GARY, Room 831, 324 East 11th St., Kansas City, Mo.

(This advertisement is paid for by Theodore Gary)

LOCAL NEWS FROM BLODGETT VICINITY

Mrs. Harry Stubbs will entertain the Woman's Club Thursday.

Mrs. B. F. Marshall has been quite sick with influenza, but is out again now.

Mrs. Jane Peal has returned from a three weeks' visit with Rev. Johnson and family at Festus.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Marshall had friends from Cairo to visit them Sunday.

Raymond Lee Marshall, Jr., was taken to Cape Girardeau last week to consult a specialist about his ears. He has had a severe case of tonsilitis.

Rev. Doss will preach Sunday at Blodgett. He comes back to us for the third year and will move to Blodgett. In the past he has lived at Bertrand.

Mrs. J. T. Huey and son, O. F. Anderson visited relatives at Cape Girardeau Thursday of last week.

Mrs. Maggie Dickerson has gone to St. Louis to spend the winter with her daughter.

Mrs. W. H. Bean, Misses Mary Davis and Lorene Hamby shopped in Sikeston Saturday.

A large crowd from here heard Mr. Hay at Sikeston last Thursday.

Mrs. Radcliff, W. C. T. U. worker from Kirkwood, was in our midst last Thursday.

Mesdames Pearman, Mackley and Moss were Sikeston shoppers last Wednesday.

Dr. Ogilvie was in Cape Girardeau last Friday to see O. L. Spencer of Benton, who is at the Southeast Missouri hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kimes of St. Louis were here Monday and Tuesday of last week. Mr. Kimes is a great hunter and came down to see if the ducks were in.

Clemen Koerber and Miss Verna Nistendirk were in Cape Girardeau last week-end. Miss Nistendirk is taking some work at the college.

The play given by the Missionary Society went over big Monday night. On Tuesday night the same play was given at Vanduser.

Mrs. L. Powell has returned from a two months' visit at Evansville, Ind., with her daughter.

Stephen Peal, who is teaching at Commerce, spent the week-end at home.

B. O. Peterson and friends of Poplar Bluff were visitors here Sunday.

The Co-Workers will meet with Mrs. Hal Galeener October 27. All members are urged to attend.

Mr. and Mrs. 'Ichy" Brown of Hickman, Ky., spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Malone.

UNITED CIGAR STORES



A

Good Pipe Tobacco

A man who smokes a pipe is usually mighty particular about his tobacco and his pipe. It is the particular pipe smokers that we invite to try Old Briar tobacco in a Drinkless Kaywoodie pipe. It is a combination that offers a real smoke pleasure.



CANDY

—in Halloween Boxes

One of the first items to consider when planning your Halloween party is candy. We have plenty in daintly decorated Halloween boxes.

Dudley's Confectionery

A Real Treat At The

Malone Theatre

SIKESTON, MO.

Two Days, Friday and Sat. Oct. 26-27

Big Added Attraction—Daredevil of the Movies

Walt Coffman

IN PERSON

IN A COMEDY ACROBATIC AND HIGH BALANCING ACT

Mr. Coffman was principal clown for several years with Barnum & Bailey Circus. Also "Stunt Man" in the movies for five years, having doubled on many occasions for Helen Holmes, Pearl White, Helen Gibson, Ruth Roland, Tom Mix, Hoot Gibson, Eddie Polo and others. This is your opportunity to see him in person as he is returning to the movies in Hollywood, in his funny and daring antics. He promises you a laugh, a thrill and scream from start to finish.

Don't Fail to See This Famous Clown. A Guaranteed Attraction

Also America's Greatest Child Acrobat

LITTLE BILLIE STEPHENS

THE WONDER CHILD—SHE WILL ASTONISH YOU

Special Music by Barbara Coffman at the Piano

PRICES FOR THIS BIG AND UNUSUAL ATTRACTION ONLY

FRIDAY—On the Screen

Buster Keaton in "Camera Man," Comedy and Review

Admission: Matinee 10c and 25c. Night, 20c and 40c

SATURDAY

"One Glorious Scrap", "Yellow Cameo", "Fables"

Admission: Matinee, 10c and 25c. Night, 15c and 30c

This Added Attraction Will Be Shown On Matinees As Well As Night

DRAINAGE DISTRICT MEETS ALL DEBTS

An open letter from C. A. Vandivort of Cape Girardeau, advisse that all October 1st maturing bonds of the Little River Drainage District, amounting to $343,000; and also, that all interest falling due on that day, amounting to $240,227.50 and all current obligations had been paid.

Mr. Vandivort comments as follows on this achievement:

"This is an outstanding accomplishment, taking into consideration the distressed condition in Southeast Missouri resulting from rain and floods during the past two years. The Board of Supervisors in meeting these payments has greatly strengthened the credit of the Little River Drainage District, and all Southeast Missouri.

"There never was a more critical time for Southeast Missouri. Word of failure and distress has gone everywhere. To re-establish confidence we must let nothing interfere with promptly meeting our obligations. Borrowed capital has been so necessary in the development of Southeast Missouri and for many years will continue to be. Therefore, let us recognize the importance of keeping the supply open by paying taxes promptly and in this way enabling all drainage districts, road districts, school districts, and other bonded units to keep good their credit for present and future needs".

HOME OWNERS ATTENTION

Fall weather has arrived and with it comes rains, wind, snow and sleet. Do not wait and have your furnishings damaged. Measure all windows which need

Glass

and have it put in at once. We are in the glass business as a main line, not as a side line and our profit is made on the volume we sell, not on one piece occasionally.

Housewives who are considering papering a room or the whole house, we ask that you give our stock and prices your consideration.

Phone 192
YOUNG'S PLACE

Very often the person who boasts of having no religious prejudice has no religion either.—Mesa Journal-Tribune.

WHAT G. O. P. LEADERS THINK OF GOV. SMITH

Would it not be possible for a person to form a more intelligent estimate of the man Smith by considering the facts enumerated below, rather than following the ravings of an intolerant nit-wit.

Both Elihu Root and Charles Evans Hughes, high in the councils of the Republican party, have spoken in highest terms of Governor Smith's integrity, leadership, and capacity.

After having observed Smith as governor for two terms, 1,000,000 Republicans scratched Theodore Roosevelt, the Republican nominee and voted for him for a third term in 1924. And they liked him so well that they voted for him again in 1926.

The New York Sun and the New York Telegram, both staunch Republican sheets, recently said in advocating the election of Franklin D. Roosevelt for governor, the Democratic nominee, said, "We deem it to be to the best interests of the State of New York that Governor Smith's progressive policies be continued, therefore, we favor Franklin D. Roosevelt for governor.—Contributed.

After reading the predictions of both parties' campaign managers, we are forced to the conclusion that not less than forty-eight States are very doubtful.—Southern Lumberman.

College boys are believed to be strongly in favor of the air mail, having found out this year that it enables them to get money from home just twenty-four hours quicker.—New York Evening Post.

Another evolution in the plant kingdom, as Mr. Gene Tunney takes to British art galleries and philosophical bouts with George Bernard Shaw—the climinbg cauliflower.—Vancouver Daily Province.



DR. LONG
Eye Specialist
Office in McCoy-Tanner Bldg.

DON'T RIDE OUR "IRON HORSES" TO DEATH

Nineteen-twenty-seven was an epochal year in American railroad history. The condition of freight cars and locomotives was the best ever recorded, and the average load and speed per train and freight car was the highest yet reached.

As freight and passenger carriers the railroads are irreplaceable, their future progress and maintenance of efficiency must be insured. To have good railroad service they must have new capital.

When a gigantic industry like our railroads can make over a period of several years an average annual profit of but four and a half per cent on total investment, there is something wrong. And investigation has shown that it is not the railroads and their managements that are at fault; they have been remarkably economical and efficient.

The trouble lies largely with taxes that take more than the lines pay in dividends, and in injurious and impractical legislation.

There is nothing to be gained by riding our iron horse to death. But everything is to be gained by giving it a chance to "fatten up".—Missouri Pacific Agricultural Bulletin.

To the above article one might add that the railroads are now fighting hard to remain in business at all against the new competition inaugurated by busses and trucks, which are made possible through new highway systems. Railroads represent indispensable investments in any progressive community, the importance of which will only be felt by their absence. It seems just, therefore, to legislate for equitable truck and buss rates; licensed and certified drivers; dependable schedules both of time and hauling rates, and inspection of equipment and drivers.

NOTICE WAS TOO LATE

An official of the board of health notified a citizen that his license to keep a cow had expired. He got this reply:

Monsieur Bord of Helt—I just got your notis that my licens to keep my cow has expire. I wish to inform you, M'sieur Bord of Helt, that my cow, she beat you to it—she expire t'ree weeks ago. Much oblige. Yours with respeck, Pete.

PANA BAPTISTS MINISTER TAKES STUMP FOR SMITH

Pana, Ill., October 20.—Charging that the Republicans issued the cry of "Catholic" against Gov. Al Smith and injected the intolerance issue into the present presidential campaign, Rev. Thomas J. Phillips of Pana, widely-known Baptsit minister, has taken the stump in Central Illinois for Smith. Rev. Phillips has held a number of important Baptist pastorates in Missouri and Illinois. He is a graduate of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary of Louisville, Ky., and now in his sixty-second year.

The minister said today in discussion of the wet and dry problem and the farm relief issue that Smith was the man best fitted at this time to handle this important problem. He declared that Gov. Smith had always been found to be a man of his word, able, progressive, fair to all classes, and honest. He declared Smith, if elected, would live up to the Constitution.

FOR RENT—200 acres good farm land near Sikeston. Good improvements.—Louise M. Lewis, Route 3, box 141, Sikeston, Mo. pd.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Weeks and family of New Madrid were dinner guests of Mrs. Weeks' sister, Mrs. C. Carroll.

THE BOOZE INCIDENT

Of course former Secretary Hoover did not dance with Mary Booze, colored Republican committeewoman from Mississippi, when the former passed through the negro town of Mound Bayou during the flood crisis of 1927. It hardly needed a denial. But Mr. Hoover has not been the object of misstatements like Governor Smith has, so his secretary deemed it necessary to make a formal repudiation of the charge. And this repudiation seems to be another Repbulican faux pas.

In the north and east the fact that Mr. Hoover should deem it necessary to deny any contact with the colored race is causing indignation among the members of that race. They are viewing the statement of Hoover's secretary as a direct discourtesy, if not an affront. And they are threatening to vote against Mr. Hoover on the strength of it.

But the colored folks should not be alarmed. Mr. Hoover was not discourteous. When his train stopped at Mound Bayou and Mary Booze was presented to him as the Republican committeewoman, he merely doffed his hat and said: "I am glad to meet you, Mrs. Booze". Surely that was not discourtesy. So let the whispering campaign drop.—Commercial Appeal.



Gifts for Halloween

Gifts for favors rewarding players in games featuring your Halloween party as well as suitable items for personal rememberances at this season of the year await your choice here.



The Charm of a Beautiful Skin

The charm of a beautiful skin can be yours so easily. We have many practical, easy to use skin treatments that followed as directed, will make your skin soft and beautiful. Ask us about them.



Boys Enjoy Keeping Clean

Boys enjoy keeping clean if they are provided the right sort of soaps and a good, big bath tub that is next thing to swimming. Our soap removes the dirt quickly.

Phone 274

White's Drug Store

"The Best is None Too Good"

PRINTING ALL KINDS

SIKESTON STANDARD

TWICE-A-WEEK

FRIDAY MORNING

VOLUME 17 | SIKESTON, SCOTT COUNTY, MISSOURI | FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 26, 1928 | NUMBER 9

LEGION RECEIVES FLAG POLE WED

Due to the courtesy of W. W. Hinchey and Robert Thomas, both of Salcedo, the Legion received a 66-foot cypress pole to be erected in the center of Legion Square.

The pole was cut in the woods northwest of Salcedo and was floated down Little River to the highway, and from that point it was hauled to the area directly across from the W. W. Hinchey store and allowed to season.

Wednesday the pole was hauled to the Square and at once the work of scraping the pole was started.

The pole will be set eight feet deep in the ground, and with the large copper ball at the top, will be 60 feet high.

Legionnaires will give the butt of the pole a heavy coating of cresote and the remainder will receive two coats of white paint. The ten-inch copper ball at the top will be coated bronze paint just before the pole is erected.

A large wool National Color has been secured, and the Boy Scouts will daily raise and lower Old Glory. The date of the flag raising has not been set, but will be announced soon.

Plans for the dedication of Legion Square on Sunday, November 11, are going ahead and at that time many visitors from nearby Legion Posts are expected.

Armistice Day is a day of rejoicing for the nations composing the Allies in the World War, and for the Legionnaires of Henry Meldrum Post, it will be a day of rejoicing because at that time they will present to the community a concrete example of service.

The gift of the pole by Messrs. Hinchey and Thomas is greatly appreciated by this community and will remain as a monument to these gentlemen.

FORMER SIKESTON WOMAN MARRIED IN ST. LOUIS

Mrs. Harry W. Geiger of St. Louis wishes to announce the wedding of Mrs. Olivia Black, formerly of Sikeston, and Mr. D. A. Orsburn of Heber Springs, Ark., the ceremony being solemnized on the stage of the local theatre at Lake City, Ark., before an assemblage of some thirteen hundred people at 10 p. m., Saturday, October 20.

The stage was elaborately decorated with cut flowers and plants especially for the occasion, and the orchestra played Mendelsohn's Wedding March. After the ceremony, the happy couple were given a great ovation and were the recipients of many useful and beautiful gifts. They left on an extended wedding tour, after which they will be at home on their farm locatde near Heber Springs, Ark., where Mr. Orsburn has been prominent and esteemed in the civic and business life of the community for many years.

Mrs. Black, better known to her legion of friends as "Mother Black", conducted a restaurant in Frisco Addition for several years in this city, where her reputation for her splendid cooking and meals won fo r her a reputation. Prior to her entering the restaurant business she was practical nurse assisting in many cases in this and other communities.

Their many friends wish the newlyweds a very happy, prosperous and long wedded life.

LUTHERAN SMITH-FOR-PRES. LEAGUE ACTIVE IN MO.

Hundreds of liberal and progressvie Lutherans from all over Missouri who do not believe in religious intolerance, are members of the German-American Smith-for-President League, and are active members, said L. F. Padberg, Secretary, in an open letter disputing the assertion of Rev. W. Keisker, pastor of the Trinity Lutheran Church of Flat River, who maintains that "An overwhelming majority of the aforementioned church will oppose Smith".

The league has an active membership in excess of 70,000 with 70 per cent of this total composed of men and women, who formerly voted for Coolidge in 1924, and Harding in 1920.

The editor is extremely sorry that the running of the big press Wednesday night put a number of radios out of commission and prevented the enjoyment of Gov. Smith's Boston speech. An effort is being made to catch up on work and get the paper out on time which forces a night shift.

SUPREME PENNSYLVANIA QUALITY

PENNZOIL

SAFE LUBRICATION

Most motorists make no tests of the lubricant which they use. They simply ask for "a quart of oil." This is the most pernicious practice—the most extravagant habit of the motoring public—which is running into millions of dollars in unnecessary repair bills and wasted power, and sending thousands of automobiles to the used car dealers or scrap heap before their proper time.

Remember, Pennzoil has:

1. Highest flash point and highest fire point. It resists heat where oils of lesser quality burn up.
2. Greatest ability to retain viscosity—body—under heat. It does not "break down"—become thin at high temperatures. You need change your oil only half as often as ordinary oils.
3. Less carbon and sulphur. Carbon fouls metal. Sulphur eats metal.

Consequently Pennzoil gives the essential protection of thorongh lubrication which means lower up-keep, more satisfactory service, and longer life for the motor.

Justrite Oil Co.

8 HURT IN SCOFFIELD BUS WRECK

Eight passengers on the Cadillac Scoffield bus out of Sikeston at 6 p. m. Wednesday, were injured when the bus crashed into a loaded truck on Highway 60 between Morehouse and Wahite. The bus driver, Murray Grace, said the truck carried no lights and had been stopped partly on the pavement. He did not see the truck, he said, when he tried to cut around several other cars on the highway.

The injured were brought to the Emergency Hospital, and given treatment. They are: Idiline Short, of Broughton, Ill., cut on left knee, face lacerations and fractured jaw; Mrs. R. G. Johnston, severe face lacerations, her husband sustained slight cuts. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson are from Reyno, Ark. John, Grace, Dorothy and Carrie Booten of Alton, Ill., received minor injuries. W. J. Murphy of Puxico, was only slightly hurt. R. H. Yount, driver of the truck was unhurt.

KELZIE CLOAR HELD ON CHARGE OF ROBBING BANK FOLLOWING TRIAL TUES.

Kelzie Cloar, former Poplar Bluff man, was bound over for trial in circuit court on charges of having held up and robbed the Butler County Bank on May 24, 1928, following a preliminary hearing before Justice of the Peace George Babcock this afternoon. His wife, who was to have been his accomplice in the crime, was discharged, there being no evidence to hold her. Cloar's bond was fixed at $1000.

Mrs. Turner, who was in the bank at the time of the holdup, failed to identify Cloar, declaring that he had a handkerchief over his face at the time of the robbery which concealed his features from the eyes down. However, Mrs. Pearl Wolf, proprietor of the Treminal hotel here, testified that she was passing the bank as the robber backed out and that she would pick Cloar from among a hundred men of similar appearance as the man who held up the institution. She saw him emerge from the bank with a gun in one hand and in the act of removing the handkerchief from his face. She stated that she passed within four feet of him and that he was tucking something under his arm as he turned around, but still had hold of the gun. It was largely on her testimony that Cloar was held.

A Mrs. Butler, proprietor of a local rooming house, swore that Cloar and his wife came to her house the day after the holdup and registered, and stayed there about three weeks. She said that Cloar kept pretty close to the house.

The Bulter County Bank was held up and robbed by a lone bandit during the noon hour on May 25, and during the Southeast Missouri Drummers' Convention here, when the streets were crowded. Cloar was arrested after a search through several States.

While identification of Cloar was not positive, Justice of the Peace Babcock held that there was sufficient evidence to hold him.

Cloar was committed to jail in defaul of bond.

O. A. Tedrick acted as special prosecutor.

MRS. E. N. BLAIR TO SPEAK HERE TUES. NITE: ANNOUNCE OTHER MEETINGS IN COUNTY

The Chairman of the Scott County Democratic Central Committee H. C. Blanton, presents the following speakers and meeting places in this County up to November 1:

Senator Wammack at Ancell, Thursday night, October 25; Senator X. P. Wilfley at Benton, Friday afternoon, October 26, at 2:00 o'clock. Senator Wammack at Perkins, Friday night, October 26; Dr. Emmett Kane and Senator Wammack at New Hamburg, Saturday afternoon, October 27. Senator Wammack at Commerce, Saturday night, October 27. Mrs. Emily Newell Blair at Oran Tuesday, October 30, at 10:00 a. m. Mrs. Emily Newell Blair at Chaffee, Tuesday, October 30, 2:30 p. m., Mrs. Emily Newell Blair at Sikeston, Tuesday night, October 30, 8:00. Hon. R. L. Ward at Blodgett, Tuesday night, October 30, at Morley, Wednesday October 31, at 2 p. m., at Oran, Wednesday afternoon, October 31 at 3:30, and Vanduser, Wednesday evening at 7:30 p. m.

Candidates and H. C. Blanton will be at Kelso Thursday night, November 1.

SIKESTON STANDARD

C. L. BLANTON, EDITOR

ISSUED TUESDAY AND FRIDAY AT SIKESTON, MISSOURI

Entered at the Postoffice at Sikeston, Scott County, Missouri, as second-class mail matter, according to act of Congress.

Rates:
Display advertising. per single column inch, net 25c
Reading notices, per line 10c
Bank statements $10.00
Probate notices. minimum ....$ 5.00
Yearly subscription in Scott and the adjoining counties $1.50
Yearly subscription elsewhere in the United States $2.00



Alfred E. Smith

DEMORATIC TICKET

For President
Al Smith
For Vice President
Joe Robinson
For U. S. Senator
Charles M. Hay
For Governor
Francis M. Wilson
For Lieutenant Governor
Frank H. Harris
For Secretary of State
Dwight H. Brown
For State Auditor
Forrest Smith
For State Treasurer
Richard R. Nacy
For Attorney General
Elmer O. Jones
For Judge Supreme Court
Geo. R. Ellison
For Judge Springfield Court of Appeals
John H. Bradley
For Congressman
James F. Fulbright
For State Senator
Ralph Wammack
For Representative
C. C. White
For Circuit Judge
Frank Kelly
For County Judge 1st Dist.
George Buchanan
For County Judge 2nd Dist.
Anton Legrand
For Prosecuting Attorney
M. E. Montgomery
For Sheriff
Tom Scott
For Assessor
J. D. O'Connor
For Treasurer
C. E. Felker
For Coroner
Geo. R. Dempster
For Public Administrator
J. Claude Wylie
For Surveyor
R. L. Harrison
For Constable
Brown Jewell

There is one thing dead certain. If Al Smith is elected President, Mary Booze will not be in the receiving line at the White House.

Well, it won't be long now. Here's to you Al, or Herb!

* * * *

We have no intention of tearing our shirt for any individual candidate. We are for the entire Democratic from Al Smith to Brown Jewell.

* * * *

A few years of "Wilson Depression" will be heartily welcomed by the farmers after seven years of "Harding-Coolidge Prosperity".

* * *

The footnote on the Republican circular letter is just about as square and honest as a lot of the stuff they have been putting out. They meant to deceive the public or the good brother who daddied the footnote would have told of the Catholic grandparents of Giles Dover instead of stressing the Methodist preachers in his family.

* * * *

The lesson for this week is entitled "How to whip a Mule", with daily lessons, and a grand final examination next Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock on the Bulldog gridiron. In the meantime, the assignments include such things as leaving candy bras, fountain drinks, peanuts and Lady Nicotine strictly alone, going to bed occasionally and learning lessons in harmony (not vocal). If there is a quitter on or near the team, this is the time to speak or forever hold his peace. Everyone knows Poplar Bluff has a good team and a winning team so far. The point right now is to build up and perfect a scoring and defensive machine out here that will score with or without the "breaks" of the game, and one that can stop the battering ram from the Bluff. We've got the material and the stuff. That was demonstrated to the satisfaction of everyone last Friday against Caruthersville. With some of the injuries patched up and the old fight back, they can't stop you. Go on, beat the Mules and pass that "final exam" Friday.

* * * *

A circular letter is being put out by the Republican County Committee and sent to most of the women voters of Sikeston with the expectation of changing Democratic votes to Mr. Hoover. The circular is a copy of a letter written by Giles Dover, a former Sikeston boy, who went East and fell into bad Republican company, to The Herald, telling of the terrible bad Tammany. The circular will not even change the votes of the Dover family in Sikeston, therefore, might be classed as a dud. No fault is found by anyone for Giles' turning Republican, for he has a perfect right to his opinion, but considerable fault is found in the footnote by the Republican Committee, who plainly seeks to hold up to Methodists that the father-in-law and grandfather of Dover were Methodists preachers. This is rather on the order of the whispering campaign engaged in by Republicans. A member of the Dover family deemed it necessary to inform The Standard Editor that Giles Dover voted for Coolidge four years ago, much to the disgust of his family here, and therefore, he is not to be termed a "turncoat" in the present election. Furthermore, the editor is informed by this same member of the family, that Giles' relatives on his father's side were Catholics. This circular letter is just another indication of the fact that half-truths usually result in flarebacks.

* * * *

The throat specialist are said to be strongly in favor of political campaigns.—Shoe and Leather Reporter.

The Literary Digest is putting out another tremendous straw-ballot campaign. Evidently we are going to have another predigested election.—Clay County (Fla.) Times.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MR. SUNDAY

Good morning, Mr. Sunday. I hope you are well. Memphis has always been glad to welcome you as an evangelist and her people have given ample proof of their appreciation of you in this capacity. You are coming here now in another role, if newspaper publications are correct. The purpose as stated is to make a political address, in which you will advise our people to vote against Governor Smith, the Democratic nominee for president, and in favor of Mr. Hoover, the Republican candidate. If this is true, many of your friends and admirers will regret it and these constitute the great majority of the people of this city. To speak plainly, these will not relish any advice from you as to how they should cast their votes, much as they think of the sincerity and soundness of your views on religion.

It is supposed that you are a Republican in politics and the prevailing sentiment in this community is Democratic, and it will so register in November.

It may not be amiss to remind you that every one of the nine judges of this city are supporters of Governor Smith in this election, as is the mayor of the city, and every one of the county and city officials. Among the Democratic lawyers of the city, the opposition to Governor Smith is almost negligible.

Some of our ministers, it is true, are opposed to Governor Smith, and others among the men and women who have formerly been identified with the Democratic party. These in the aggregate are not very numerous. They constitute a rather small minority of the whole. All of the eight Democratic congressmen from Tennessee are actively supporting Gov. Smith and so are the two senators from this State.

What is true of Tennessee is true of the congressional representation in every one of the other southern States, Kentucky, Virginia, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi Louisiana, Texas and Arkansas.

The only exceptions in the solid support of these southern States are in North Carolina and Alabama, where one senator from each of the States is against the Democratic nominee, while the other senators and all the representatives are supporting him.

It may be interesting also for you to know, if you do not already have the information, that the great majority of these southern members of Congress, if not all of them, are pronounced prohibitionists and many of them have not only advocated it, but have done all in their power by their votes and influence in the national law making body and elsewhere to maintain and strengthen the laws.

Had it not been for the practically united support of the south, when Mr. Hoover was a resident of England and took no part whatever in the contest, the resolution to submit the Eighteenth Amendment to the States for their ratification or rejection could not have been passed.

It will not do to assume that men like Senator Carter Glass of Virginia, Senator Shepherd of Texas, ex-Secretary Daniel of North Carolina and hundreds of others, including the writer, have lost interest in prohibition or that we approve Governor Smith's position on the question.

These conspicuous southern Democrats and prohibitionists are like thousands of others who are supporting Governor Smith because he is the nominee of his party, and for the further reason they think he is a man of exceptional capacity and one of the utmost personal and political integrity. They realize that he cannot change the prohibition laws and that prohibition itself is not a political question and should not be.

They know he has given his solemn pledge to do all in his power to enforce the laws as they are written and believe in the sincerity of this pledge.

They know also that there is nothing in the Democratic platform that pledges or binds any member of the party to believe in the wisdom of prohibition, just as there is nothing of the sort in the Republican platform. They do not think it is necessary to turn Republican to prove they are prohibitionists, because they can find nothing in the past record of Mr. Hoover to show that he favors prohibition more than Governor Smith, and certainly nothing in the spectacle presented in Washington, where under Republican rule and with the national enforcement laws in the hands of an ex-distiller, the prohibition laws have been so fearfully abused and mal-administered.

They do not think that Governor Smith could do worse, but they do think he would do a great deal better. Governor Smith has in no way repudiated the Democratic platform. On the contrary, he stands squarely upon it. Everyone knows that he personally favored a modification of the prohibition law before he was nominated at Houston and his telegram stated nothing new or different. It is a gross injustice and not the truth to say that Governor Smith has repudiated the platform and given thereby an excuse for Democrats to vote against him.

We hope you will not fall into this error if you make the speech which reports inform us you will deliver against Governor Smith. Such a speech will be construed and actually would be against the Demcoratic party, for we think no one can support Republican candidates and remain Democrats. The Democraitc party, Mr. Sunday, means a great deal to the southern people from both practical and sentimental standpoints. We think it saved our civilization at a time when it was threatened by Republican passion just after the war between the States. You have traveled much in the south and should know this from your own observation. We do not now believe that the Republican party would hesitate for its own political advantage to establish the rule of the black man over the white in the south wherever the former was in a majority.

The evidence of this may be found in the two force bills, both of which had it not been with the help of the Democrats of the north, would have been fastened upon the south. These measures would have put our election under federal control by taking away the authority of the States and this would have been revolutionary in our government.

After all these years, I call your attnetion to a plnak of the Republican platform adopted in 1928 at Kansas City on which Mr. Hoover, as the accredited nominee of his party, stands.

It follows: "We renew our recommendation that the Congress enact at the earliest possible date a federal anti-lynching bill, so that the full influence of the federal government may be used to exterminate this hideous crime".

I am as much opposed to lynching as any Republican can possibly be, and have given proof to my horror of the crime. So are thousands of southern Democrats. The prevailing sentiment in the south opposes lynching and this sentiment is constantly growing. It hsa had its effect and the crime is decreasing.

It constitutes a reflection upon the southern people to advocate a federal lynching bill. It only means that the laws here in the south will not be enforced. It means, though, much more. A federal lynching law would set aside all the authority and statutes of the states against the offense and substitute national authority.

This would be a plain violation of the rights of the States, constitute another revolutionary process, and bring on confusion. Not only that, but it would bring the whole race question back into politics when the relations between the whites and blacks are becoming better understood and reconciled.

Read what Mr. Dyer, one of the Republican representatives in Congress, says in a published interview on prohibition, and who is the author of an anti-lynching bill introduced in a former Congress and which was defeated.

After stating that he was opposed to the Eighteenth Amendment and would vote to repeal it, he proceeds as follows:

"On November 6 that great engineer-politician, Hoover, with the votes of the prohibitionists and those swayed because of the religious question in the south will drive such a thick wedge through the heart of the 'solid south' and their 'white supremacy' slogan that it will blow up their whole unconstitutional program. After the solid south has been blown to pieces by Engineer Hoover, our next president, that will be the finish of the nullificationists of the south who have for 60 years violated and prevented the enforcement of the Fourteenth amendments. Then Congress will enact enforcement laws that will give millions of negroes their constitutional rights as citizens and place them on an equality with all other races".

This all means that the race question is back in politics and the Republican party has put it there.

Now, Mr. Sunday, there will be no one to answer you when you speak at the auditorium tonight. You will have no one to answer you when you speak at the auditorium tonight. You will have no one present to challenge anything you may say. What I have written here, though necessarily brief, reflects, as I think, the best sentiment of the south.

I hope it will be called to your attention before making your address. —Gov. Patterson in Commercial Appeal.

POLITICAL ADV.

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President—
Herbert Hoover
For Vice-President—
Charles Curtis
For Senator—
Roscoe C. Patterson
For Governor—
Henry S. Caulfield
For Lieutenant Governor—
Edward H. Winter
For Secretary of State—
Charles U. Becker
For State Auditor—
L. D. Thompson
For State Treasurer—
Larry Brunk
For Attorney General—
Stratton Shartel
For Judge of Supreme Court—(Division No. 1)
William F. Frank
For Judge Springfield Court of Appeals—
Robert L. Smith
For Representative in Congress
Dewey J. Short
For State Senator—
George W. Kirk
For Judge of Circuit Court—
John A. Snider
For Representative in State Legislature—
George J. Arnold
For County Judge (1st Dist.)—
Frank Mount
For County Judge (2nd. Dist.)
Solomon Diebold
For Sheriff—
William O. Scott
For Assessor—
Floyd E. King
For County Treasurer —
E. A. Dye
For Coroner—
Dr. G. T. Dorris
For Surveyor—
Jas. A .Collier
For Prosecuting Attorney—
J. H. Hale

IT'S THE FARMERS FAULT?

It is often said that the present condition of the farmer is due to his own extravagance; that he spends all of his money on automobiles. Automobiles have been with us approximately twenty-five years.

Twenty-five years ago the privileged classes and beneficiaries of Republican Prosperity did not maintain fleets of Packards and Rolls-Royce. They do now.

Twenty-five years ago, they did not spend $273,000 for 13 polo ponies. They do now.

Twenty-five years ago, they did not maintain golf clubs with memberships costing $25,000. They do now.

Twenty-five years ago, they did not maintain a winter home in Florida, a villa in France, and a $100,000 apartment in New York. They do now.

Twenty-five years ago they did not spend $700,000,000 annually traveling around Europe. They do now.

Yea, verily. Second-hand Fords have surely ruined agriculture.

There would be little difficulty in picking out a candidate's gift cigar while blindfolded.—Florence (Ala.) Herald.

Writer says movie actors' lives include too many risks—and sometimes, as narrated, too many asterisks.—Wall Street Journal.

DEMOCRATIC SPEAKING

Bowman Building, Sikeston, Mo.
Tuesday Evening, October 30
7:30 O'CLOCK

Mrs. Emily Newell Blair

Former Vice-Chairwoman Democratic National Committee.

Mrs. Blair will address the voters of this community and deliver an address of merit.

Scott County Democratic Central Committee

REPUBLICAN MEETING

In Bowman Building
FIRST DOOR EAST OF POST OFFICE
SIKESTON
Friday Night, October 26th
—7:30 o'clock—

Speakers—

Frank M. Reid

of Illinois, Chairman of Flood Control Committee in National House of Representatives, and

Dewey Short

Republican Candidate for Congress in 14th District

Dennit S. Donahue Famous Chicago Cartoonist
Will Give a Chalk and Will Draw Many Campaigh Cartoons

Everybody Invited Ladies Especially Urged to Attend

VOTERS! Don't be misled on the issues of the present campaign. You owe it to yourself to hear these speakers on subjects of vital interest to you.

—SCOTT COUNTY REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE



With Expert Care

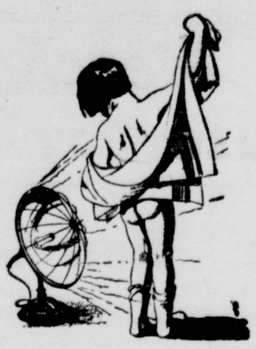
The repairing of footwear. left in our shop. is handled with expert care. Quality materials and special machinery enables us to make your shoes look like new.

Heuer's Sample Shoe Store
McCoy-Tanner Building Sikeston

Electricity Is Cheap In Sikeston

To warm those chilly corners you will find an

Electric Heater



reasonably priced from—

$4.95

u p, indispensible on tbese first cold days. Comforting heat immediately where you want it—when you want it, as these portable heaters may be carried from room to room.

Phone 28

Missouri Utilities Co.

SOCIALISM ARGUMENT OF POWER TRUST SMITH REPLIES

Boston, October 24.—The charge that Herbert Hoover was using words to "conceal rather than convey" a meaning was made tonight by Gov. Alfred E. Smith, who ripped into utterances made by the Republican presidential nominee in New York City on water power, farm relief, prosperity and prohibition.

Opening his final drive for the presidency in this city where Hoover spoke nine days ago, the Democratic candidate declared in a speech specially prepared for the occasion that the expression of 'State Socialism" was the "stock argument of the power trust", which had been against him in his gubernatorial fights in New York State.

"The cry of Socialism has been patented by powerful interests", he said, "that desire to put the damper on progressive legislation".

The Governor argued that on the question of water power the problem simmered down to this:

"Either the people are to retain these water power sites under public ownership and public control, or they are to lease them to private companies for private profit".

The nominee then said he was "not simple-minded on this subject", and dcelared that he had known "all along exactly where the Republican candidate stood".

"What I have been trying to do is to drag him into the open", he continued. "From August 11 to October 22, Mr. Hoover succeeded in using words to hide his meaning, but on last Monday night the cat got out of the bag, and, at Madison Square Garden in New York City, he told the progressive members of his own party, as well as the Democrats of the country, that their proposals would 'cause us to turn to State Socialism'.

"If what he says in his Madison Square Garden speech is true, then all the members of Congress, Republicans and Democrats, who voted for the Muscle Shoals bill—vetoed by President Coolidge—are Socialists.

"I can almost picture the Republican candidate saying to Chairman Machold: 'What argument did you use against Smith's water power proposal in New York?'

"And Macholds' reply: 'Refer to it as State Socialism; that is best calculated to scare business men, large and small'. "

The Machold referred to by the nominee is the chairman of the Republican State Committee in New York, and the nominee added that he was "pretty sure, however, that Chairman Machold did not explain" that a number of distinguished New Yorkers were lined up "with what he pleased to call a socialistic doctrine".

The Governor then quoted Theodore Roosevelt as having said:

"Coal and oil barons cannot compare to water barons. Do not let them get a monopoly on what belongs to this state".

"Another distinguished Socialist—according to the Republican candidate and the Republican chairman—is former Gov. Hughes", the nominee went on. "As far back as 1907, twenty-one years ago, he first advocated the development of public waters in the State of New York under State ownership and State control.

"If Mr. Machold and Mr. Hoover are right, former Gov. Miller takes his place among the Socialists on the question of water power development.

"Owen D. Young, chairman of the Board of Directors of the General Electric Company, an advocate of State-owned and State-controlled power sites, must, according to the language of the Republican candidate, take his place in the rank of State Socialists.

"Taking the candidate's own word, why does he not, instead of hiding behind the catch phrase of 'State Sociaylism' come right out and say: 'I believe in leasing or selling or otherwise alienating the water power of this country in the interest of private power companies for the development by them for private profit and private gain, and I am opposed to government ownership, government control and government development?' "

The Governor said Hoover had touched upon water-power development in Tennessee without mentioning the words, "Muscle Shoals", and asked what the Republican candidate had in mind in using the words, "deadly, destructive doctrines".

"Did that mean public ownership and public control?" he asked. "If so, why not use words to convey the meaning? And what did he have in his mind when he tried to hide it?"

Gov. Smith also charged his opponent with quoting from a speech once made by Samuel Gompers against government ownership of railroads to bolster up his argument.

"There is a wide difference", the Democratic nominee added, "between a privately-owned railroad and a water-power site. Mr. Hoover failed to differentiate between the development of a natural resource and the operation of a privately built-up business".

The nominee again assailed Huber Work, now chairman of the Republican National Committee for renewing the Salt Creek oil lease to the Sinclair interests while serving as Secretary of the Interior. He declared that references to this lease "during the trial of one of the oil magnates, during the Senate investigation should have been sufficient to put Dr. Work on notice so that at least before renewing the option he would get an opinion from the Attorney General as to its validity".

He added that Work, however, had not done this and that the Attorney General had held the lease illegal.

The Governor said Hoover, besides referring to public water-power development by calling it "state socialism", had taken an identical course toward farm relief. He also declared that the Republican candidate had referred to his (Smith's) proposal for a change in prohibition by the same term.

On prosperity, the Governor declared his rival, in his Boston speech, "spoke of the prosperity of New England, but in his speech of acceptance he said that agriculture, coal and textile industries are still lagging behind.

"What are the facts?" the Governor asked. "In one manufacturing city alone in this state the number of wage earners in industry dropped from 33,300 in 1921 to 24,800 in 1927, a loss of work for 8500 men and women, particularly in the woolen and cotton mills. In that same period the amount of wages earned in a year had fallen from $36,904,884 to $28,961,874, or a loss in wages of $8,000,000 a year.

"These figures come from the Massachusetts Department of Labor and Industry.

"In his Boston speech, Mr. Hoover offered the textile workers of New England the consolation that they earned, on an average, 40 cents an hour and, for that reason, they were much better off than textile workers in other parts of the world.

"For a little over a fifty-three-hour week, 40 cents an hour would make the weekly wage of a full-time textile worker $21.36 a week. Even this small amount is not agreed to by the Bureau of Labor and Statistics in Washington, which only recently issued a statement declaring that a survey of the cotton textile industry showed that for a little over a fifty-three-hour week the worker received $17.30.

"I should like to have a picture of a $17.30 a week textlie worker riding out to dinner in his own automobile with his silk stockings on. In the face of the candidate's own statement, in the face of the Republican party's own declaration that agriculture is prostrate and that the buying power of one-third of the people of the nation has been paralyzed, the Republican candidate at Madison Square Garden on Monday night of this week declared the Democratic remedy for the economic ills of agriculture to be state socialism, without offering anything in the way of a remedy for their solution. "Unfounded statements of that kind go farther to build up the ranks of socialism in thiscountry than anything else".

On prohibition the Governor quoted Hoover as saying:

"Our country has deliberately undertaken a great social and economic experiment, noble in motive and far-reaching in purpose. It must be worked out constructively".

"What does that mean?" asked Smith. "What is the matter with the noble experiment that, after eight years of trial, it is necessary for the Republican candidate to say it must be worked out constructively. Is it working now? If not, what is the matter? And what is his remedy? Why not use words to convey the meaning and not hide it?

"Further in his speech he says: common sense compels us to realize that grave abuses have occurred'.

"What are they and what is the remedy for them?"

Again, the Governor said, Hoover declared "my plan for farm relief to be State Socialism". He said that as a result of this Senator Curtis of Kansas, Republican vice-presidential candidate, was a "fifty per cent Socialist", as he had originally voted for the McNary-Huagen farm bill and then voted to sustain President Coolidge's veto.

The nominee added that, further, Hoover, by so referring to his farm plan, had included Vice President Dawes and Frank O. Lowden, former Illinois Governor and a leader in the farm movement, as well as many members of the House and Senate in the "State Socialistic party".

"As far as all these problems are concerned", the Governor concluded, "I have certainly used words to convey my meaning and I have not attempted to conceal it, and it made no difference in what part of the country I was talking.

"To refer to the remedies for all these evils as State Socialism is not constructive statesmanship, it is not leadership, and leadership is what this country is hungry for today. It has not had it in the last eight years and it has little prospect of it in the four to come, in the event of Republican success".



Masks and Favors

For Halloween

Before you complete your plans for your Halloween party, drop in here and see the splendid array of masks and favors we haue at popular prices.

THE BIJOU

"Where Good Fellows Meet"



New Coats

Fur Trimmed

Mostly Shawl Collars and Fur Cuffs

Beautiful Materials

NEWEST SHADES

Reasonably priced at

$10.95

$14.95 $19.95

$24.95

The Peoples Store

Sikeston's Progressive Store

2d Door North Bank of Sikeston

WE GIVE EAGLE STAMPS

DIVISION TEN ROADS IN GOOD CONDITION—DANIELS

Highways in Division 10 are in good condition, according to the weekly road report prepared under the direction of P. H. Daniels, Division Engineer.

Weather has been cooler with a light rain on Monday. Route 61—Sikeston to intersection of Route 82, 26 miles. Gravel surface. Eight mile earth detour around construction, Sikeston to Matthews. Rough but passable. From Matthews to New Madrid, traffic is being carried over 18-foot concrete pavement.

NEGRO FINED $75 AND 6 MONTHS LAST TUESDAY

Willard Littleton, truck driver, arrested last Sunday, after his machine ran into a cow belonging to Fred Paul on Highway 60 east of town, was fined $75 costs and penalty and given 6 months in jail at a preliminary trial held before Judge Myers last Tuesday. The jail sentence against Littleton will be waived upon payment of the fine and good conduct.

TAX COLLECTOR HERE UNTIL FRIDAY AFTERNOON

Emil Steck, Collector for Scott County, has been at the City Hall Wednesday and Thursday and will finish his work in Sikeston Friday afternoon. Citizens are urged to meet the Collector, get statements and necesary figures for their own convenience.

BOARDMAN BOY IMPROVING

Charles Boardman, Jr., struck by an auto last Saturday evening, on the corner of Front and New Madrid Streets, is improving, according to word received at the hospital late Thursday. Young Boardman is suffering from a skull fracture and three fractured ribs.

Joe Matthews has not been very well for the past few days.

Mrs. Crider and son, David, of Louisiana, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Kevil.

C. E. Brenton and family and Harry Young went to St. Louis Wednesday to see Mrs. Young, who recently underwent a major operation and was discharged from the hospital on Thursday. She will be brought home in the near future.

We are now offering a New Pastry

Sunbeam Cakes

If you desire a really delicious cake try Sunbeam Cakes---they are said by those who have bought them to be the best offered in Sikeston.

We have a large supply of Freshly Baked Pies, Cakes, Rolls, doughnuts etc., always on hand.



When They Want A 'Tween Meal Snack

There is one thing you can give them that will be both wholesome and appetizing—bread and milk. Be sure that you use Butter-Krust bread because it contains a liberal portion of needed health and strength building food elements.

PHONE 62

Schorle Bros. Bakery

Your Baker For Twenty-Five Years

Mrs. W. P. Wilkerson will entertain with bridge Tuesday afternoon.

The Sikeston D. A. R. Chapter will be guests of Mrs. Scott Alexander at Charleston, Tuesday for luncheon.

Dr. and Mrs. E. J. Malone and Mr. and Mrs. Earl Malone returned Sunday form a delightful two weeks' visit to parts of Tennessee.

Mrs. L. A. Pharris and children, L. A., Jr. and Patricia Ann, of Vicksburg, Miss., are visiting Mr. Pharris' mother, Mrs. A. E. Shankle.

Sikes Hardware Company store on Front Street is being repainted and papered. The building presents a very neat and clean appearance.

George Rush of Colorado Springs, Colo., is visiting his daughter, Mrs. N. F. Moore, on the Leroy Moore farm, south of Sikeston.

Robert Thomas, Salcedo lumberman and farmer and W. W. Hinchey, merchant, are to be congratulated on their civic enterprise in furnishing the flag pole for the American Legion Square of this city. Other citizens nearer at hand, who wish to contribute money, shrubbery, or labor or urged to express their sentiment early so that work on the plot can go smoothly and in keeping with a definite plan.

"WINGS" a Paramount Picture

Dr. Handy Smith left Wednesday for a short stay in St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Davenport and Miss Myrtle Pool of Poplar Bluff were visitors to Sikeston this week.

Misses Masie and Genevieve McKeon of Mobile, Ala. and Mrs. G. B. Trigg of St. Louis visited in Sikeston as guests of Mrs. H. C. Blanton. Mrs. Trigg will return to St. Louis Saturday. The Misses McKeon returned to their home in Alabama on Thursday.

Follow the Crowd

When you get around to buy a tire, no matter whether price or quality is your first consideration, you can make a safe, certain selection by doing what the largest single group of car owners in the world does—buy a Goodyear.

More people ride on Goodyear tires than on any other kind.

Sensenbaugh's Super Service Station

TODAY, Friday Is My LAST DAY In SIKESTON

Call at the City Hall and Pay Your County and State Taxes Today

Emil Steck, Collector for Scott County

SIKESTON STANDARD

C. L. BLANTON, EDITOR

ISSUED TUESDAY AND FRIDAY AT SIKESTON, MISSOURI

Entered at the Postoffice at Sikeston, Scott County, Missouri, as second-class mail matter, according to act of Congress.

Rates:
Display advertising, per single column inch, net 25c
Reading notices, per line 10c
Bank statements $10.00
Probate notices, minimum ....$ 5.00
Yearly subscription in Scott and the adjoining counties $1.50
Yearly subscription elsewhere in the United States $2.00

The editor confesses that since the spell of sickness he is not only weak in the head, but mighty weak in the legs.

• • • •

Kind Providence removed one thorn the side of Gov. Smith when Wm. Jennings Bryan was called a few seasons ago.

• • • •

The editor of The Standard is reliably informed that the parties who "stole" our night officers recently were Democrats, for. said this gentleman, if they were Republicans the officer would not have had his money returned.

• • •

The Standard has no intention of printing rumors about tactics of local Republican workers without investigating first to find out if it be unfair. It is nonsense to listen to the bunk that goes around when common sense should tell that there is nothing to it.

• • • •

Complaint has reached The Standard office of the great number of small boys and youths who loaf around the picture show during and after the performance. It is believed that these boys had better be at home studying their lessons than loafing the streets. Parents should look after their children a bit closer.

• • •

Information was given to The Standard Thursday morning by box holders on rural routes, that the mail carriers were placnig in mail boxes Republican literature contrary to the postal laws. The editor called on Postmaster Tanner and was informed the information was true, but that stamps had been placed on every piece of the mail.

• • • •

Has anybody ever heard of the local W. C. T. U. and the preachers of Sikeston making an organized effort to see that the prohibition law was enforced in and around Sikeston? Why don't they come clean and say it is Al Smith's religion they oppose instead of his stand on prohibition. Or, why don't they act on joints that are said to exist about the city.

We are wondering if the editor of The Herald will print the fact that the grandparents of Giles Dover, on his father's side, were both Catholics, and that Giles Dover had voted for Coolidge four years ago. The Herald editor is familiar with the footnote of the circular letter put out in his office, that emphasized the Methodist preacher connections of Giles Dover, which said footnote was intended to prejudice the minds of the protestant voting public. If he is anything like the good christian brother that he pretends to be, he certainly would not knowingly hide the Catholic connections of Giles Dover.

• • • •

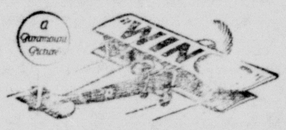
We doubt if there is a man or woman in the United States who wishes to have the licensed saloon back in the country. Though there is hardly a day passes but what we read of trouble at some saloon in the cities, and this under the prohibition laws. The W. C. T. U. is the aggregation that is holding up the open saloon as the bogy man to frighten the public. Gov. Smith has stated time and again that he opposed the saloon and if elected president would enforce the laws to the best of his ability. He is like many others, thinks it unenforceable without modification in certain respects.

• • •

Listen! Let us tell you a little story that shows just how much christianity some preachers have. Recently a preacher remarked in a Sikeston store that he had always voted the Democratic ticket, but this time would not vote for Smith. Asked the reason: He said "because he is a Catholic". The merchant rightfully told him he was not a christian. Wish the merchant would give us the name of the preacher who is built that way. All protestant churches are offsprings of the Catholic church and some of their forms of worship are not many jumps behind that of the Catholic. What an excuse for a preacher to give when all are after the same end.

• • •

Mary Boose indignantly denies having danced with Herbert Hoover in the following language:



LOCALS 1, SUNNY JIM'S CREW 0 THURS

In the words of 'Sunny Jim", Sikton has a good ball team. And that tells the story. The locals copped a run in the first inning and held the Big Show boys to two hits and no runs for the balance of the game. Wid Matthews flied out to Kock in centerfield in the first inning. Tuffy Crain connected with a hot one for a liner through third, and Dowdy got on by the only error of the game on Turlin, playing second for the All-Stars. Smetzer connected for a hit to right and scored Crain. Haman was out, Turlin to Bottomley and Ruffing threw out Bowman on an easy roller to pitch.

Only four pitched balls were necessary to retire the visitors in the first inning. McLaughlin flied out to Matthews, Kock popped up to Burrus and Bottomley was laid to rest also by Burrus on a high infield fly.

Lefty Fuhr allowed only two hits to the Bottomley-Ruffing aggregation, and those came in the seventh, and they advanced no further than second base at that. Ruffing collected five strikeouts to four for Lefty, but the locals drove through with five hits to two for the visitors, one by McLaughlin and one by C. Kock.

T. Crain and Smetzer hit in the first, Fuhr in the second and eighth, and Matthews lined one over second in the eighth.

The locals played air-tight ball, with every man on his toes throughout the game. The 'breaks" if any, were in favor of Sikeston in the first inning, whne Turlin fumbled a play which should have been an easy double. An attempted double steal by the visitors in the seventh fell thru. Kock at first attempted to go down and McLaughlin on second. tried third, when Bowman threw to Haman and he to Smetzer, who tagged McLaughlin at third base.

The score by innings:

	123	456	789	R	H	E
Sikeston	100	000	000	1	5	0
All-Stars	000	000	000	0	2	1

The box score:

Sikeston	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Matthews, rf	4	0	1	4	0	0
T. Crain, ss	4	1	1	2	0	0
Dowdy, cf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Smetzer, 3b	3	0	1	3	4	0
Haman, 1b	3	0	0	7	1	0
Bowman, c	3	0	0	6	1	0
B. Crain, lf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Burrus, 2b	3	0	0	2	0	0
Fuhr, p	3	0	2	0	1	0
Total	29	1	5	27	7	0

All-Stars	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
McLaughlin, ss	4	0	1	1	3	0
C. Koch, cf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Bottomley, 1b	3	0	0	13	1	0
Vangilder, rf	3	0	0	0	0	0
Tate, c	3	0	0	6	0	0
HHudson, lf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Turlin, 2b	3	0	0	1	3	1
Hinton, 3b	2	0	0	0	1	0
*Lattimer	1	0	0	0	0	0
Ruffing, p	3	0	0	1	4	0
Total	28	0	2	24	12	1

*Lattimer batted for Hinton in the ninth.

Batteries, for Sikeston, Fuhr and Bowman; for Visitors, Ruffing and Tate. Umpires: Plate, Jack Ryan, bases, Dutch Heisler. Time of game, 1 hour and 5 minutes.

Summary: Struck out by Ruffing 5, by Fuhr 4. Left on bases, Visitors, 1, Sikeston 5. Errors, one Turlin.

How It Happened

First Inning

McLaughlin flied out to Matthews. He hit the first ball pitched. C. Koch flied out to Burrus and Bottomley dropped another high one in Big Burrus' glove. No hits, no runs, no errors.

Sikeston—Matthews flied out to Koch. T. Crain single down third base line. Dowdy got on and advanced Crain to third on a grounder to Turlin who fumbled his chance for a double. Smetzer scored T. Crain on a hit to right. Haman was out, Turlin to Bottomley. Bowman grounded out Ruffing to Bottomley.

Second Inninfig

Visitors—Vangilder drove a high fly to Mathews in right field. Tate grounded out Smetzer to Haman and Hudson popped out to Smetzer.

Sikeston—B. Crain grounded out, Hinton to Bottomley. Burrus fouled to Tate. Fuhr hit to third, but Matthews was out on an easy roller, Turlin to Bottomley.

Third Inning

Visitors—Turlin grounded out Fuhr to Haman, Hinton and Ruffing struck out.

Sikeston—T. Crain struck out, Dowdy was out, McLaughlin to Bottomley on a hard grounder, Smetzer struck out.

Fourth Inning

Visitors—McLaughlin was out on a high foul to Haman, Koch was thrown out at first by Smetzer, Bottomley grounded out to Haman unassisted.

Sikeston—Haman lined out to McLaughlin and Bowman and B. Crain struck out.

Fifth Inning

Visitors—Vangilder flied out to T. Crain. Tate flied out to Dowdy. It was a nice catch. Hudson flied out to Bowman.

Sikeston—Burrus was out to Turlin on a high infield fly, Fuhr was thrown out at first by McLaughlin, and Matthews was out pitch to first.

Sixth Inning

Visitors—Turlin fouled out to Haman. Hinton struck out, and Ruffing flied out to Matthews.

Sikeston—T. Crain was thrown out at first by Ruffing. Dowdy flied out to Hudson, and Smetzer grounded out to Ruffing unassisted.

Seventh Visitors

Visitors—McLaughlin hit over second. C. Koch bunted to short safely, Bottomley out to Smetzer and McLaughlin was caught at third base Bowman. to Haman to Smetzer, Vangilder struck out to retire the side.

Sikeston—Haman was out, McLaughlin to Bottomley, Bowman grounded out Bottomley to Ruffing and B. Crain fouled out to Bottomley.

Eighth Inning

Visitors—Tate fouled high to Bowman. Hudson drove a liner over second and was out by Matthews who made a sensational running catch. Turlin grounded out, Smezter to Haman for the third out.

Sikeston—Burrus was out on an easy roller, Ruffing to Bottomley, Fuhr hit through second safely, Matthews hit through second safely advancing Fuhr. T. Crain struck out, and Dowdy grounded out, Turlin to Bottomley.

Visitors—Lattimre batted for Hinton. He flied out to T. Crain. Ruffing drove a high fly for the second out to B. Crain and McLaughlin grounded out hard, Smetzer to Haman.



BUILDINGS KEPT IN REPAIR REDUCE FIRE HAZARDS

Keeping a building in repair is one of the best known methods of reducing fire hazards. The lumber and other materials we use in filling your order for needed repair materials are of A-1 quality, even though our prices are less.

SIKESTON LUMBER CO.
Phone 226 Steve Humphreys, Mgr.

Watch Your Car Doors to Prevent Accidents

Several serious accidents have been reported during the first six months of the year involving cases where children have fallen out of machines due to extreme carelessness on the part of the motorist, according to a bulletin issued by Si. Mayer, president of the automobile club of Illinois.

Never allow a child to sit next to the door of an automobile if it is possible, nor extend it any such privileges as closing or opening the doors for passengers. In this wise many doors, which would otherwise seem securely fastened have merely been closed without the double-snap lock taking hold. A three-year-old son of a party of tourists was recently hurled to the pavement from a car traveling at an approximate speed of 40 miles per hour. The child was severely injured and may possibly be crippled for life, due, no doubt, to some one's carelessness.

"At this youthful age, the child could not be expected to do the things that the grownup should of done," declared Mr. Mayer, and it is the duty of every motorist having children, or for that matter, anyone as a passenger to carefully guard against this form of accident.

FIRST IN— Special Prices

For Quality Merchandise

Friday and Saturday Specials

Chiffon Hose

Ladies' Pure thread Silk Chiffon Hose, Pointex heel.
$1.50 value

59c pair

Bed Spreads

80x105 Crinkle Bed Spreads, Assorted Colors.
$1.44 values

98c

We give tickets on the free Prizes to be given away October 27, including the Purebred Jersey Cow.

New Location Malcolm Bldg. **The H & M Store** New Location Malcolm Bldg.

LOOK FOR THE SIGN OF HONOR AND MERIT

When Pasture Is Short Feed Corn Meal Mash

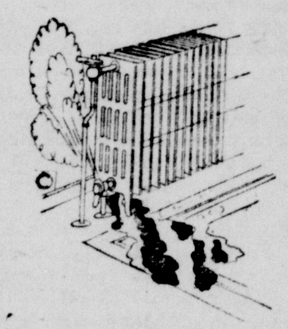
If the pasture is short, or if it is desirable to force the goslings for an early market, a mash composed of corn meal, wheat middlings and ground oats in equal parts by weight, mixed with 5 per cent of meat scraps will make an excellent feed. Grit and oyster shell should be available as well as a good supply of water.

Mature geese can be handled in a similar manner. Unless they are being confined for some special reason, they will secure most of their living from good range. During the breeding season they should receive a mash similar to that enumerated above.

LOOK AT YOUR SHOES
Everyone Else Does

Ladies' Rubber Caps, pr. attached 25c
Men's Rubber Heels, or Leather Heels, pair attached.....40c

E. H. HELLER
Electric Shoe Shop
Frisco Addition



RUINED

OH! the damage that can be done by a leaky radiator! Fine flooring costly wall paper and expensive rugs are all prey of the spurting, spraying, dripping radiator that is out of repair. few dollars spent now with us is the best and safest form of casualty insurance. We'll repair or renew your hot water plant—efficiently, reasonably.



Phone 225
L. T. Davey
Plumbing—Heating
Refrigerating Contractor

The Standard, $1.50 per year.

Mrs. A. A. Mayfield will entertain with a family dinner, Sunday.

Charles Frank, manager of the H. & M. Store, was a business visitor to St. Louis this week.

Mrs. E. C. Matthews will entertain Saturday evening with a dinner bridge, complimenting Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Matthews III.

Mrs. F. A. Denton and Miss Lillian Putnam are suffering with poisoning having come in contact with it while hunting.



MALONE THEATRE

7:00 O'clock Nightly



FRIDAY
Afternoon and Evening



Buster has a camera, but what he doesn't know about it would make even the little birdie laugh! He gets into more darn trouble than you can shake a tripod at, from filming bathing beauties to getting caught in a Chinatown tong war. It's a Howl!

with MARCELINE DAY

PATHE REVIEW AND NOVELTY

Special Added Attraction, the Daredevil of the Movies WALT COFFMAN in person and LITTLE BILLIE STEPHENS, the Child Acrobat with special music by BARBARA COFFMAN

Bargain Matinee at 3 p. m.—Admission 10c and 25c. Nights 7:00 and 8:30 —Admission 20c and 40c

SATURDAY

Continuous show—2:30 to 10:30

Oh, Boy! Here's a tornado of speed! FRED HUMES with DOROTHY GULLIVER in

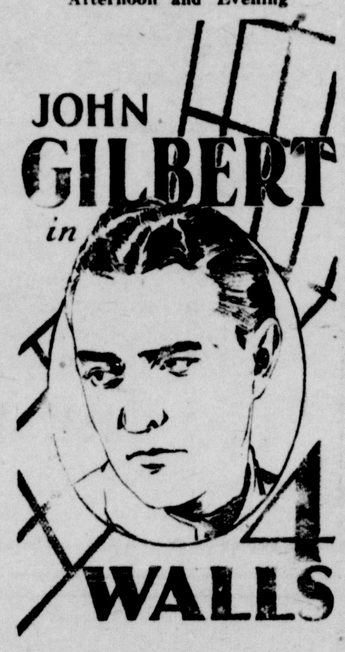
"One Glorions Scrap"

Thrills that come so fast they tumble over one another. Romance? Sweet Daddy! Fred Humes, handsome young, washbuckling cowboy rides through a cyclone of dangre to save his sweetheart and outwit the scheming fake rainmaker who threatens her father with bankruptcy.

AESOP FABLES and Episode No. 5 —"THE YELLOW CAMEO", also special added attraction. the Daredevile of the Movies, WALT COFFMAN in person and LITTLE BILLIE STEPHENS, the Child Acrobat with special music by BARBARA COFFMAN

Continuous Show 2:30 to 10:30.
2:30 to 6:30 Admission 10c & 25c
6:00 to 10:30
Admission 15c and 30c

MONDAY
Afternoon and Evening



with JO NCRAWFORD and VERA GORDON, LOUIS NATHEAUX and CARMEL MYERS.

"Stone walls do not a prison make, Nor iron bars a cage".

An imprisoned gangster, John Gilbert finds there are four walls in life still stronger. How he crashes thru them to find himself makes Gilbert's most stirring picture since "The Parade".

NEWS AND COMEDY

Added attraction—M. E. PRATT, Radio singer and entertainer of Stations WCCO, Minneapolis and WHT, Chicago.

Admission 20c and 40c

Bargain Matinee Every Monday at 3 p. m. Admission 10c and 25c

Evenings 7:00 and 8:30 p. m. Admission 20c and 40c

PROGRESSIVES OUT FOR SMITH

LaFollette Organ Issues Call to 5,000,000 Followers of Late Senator

MADISON, Wis.—Any lingering doubt that the Republican Progressive vote of the Nation would go to the Democratic presidential candidate has been dispelled by startling political developments during the past week.

The Capital-Times, long known as the organ of the late Senator Robert M. LaFollette, and the leading Progressive newspaper in the West, in an outstanding editorial declared for Governor Smith for President, and called upon all Progressives in the State and Nation to support him.

Senator "Bob" LeFollette, Jr., is a large stockholder in the Capital-Times.

The editorial pronouncement is regarded as an official appeal to the 5,000,000 voters who supported the colorful Wisconsin senator in his campaign for President in 1924.

Blaine on Stump for Smith

It was followed immediately by the announcement of Senator John J. Blaine that he would speak for Governor Smith. Senator Blaine, who was elected three times by the Republicans as Governor of Wisconsin, succeeded to the leadership of the Wisconsin Progressives upon the death of the elder LaFollette. He had previously denounced Hoover. Senator Norris, of Nebraska, dominant Republican Progressive leader, has also endorced Smith's stand on farm relief and water power.

The Republican State Central Committee in Wisconsin, headed by Herman L. Ekern, has repeatedly refused to endorse the Hoover-Curtis ticket. Over the doorway of a local hotel is a flaming banner reading:

"Progressive Republican Headquarters: Alfred E. Smith for President."

Nowadays when the skirt reaches the ankle the deductoin is that something has slipped.—Norfolk Virginian-Pilot.

We'd hate to have the job of sweeping out campaign headquarters the morning after election.—Santa Ana (Cal.) Register.

One of the largest colleges is sending its football team 10,000 miles this year. A football player has to get an education some way.—Greenville Piedmont.

CARBON MONOXIDE IS DEADLY ENEMY

More Than Thousand Human Lives Claimed by Deadly Gas.

"One of man's most deadly enemies, carbon monoxide, which has been called 'the universal poison gas,' will form the subject of a new educational motion picture film to be produced within the near future by the United States bureau of mines, Department of Commerce," according to a statement issued by the Chicago Motor club, which bases its assertion on a bulletin received from the Department of Commerce at Washington.

Thousand Lives Lost.

"It is said that more than a thousand human lives were claimed by this deadly gas during the past year, and that 700 deaths were due to drivers of automobiles being overcome while their engines were idling in closed garages. In photographing this film, not only will the peril of carbon monoxide contained in automobile engine exhausts be emphasized, but attention will also be given to the hazards due to the presence of carbon monoxide under certain conditions in factories, in homes, and in fact, anywhere that there may be possibilty of exposure to the products of incomplete combustion of fuels."

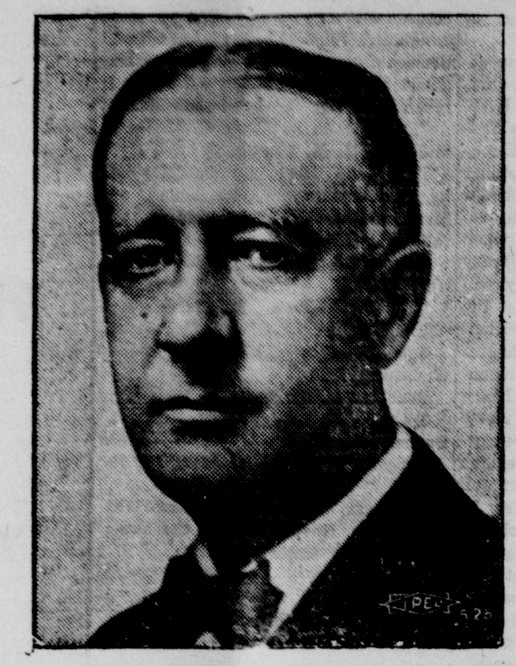
What Film Will Show.

The Chicago Motor club bulletin points out that, "The film will show how, by proper ventilation, accumulations of carbon monoxide may be prevented. There will also be pictured methods of first aid treatment and resuscitation which may be administered to a victim of the poison gas if found before death has occurred. The film will be given wide circulation by the bureau of mines in the hope that, through the universal language of visualization, knowledge of this deadly enemy of mankind may become widespread, thus serving to diminish the annual heavy death toll from this cause."

Eminent physician has written a book on why we misbehave. Practically every modern novelist has written one on how.—Arkansas Gazette.

What can the purist in the use of words do when he discovers that applesauce and boloney mean the same thing?—Shoe and Leather Reporter.

Praise of Alfred E. Smith By Leading Republicans Before This Campaign Opened



Hon. Elihu Root, former Republican Secretary of State and the United States Senator from New York in 1915 declared:

"Of all men in the Convention, Alfred E. Smith is the best informed on the business of the State of New York".

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Republican nominee for Vice-President in 1912 and 1926 declared:

".....Since manhood a constant and eager public servant in posts of steadily growing importance and authority,..... alert, effective, public-spirited and courageous; constantly speaking the true voice of the pepple....."

Hon. Charles Evans Hughes, former Republican Cabinet member, Justice of Supreme Court of the United States and Republican candidate for President in 1916 as late as 1928 eulogized him in the following language:

"He long since became a member of high distinction of the fine aristocracy of public service—the American peerage. We have watched him, some of us carefully, all with fascination. The title that he holds is the proudest title that any American can hold because it is a title to the esteem and affection of his fellow citizens—Governor Smith".

Even a friend of William Allen White, before he was put upon the payroll of the Republican organization this year, and when he could speak fairly and truthfully toward his opinion of Governor Smith wrote an article in Collier's on August 15, 1926, which is as follows:

"There is not in American life today a clearer, stronger, more accurately working brain in any man's head than Al Smith's brain. His process of thought are logical and he has the courage to defend them.

"Al Smith like most of the statesmen, and probably a considerable majority of the people east of the Alleghanies and north of the Mason-Dixon line, has opposed Prohibition because it has never come to the East as it has come to the rest of the country, after a slow process of education, experiment, trial and failure, theory and practice. West— beyond the Alleghanies—Prohibition was an accomplished fact from ten to forty years before National Prohibition.

"Here is a most human, affectionate, wise and brave man, whose sincerity is never seriously questioned, whose courage is proverbial, whose humanity holds friends with steel rods".

SCOTT COUNTY DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE

Republican Panic

So marked is the impetus taken on by Governor Smith's campaign as election day draws near, that Republican leaders everywhere manifest signs of genuine panic.

The G. O. P. high command sees the "writing on the wall" in the East. Their campaign managers in the Northwest, where the LaFollette Progressive vote is lined up behind the Democratic candidate, are distracted by a sense of impending disaster. Their hope of breaking the Democratic dominance of the South is vanishing. And now a threat of utter rout comes with the tremendous reaction to Governor Smith's speeches in the border States.

Not without significance in its betrayal of the extreme anxiety of the Hoover politicians, is their insistent call upon President Coolidge for advice, for help, for reassurance.

The President did not choose to give Mr. Hoover the active aid in the campaign which G. O. P. leaders had deemed so desirable. What he did offer was aloof encouragement. The Republican candidate, he told the anxious politicians, was sure to win. He advised Mr. Hoover to keep cool, not to be stampeded into any rash act, not to say too much. And Mr. Hoover, it is apparent, has been influenced by that advice in his speaking campaign.

The publication in New York newspapers of President Coolidge's optimistic statements was followed immediately by a trip to Washington by Charles D. Hilles, New York National Committeeman, and H. Edmund Machold, who recently resigned his water power associations to become the Republican State Chairman in New York.

They, too, tried desperately to dispel the defeatest atmosphere which has fallen over Republican campaign workers from Massachusetts to Montana. "The situation in New York looks very good," they assured Mr. Hoover. They backed the assertion with figures which were far in excess of the most partisan estimate given out by anyone in close touch with conditions in that State.

At the same time M. William Bray, chairman of the Democratic State Committee, was completing his annual canvas of county chairmen. According to the official reports of these chairmen, Governor Smith's vote in the counties outside of New York City, will be 30 per cent greater than in 1924 when the Governor was elected on the Democratic ticket although the State was carried by Coolidge. In 1924 Governor Smith's vote in the up-State districts was 690,000; reports of the county chairmen show that this year it will approximate 1,000,000. As in the past, the Governor is sure of an overwhelming majority in New York City.

Even Mr. Hoover must realize that his followers are painting a political mirage when they base their assurances of victory on the claim that Governor Smith will lose the State which four times elected him to its highest office.

This is a land of promise, especially around election time.

Mrs. Lyle Malone will spend the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Robinson, at St. Louis.

Family trees aren't like others. In others, appearance of the sap is an indication of continued vigor.—Washton Post.

'WINGS' a Paramount Picture



You can't paint a house *with* APPLESAUCE

"Cheap" paint is made in a cheap way. That is why it is low-priced-per-gallon—why its great promises are just *applesauce.*

And the painter who offers to do your house at a suspiciously low price is—*more applesauce!*

"Cheap" Paint and "Cheap" Painter—the Applesauce Twins—always leave grief, heavy expense and dissatisfaction in their wake. Don't waste your good money on them.

To be economical a paint must have exceptional "covering" qualities—a tough, durable film that lasts—colors that do not fade.

Fine old SWP House Paint is made that way—an SWP finish will remain beautiful for many years.

We will help you save money

Before you let out your painting job, get our estimate on materials. Compare it with the cost of "cheap" paint.

Come in for a copy of the Sherwin-Williams Household Painting Guide.



Trade-Mark Registered

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS

SWP HOUSE PAINT

Weltecke Lumber Company

Office, Shops and Sheds: North of Mo.-Pac. R. R. Tracks
Between Ranney and Prairie Avenues

Roscoe Weltecke Sikeston, Mo. Telephone 326

SMITH VICTORY OR RUIN, SAY FARM LEADERS

Anxious to Get Out Every Possible Vote for Champion of Agriculture.

CITE RECORDS OF NOMINEES

Scores of Farm Organizations Endorse Democratic Candidate and Denounce Hoover; Officials Active in Campaign.

Threatened with ruin by a "continuance of the Coolidge policies," and realizing their only hope for relief lies in piling up enough farm votes to ensure the election of Governor Smith, American farmers are making, through their various organizations, a tremendous effort to get every agricultural worker to the polls on election day.

Unqualifiedly endorsed by practically all farm organizations of consequence in the West and South, the Democratic candidate is assured, despite attempts to defeat him by appeals to bigotry, of the votes of all farmers who place their own prosperity above partisan prejudices.

Farm leaders, however, are anxious to make the Smith farm majority large enough to offset any possible advantage gained by the Hoover forces in backward districts which might be influenced by the misleading propaganda of the Ku Klux Klan and Anti-Saloon League.

Calling upon all farmers and members of their families to register and vote for Governor Smith, they stress the attitude of the two presidential candidates as revealed in both their past records and their utterances during the present campaign.

Candidates Contrasted

Governor Smith has consistently proposed and secured the passage of legislation which was invaluable to the farmers of his State. Herbert Hoover has just as consistently opposed measures which might have benefited Agriculture. It was he who, as Federal Food Administrator, held down the prices of wheat and hogs during the war.

What is more important, Governor Smith promises to give the farmers immediately the legislative aid for which they have struggled unsuccessfully for the last five years. Herbert Hoover is opposed to it, the agricultural leaders point out, and his election would mean the death of the farm movement.

Perhaps the most important expression of organized agriculture's stand in this election is the resolution endorsing Governor Smith's position and condemning that of the Republican party, adopted recently in Des Moines by the Corn Belt Committee. This is the alliance of the 40 most important farm organizations in the Middle West, with a combined membership of 1,500,000 heads of families. Mr. Hoover's record has been bitterly condemned, also, by a resolution passed by the National Farmers' Union.

Leaders Endorse Smith

Among the many prominent farm leaders who have endorsed Governor Smith's position on Agriculture and denounced that of Mr. Hoover, are the following:

S. H. Thompson, President of the American Farm Bureau Federation.
W. H. Settle, President of the Indiana Farm Bureau Federation.
Earl C. Smith, President of the Illinois Agriculture Association.
Wm. Hirth, President of the Missouri Farmers Association, and Chairman of the Corn Belt Committee of Farm Organizations.
Frank W. Murphy, of Minnesota, Chairman of the Legislative Committee of Corn Belt Federation of Farm Organizations.
W. L. Stockton, President of the Montana Farm Bureau Federation.
J. J. O'Shea, President of the Montana Farmers' Union.
C. E. Huff, President of the Kansas Farmers' Union.
Jno. Simpson, President of the Oklahoma Farmers' Union.
Milo Reno, President of the Iowa Farmers' Union.
J. F. Reed, President of the Minnesota Farm Bureau Federation.
Chas. C. Talbott, President of the North Dakota Farmers' Union.
A. W. Ricker, Secretary of the Corn Belt Federation of Farm Organizations.
H. G. Keeney, President of the Nebraska Farmers' Union.
Chas. Stewart, Secretary of the Nebraska Farm Bureau.
George Duis, President of the North Dakota Wheat Growers' Association.
E. E. Kennedy, Secretary of the Illinois Farmers' Union.
Henry A. Wallace, Editor of Wallace's Farmer.
Miles Cannon, Former Commissioner of Agriculture of Idaho.
John Nagler Dyer, Director in the American Farm Bureau Federation.
Chester C. Davis, Former Commissioner of Agriculture of Montana.
Thos. E. Cashman, Member of the Executive Board, Minnesota Farm Bureau.
N. S. Winder, Secretary of the American Farm Bureau Federation.
Joe Plummer, Colorado Wheat Growers' Association.
Dr. B. W. Kilgore, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the American Cotton Growers' Association.
Judge X. Caverno, President of the Missouri Cotton Growers' Association.
Frank Wheatcraft, Manager of the Union Live Stock Shipping Association of Chicago.
George N. Peek, Chairman of the Committee of Twenty-two of the North Central States Agriculture Conference.
Mrs. Verna L. Hatch, Social and Educational Director of the Indiana Farm Bureau.
Clarence Ousley, of Texas, former Assistant Secretary of Agriculture.
Robert A. Cowles, Treasurer of the Illinois Agriculture Association.

This is an incomplete list of farm leaders who have made public announcement that they are supporting Governor Smith.

METHODIST DEAN, A DRY REPUBLICAN, FOR SMITH

One of American's foremost educators, Dr. Edward T. Devine, dean of the American University Graduate School, Washington, D. C., a prominent Methodist institution, is speaking in behalf of Governor Smith. Dr. Devine is a Republican and a Dry.

The Standard, $1.50 per year.

"Vote as Farmers, Not Partisans—

"For you, farm men and women of America, this presidential election is not political but economic.

"You have seen the value of your farm property decrease $20,000,000,000 and your debts increase $10,000,000,000.

"Four thousand of your banks have failed. Your bankruptcies have increased tenfold.

"During this period the most influential maker of Government policy toward agriculture has been Herbert Hoover."

That is the introduction to a full-page advertisement inserted in numerous Western farm papers by the Smith Independent Organizations Committee, which is headed by George Nelson Peek, noted farm leader, of Moline, Ill.

Finds Newspaper Advertising Pays



Business of Frigidaire Corporation has approximately doubled over the same period of last year following a widespread newspaper advertising campaign based upon its new line of household refrigerating equipment, according to E. G. Biechler, president and general manager, who attributes much of the increase to use of newspaper space.

"The newspaper of today, when used to promote a quality product is one of the greatest aids that business or industry can enlist," he said. "It obtains and retains public confidence for any product that merits it."

..LAIR STORE NEWS..

That Interesting Store

Home Furnishings—Undertaking

Our 31st Year in Charleston

Dandy New Rugs

Ten or twelve new rugs, 9x12, reached us Thursday and you will agree that they are excellent values. A good number of smaller rugs, including bath room mats were in the shipment. Come early and get your choice.

Big Heaters—Small Prices

One or two large Moores Heaters which are too big for staple use are offered at a sharp discount from regular price. If you have three or four rooms to heat with one stove, here is a chance to get a Moores for a real bargain price.

Used Stoves In Good Shape

There are four or five Moores Air Tight Heaters in our used department which will give years of good service. All of them have been carefully inspected and where repairs were needed they were put. We sell them on weekly payments if you wish to buy that way.

Ranges Too

Lots and lots of fine new ranges from the Monarch on down to the low priced models. Also several used ranges, among them two R. O. Chiefs are ready for delivery on the monthly payment plan. No second hand range is offered for sale at this place till it has been carefully worked over and made serviceable.

Living Room—Bed Room

New numbers for bed room and living room drop in every few days. One of the latest in medium priced bed room suites is in the front window this week. You will alwas find us right on the price of late style pieces.

Let 'Em Come

Montgomery Ward and Sears-Roebuck are starting numerous retail stores over the country and we believe the effect will be good for live independent retailers. No more will they be able to show a wonderfully colored picture to a customer and make extravagant statements concerning items in question in order to make sales. In the regular retail field they will have to show goods in direct contrast with the local merchants purchases. Low overhead and personal supervision by independent owners should more than offset the slight advantage enjoyed by chain stores in buying.

Where to Buy —

Radio Batteries

Derris Drug Store

FIND NO TRACE OF TWO STOLEN CARS

The 1926 Ford coupe, belonging to F. M. Sikes, stolen from near the Malone Theatre last Friday night, had not been recovered by Wednesday noon.

H. C. Blanton's Chevrolet coupe was taken from the corner of Center and New Madrid Streets about 5:30 p. m. Tuesday. Mr. Blanton had gone to the Hotel Marshall on business baout 5:15 and returned about fifteen minutes later to find his car gone.

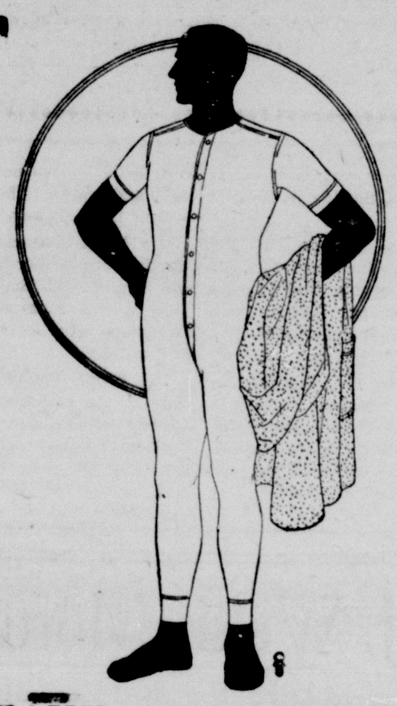
The happiest Republican is the one that merely looks at the totals in The Literary Digest poll, and doesn't do any analyzing.—Ohio State Journal.

HARRISON FAMILY MOVES TO PADUCAH, KY., TUESDAY

Ed Harrison and family moved to Paducah, Ky., Tuesday, where Mr. Harrison will start a shoe repair shop. Mr. and Mrs. Harrison were formerly employed in the local shoe factory. R. S. Coleman, truckman, moved the Harrison family household effects to their new location.

Tho' Henry Ford says he is in favor of the old dances, he didn't put the same old shimmy into his new flivvers.—Beloit (Wis.) News.

And if both the candidates win all the States they claim, the White House will have to be remodeled into a duplex.—San Diego Union.



HEAVY AND MEDIUM UNDERWEAR FOR MEN

Some men like extra heavy underwear—we have it. Other men prefer medium weight underwear—we have that, too. In each weight the quality of the yarns used in their manufacture is the best. Our prices are especially reasonable as you will find on paying us a visit.



Work Clothes That Wear

Of one thing we are certain—when a man buys work clothes from us he is assured the utmost in service it is possible to give. Well made from the toughest fabrics made, these garments are thoroughly reinforced where the hardest strains come. Give them the test of wear and you will know they are extra value at our price.

45—Phones—46

Pinnell Store Company

"The Most of the Best for the Least"

Serious Injury to Alfalfa Crop

Bacterial Wilt and Winter Injury Discussed in New Circular.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Bacterial wilt and winter injury have caused, in recent years, serious injury to alfalfa in many alfalfa growing sections of the country. The two injuries are definitely distinct, and either may occur without the other, although winter injury frequently gives rise to conditions which make for the more rapid and destructive development of bacterial wilt.

F. R. Jones and J. L. Weimer of the bureau of plant industry are authors of Circular 39-C, Bacterial Wilt and Winter Injury of Alfalfa, just off the press and available for free distribution by the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington.

Bacterial wilt may cause the plant to wilt during hot weather of spring or summer, and under this condition the plants die immediately, resembling plants whose roots have been severed by gophers. More frequently the plants show a characteristic dwarfed condition with foliage pale green or yellow. After each successive cutting the new stems are shorter and eventually the plant dies. The injury is due to bacteria entering the underground parts of the plant, causing alterations which may be observed readily in the roots.

Winter injury is most evident in the taproot, and is characterized by partial destruction of the root and crown bark and a hollowing and decay of the roots. The destruction of the root bark affords easy access for the wilt bacteria. Winter injury results from the killing of buds and parts of the crown and roots by severe cold.

"The most important method of controlling the wilt disease," say the authors, "is probably the prevention of the conveyance of bacteria by water from old diseased plants to young fields, especially in the spring when many plants have wounds. Care should be taken to avoid carrying the bacteria to new fields in fragments of stems of diseased plants, with uncleaned seed, or with manure. If the disease is present in a field, its distribution by the knives of the mower can probably be avoided to some extent by mowing when the plants are free from surface moisture."

The use of hardy varieties of alfalfa resistant to winter injury does not always prevent damage by bacterial wilt, but the authors believe it may reduce loss from this cause.

Moldy Silage Caused by the Condition of Corn

Condition of the corn at ensiling time and not poor packing is the cause of moldy and inferior quality silage, according to recent experiments conducted by the Wisconsin Agricultural Experiment station. To eliminate moldy silage, corn should be ensiled shortly after it is dented.

Corn that is over-ripe, wilted or frozen when put into the silo carries large amounts of air. Several days elapse before the oxygen is exhausted in the silage process and it is during this period that molds make rapid growth.

In testing out their theories, the men working on the problem buried three empty crates in silage at varying depths at the time the silo was filled. In late winter or spring, when the crates were dug out as the silage was fed, no signs of spoilage were found around the crates.

Millet Hay Too Low in Protein for Cow Feed

Millet hay is too low in protein content to make good feed for cows unless supplemented with high protein feeds. Hence, millet hay does not give good nourishment to cows when fed alone, and this may cause several kinds of troubles in a herd. Millet hay, when cut at proper stage of maturity, is a fairly good hay if supplemented, but if allowed to ripen seed the threshed straw has little value as feed for cows, though it may be used in a maintenance ration for horses. For good quality of seed it should be allowed to stand until about fully ripe, but the straw does not have any high value for feed.

Agricultural Squibs

Next to milk, meat scraps or tankage are the most accessible and efficient source of animal protein.

• • •

Hog men who do not raise alfalfa for summer, as well as for winter use, are not living up to their opportunities.

• • •

In order to insure a good lamb crop the ewes should be turned on fresh pasture a few weeks before breeding, and should be given a little grain.

• • •

Sunshine is one of the best disinfectants. Be sure all live stock is getting plenty of this free nature's tonic, especially the young growing animals.

• • •

Many people do a lot of figuring to show the increased profit that would come by breeding birds that are heavier producers but they fail to make any additional charge for feed.

HOOVER BETRAYED FARMER, PEEK AVERS

Gives Proof That Candidate Was Responsible for Low Price of Wheat.

BORAH "EITHER IGNORANT OR GUILTY OF FRAUD"

CHICAGO—Senator Borah is either ignorant of Herbert Hoover's record or is "willfully guilty of fraud" in his campaign speeches to Western farmers, George N. Peek, noted farm leader and former chairman of the Industrial Conference Board of the Department of Commerce, has charged in a telegram to Dr. Hubert Work, chairman of the Republican National Committee.

Mr. Peek, who is active in behalf of Governor Smith because of the Governor's stand on the farm relief question, directly challenged the truth of Senator Borah's statements and the claims of the Republican campaign managers. He said:

"I realize that I am insisting upon a good deal when I demand fairness and facts from the Republican National Committee and its spokesman, judging from the claims made in Mr. Hoover's behalf.

"Senator Borah in his address at Minneapolis raised a serious question of veracity as between himself and Mr. Hoover.

"Senator Borah asserts that Mr. Hoover held up the price of wheat. Moreover a large part of the Republican campaign among the farmers is built on this claim. This is fraud.

"The records prove that if wheat had not been 'controlled' the price would have risen as did the prices of other cereal crops that were not controlled. It would have advanced as corn advanced and as oats advanced and would have sold for at least $3.48 a bushel.

"I say that Mr. Hoover used every effort in his power to keep down prices and I submit in proof of this assertion Mr. Hoover's own words.

Held Prices Down

"Early in April, 1919, Mr. Hoover from Europe addressed a cablegram to me, from which I now quote.

"'If the control of wheat were removed during the next two or three months in the face of the world situation, prices in this commodity would advance materially beyond the present level. I wish to repeat that unless some superior force intervenes, we intend to hold the price of wheat to the figures it has stood at during the entire war under Congressional guarantee.'

"On May first, 1918, Mr. Hoover, then Food Administrator, in a public address declared:

"'I agree with the contention of some farmers that they would be getting $5 and perhaps $10 a bushel for their wheat if it had not been for the restraint imposed by the government.'

"I repeat that either Senator Borah and other Republican leaders are wholly ignorant of the 'record' which Senator Borah so persistently quotes, or he or they are guilty of fraud.

"I insist that you and other Republican leaders inform Senator Borah, other speakers and the public whether the cable from Mr. Hoover in 1919 or the claims of Republican leaders now as presented in the campaign text book and in the public statements of republican speakers are a fraud.

"Somebody is not telling the truth. The public will be interested in knowing who it is."

In a speech in New York City, on April 22, 1920, reviewing the work done by his Food Administration, Mr. Hoover said:

"The Grain Corporation was successfully managed by Mr. Barnes. In 1917 the wheat price was $2.20 per bushel. The farmers could have obtained $5 per bushel."

The quotation, from the Republican New York Tribune, proves conclusively that Hoover restricted the price of wheat, while other prices were permitted to go sky high.

Elect Governor Smith and nail the standard of "Equality for Agriculture" to the flagstaff of the White House

FAMOUS AUTHOR DEAD

George Barr McCutcheon, novelist, died suddenly at a luncheon of the Dutch Treat Club in New York, Tuesday. Mr. McCutcheon will be remembered as the author of "Graustark" "Brewster's Millions", "Beverly of Graustark" and a number of other novels and a host of short stories.

BILLY SUNDAY EGGED AT MEMPHIS ANTI-SMITH TALK

Evangelist Sunday drew one egg from an unknown twirler at his Wednesday night speech at Memphis, at which he denounced Smith on prohibition grounds. Mrs. Sunday also spoke.

Many of the windfall apples may be canned as sauce or pie apples. Cook them with as little water as possible, sweeten to taste, and pack boiling hot. Process five minutes in a hot water bath.

PHONE 284

and we will

Fill your Coal Bin

with ash-free, heat producing coal of the grade you want, at a cost that will save you some money on your winter's coal bill.

Phone 284—We Do the Rest

SERVICE FIRST

E.C. Robinson Lumber Co.

QUALITY ALWAYS

Phone 284 N. E. Fuchs, Mgr.

Stop Annoying Hissing by Knotting the Hose

Occasionally suction windshield wipers are afflicted with leakage, with the result that the driver will hear an annoying hissing sound when he accelerates the engine. When this happens he's puzzled because he knows that if he disconnects the rubber tubing the hissing will be worse.

Here is where a temporary remedy is in order, no matter how makeshift it may be. With a piece of string tie a loop in the rubber hosing. This will serve as a valve to stop suction at this point.

Another plan is to disconnect the rubber tubing and plug the end of the copper tubing with a piece of chewing gum.

It is also permissible to pinch the end of the copper tubing with the pliers. This may shorten the tube a little, since the pinched part may have to be cut off when the wiper is repaired, but a slightly longer rubber connection will cover this.

AUTOMOBILE ITEMS

Postponing needed repairs only adds to the expense bill.

• • •

There isn't a single dimmer among the bright lights of automobile production.

• • •

Unlike umpires, judges reverse their decisions. A motorist in Ireland was recently fined $1,070 for violation of a traffic rule. Later the judge reduced the fine to $11.25.

• • •

Motor vehicles have become the main factor in transportation in western Australia, where new sections have been developed so rapidly as to outdistance the railroads.

• • •

Neither candidate has promsied to standardize cantaloups.

When pan-broiling steak be sure to have the skillet very, very hot at the start. Put the steak in the lightly greased hot skillet, turn quickly from side to side until well seared, then cook at reduced heat to the desired degree,—rare, medium or well done. Serve promptly on a hot platter, and add the seasoning of butter, salt and a little pepper. after the meat is put on the platter. In turning the steak put the fork into the fat or edges, not into the center, or the juice will run out.

Suggested campaign song for 1928: "Whisper and I Shall Hear".—Greenville Piedmont.

Many fruits other than apples can be made into good vinegar. The United States Department of Agriculture has a bulletin on the subject.

A grizzly bear can whip a lion, and a dog can boss both, says a wild-animal trainer. Very interesting, but does the gentleman have any information on tigers and donkeys and elephants?—Council Bluffs Nonpareil.



Halloween *Rememberances*

Without doubt you have several friends or members of the family that you wish to send a Hallowe'en rememberance. From our ample stock of suitable suggestions you will have no difficulty in selecting gifts for every need.

C. H. Yanson

Jeweler

27 Years in Sikeston—Ph. 22

No Name Yet

But Plenty to Eat and Drink

Mr. Cox says his place will be named on

Saturday, October 27th

In the meantime he is busy making friends for the Nameless Place on the corner.

Neat Dainty Toasted Sandwiches

Regular Chile Con Carne Pies and Cakes

Sure enough Home Made Ones and

Golden Drip Coffee

Famous for Its Wonderful Color and Aroma

The Nameless Place

On The Corner

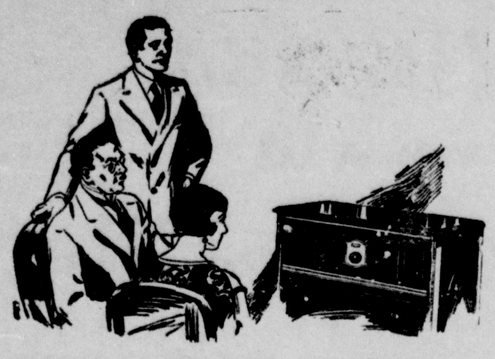
Notice To Taxpayers

Tax books for the City of Sikeston are now in the hands of the City Collector and taxes for 1928 are now due. Citizens are urged to call at the office of the Collector in the City Hall and settle promptly, for both current and delinquent taxes. Do this now so that the City can pay its bills promptly.

The County Collector will be in Sikeston at the City Hall on October 24, 25 and 26, to collect County taxes.

N. E. FUCHS, Mayor

W. E. HOLLINGSWORTH, City Collector





Since 1915 —Standard for Radio Reception

Cunningham RADIO TUBES

These popular tubes bring better radio reception . . .

Do not mix old and new tubes—install a new set of tubes.

A Wonderful Way to Spend Halloween Eve

If you are planning on spending Halloween Eve alone or are having company, you can provied no more pleasing nor diversified entertainment than an At-Water Kent radio can supply. Phone 192 and have one installed today.

Phone 192

At-Water Kent Radios **Young's Place** R. C. A. Radios

Many in W.C.T.U. Revolt And Work to Elect Smith

Prominent members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, outraged at seeing that long respected organization being used as a political machine, are everywhere rising in revolt, as reported in despatches to the New York World and Times.

Throughout the country and especially in the South, intelligent and sincere women, including many of the most active workers for temperance, are publicly condemning what they declare to be an attempt to dupe their more credulous associates by the circulation of slanderous falsehoods and thinly veiled appeals to religious hatred.

Among the well known prohibitionists to express amazement and indignation over the intolerant political campaign being waged in the name of the W. C. T. U. is Mrs. B. L. Stafford, past chairman of the W. C. T. U. in Mobile, Alabama, and a prominent member of the Baptist church.

Dry Propaganda False

Another well known Alabama woman, Mrs. T. Darington Semple, head of the famous Semple School for Girls, declared:

"It's about time we tore away the subterfuge of prohibition and admit the opposition to Governor Smith in the South is based wholly on religious grounds. The insidious propaganda of the whispering campaign should be denounced in the strongest words we can think of."

One of the leading members of the W. C. T. U. who have denounced the part taken in the present campaign by those who have usurped control of the organization, is Mrs. Elizabeth Jenkinson, of Monroe, Nebraska. A State Director of Publicity for the W. C. T. U., Mrs. Jenkinson resigned as a protest against the anti-Smith campaign. She is now assistant manager of the Agricultural League of Nebraska, which is working actively for Governor Smith election.

In Portsmouth, Va., Mrs. Carrie Sykes, a Methodist Church communicant, describing herself as a "lifelong member" of the W. C. T. U., has resigned because of statements made at a recent banquet of the Virginia State organization by a prominent W. C. T. U. official.

The legal adviser of the W. C. T. U. in Georgia, Mrs. Betty R. Cobb of Carrollton, resigned following the board's decision to support Hoover. She then volunteered her services to the Democratic State Campaign Committee in the belief that Smith's election guaranteed a better chance for real enforcement than the Republican record of graft and corruption.

Because she disliked the effort of the W. C. T. U. to boost Hoover, Mrs. Mayme H. Adams of Livingston, Cal., resigned as State director of outdoor exhibits and fairs for the California W. C. T. U., at the same time resigning the Presidency of the Livingston Chapter. Mrs. Adams also feels that the election of Smith would tend toward better enforcement of National Prohibition.

"Don't Be Deceived"

A member of the Alabama Executive Committee of the W. C. T. U., Mrs. Mabel Jones West of Birmingham, has announced that she will support Gov. Smith, and is appealing to the women of her State "not to be deceived by paid Republican propaganda." Mrs. West also is an active worker in the Baptist Church.

Mrs. J. B. Houton of Charleston, W. Va., a W. C. T. U. leader for more than seventeen years, has been speaking in favor of Smith.

A prominent member of the Presbyterian Church in Jefferson City, Mo., and an ardent worker in the W. C. T. U., Mrs. John P. Gordon, wife of the former State Auditor of Missouri, is aiding Smith.

Mrs. Amanda Gilcrist, descendent of a line of Methodist and Baptist preachers, a "white ribbon" veteran, and W. C. T. U. worker for many years, is another Missouri woman, who although a Republican, is for Governor Smith because of what she calls the "damnable curse of Prohibition."

These are only a few of the sincere W. C. T. U. members who are reported in all parts of the country, to be rising in arms against the "unwomanly, un-Christian and intemperate policy of the present leaders of the Women's Christian Temperance Union."



Baked Goods

For Halloween Parties

Why spend many hours baking for your Halloween party when you can in a few minutes shopping here procure just what you want at no effort and at just about the same cost. Special orders solicited.

Phone 84

Welter Bake Shop

We Give Eagle Stamps

If you buy our bread from your grocer save the the wrappers. We will give Eagle Stamps for them.

What Business Leaders Here Think of Proposed Road Bond Amendment

Mayor N. E. Fuchs has issued the following statement endorsing the proposed $75,000,000 road bond issue:

"I am unconditionally in favor of Proposition No. 3. If every voter realized the fact that a finished highway system will save to him annually five times as much money as he pays in gas tax and registration fees. it seems to me the voter would also vote 'Yes'. If he votes against the measure, his gas tax and registration fee will not be revoked. It will still go on and he will not enjoy the roads either. It seems to me that these are all the facts needed to decide how to vote."

The Chairman of the Republican and also the Chairman of the Democratic County Committees concur on this one issue. Chairman Byron Bowman: "Politics should not enter into this proposed constitutional amendmnet. Proposition No. 3 has my personal approval and support, and is supported by the State Republican party plank. It is a progressive measure for the State at large and the only way to continue the present road building program is to vote 'Yes' on Proposition No. 3".

H. C. Blanton, Democratic Chairman: "The road bond proposal is a non-partisan proposition which has the endorsement of both political parties, Democratic and Republican. It has my personal approval and endorsement, also. Missouri", he continues, "cannot afford to undo the work so far completed on the Primary and Secondary road system. Proposition No. 3 will provide adequate funds for completing the unified system without increasing taxes".

DONIPHAN MAN HURT AT POKER GAME MON

Arthur Gardner, 25-years-old, of Doniphan, is in the Brandon Hospital at Poplar Bluff, in a critical condition and Ripley County officers are trying to locate Dick Boyett, 24-year-old, following a fight in Doniphan at about 2:00 a. m. Monday.

Sheriff William McCourt said he had been informed the men were in a poker game when the fight occurred. Details of the battle were not available since Gardner's condition is such that he cannot talk and Boyett fled and has not been found. Others were probably at the fight, but officers do not have their names.

Gardner had received no medical attention for 12 hours after the fight and is suffering from a compound fracture of the skull, and resulting blood clots on the brain.

AS I SEE IT

By I'm About Town

Two certain men about town had rather not hear any more about the subject of tender feet.

Rumor has it that Jos. W. Myers was seen staking down the City holdover.

The wags have it that since our night police force has been "taken for a walk" that the city holdover will come up missing some bright morning.

All jokes aside though, the bravest of men falter before the argument of the business end of a .44 in the hands of a stranger who has nothing to lose and everything to gain by your funeral.

In some foreign countries like Chicago and Herrin, policemen and others are sometimes "taken for rides" and they seldom come back to where they started from. Gid can at least laugh with the boys. and tell how it all happened, and when.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mann of New Madrid visited in Sikeston Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Mann spent the afternoon with Mrs. Moore Greer and Mrs. R. L. Simmons, while Mr. Mann played golf.

CLYDE MYERS TAKES PART IN ST. LOUIS HORSE SHOW

Clyde Myers, driver for the American Express Company of this city. is taking part in the St. Louis Horse Show, which opened last Tuesday and which closes Saturday night, in the Coliseum. Clyde is an expert at the game of showing blooded horses and has a number of ribbons to his credit from past performances.

In Loving Rememberance of Our Dear Brother, Alfred Calvin

He has gone from his dear ones
His children, his wife,
Whom he willingly toiled for
And loved as his life. Oh God!
How mysterious and how strange
Are thy ways to take from us this
Loved one in the best of his days.
—A relative of the family.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Scott were hosts to a dinner bridge Thursday evening.

Mrs. Moore Greer attended the funeral of Mrs. Sue Howlett Tuesday, held in Charleston.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Keith and Mr. and Mrs Shap Hunter drove to St. Louis Wednesday morning.

Shap Hunter's family have moved to the John Russell property on the corner of North and Stoddard Streets.

Mr. and Mrs. Si Harper, living at Jerome, Idaho, are the happy parents of a baby girl born to them recently.

Miss Ann Taylor and Mrs. Ruth Malone spent last Sunday in Piggott, Arkansas.

O. J. Evans and son and Dr. Bob Charge, Medical Examiner for the Causalty Department of the Traveler Insurance Co., of St. Louis, were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lyle Malone, Saturday evening.

The office of Dr. T. C. McClure has been thoroughly cleaned, re-varnished and decorated by Mrs. Ruth Malone, while Dr. McClure is in the north woods on an extended big game hunt and visit with relatives in Canada.

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms light and water. Phones 208 or 225. —Mrs. L. T. Davey.

Mrs. Clara Chapman and Miss Oma Martin were supper guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Barrett, Thursday. They were enroute to their home at Doniphan, after a visit to Dawson Springs, Ky.

The Young Ladies' Missionary Society of the Christian Church held a meeting at the home of Mrs. Lynn Stallcup Tuesday evening. The program for the year was planned and each member will be in charge of the work for a month.

H. J. Welsh Mortuary

Funeral Director and Embalmer

AMBULANCE SERVICE

We Call for Your Deceased without any Extra Charge

Use of Funeral Parlors Gratis — Open Day & Night

Day Phone: 380 Night Phone 384

SIKESTON, MISSOURI

BULLDOGS SET ABOUT TO BEAT BLUFF MULES

With most of the "old men" back in uniform, and with the injury list greatly reduced, Coach Whitmer this week started in earnest to perfect a Sikeston "Steam Roller" to crush the powerful Bluff aggregation here Friday afternoon. The game will be called at 2:30.

Passing, scrimmage, signal drill and individual instruction of his linesman and "skull talks" for the entire squad has taken up the time of the squad this week. The customary day before the game, rest will be dispensed with this time, and a dummy scrimmage and intensive signal drill was on schedule.

Mrs. G. J. Layton and Mrs. Barney Forrester visited Mrs. J. O. Bebout at Bertrand Wednesday afternoon.

TO RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms with bath for light housekeeping.—Mrs. Flora Shain, 625 Prosperity St. tf.

FAMOUS MOVIE STUNTMAN HERE THIS WEEK

Walt Coffman, former movie stuntman and daredevil, will appear in person for two days only, at the Malone Theatre, giving you a high-class comedy acrobatic and high balancing act; mostly stunt work. Mr. Coffman was also principle clown with the Barnum & Bailey Circus for several seasons and he promises you a load of funny and clown antics.

Mr. Coffman has surrounded himself with a very capable company including, Little Billie Stephens, considered America's greatest child acrobat and she will amaze you; also Clarence Frazier, the peer of all high hand balancers, don't miss seeing him go down a pair of stairs on one hand. He will astonish you.

Mr. Wilson, the manager of the Malone Theatre, also arranged for special feature picture programs on these two days. Friday, Buster Keaton in "The Camera Man", considered his greatest comedy success, also another comedy and review. Saturday, a special program' "One Glorious Scrap", "Yellow Cameo and Aesop Fables.

"Miss it and you'll miss it!"

FIRE DESTROYS HOUSE AND FURNISHINGS LATE WED. NITE

Fire of undetermined origin destroyed the house belonging to E. C. Matthews and household goods belonging to Mrs. Maude Sitze at 631 East Tanner Street, about 11:00 p. m. Wednesday. Fire Chief Young estimated damages on the adjoining house to the east at $250. Mrs. Sitze moved to 631 Tanner from Trotter Street last Monday, and was not at home when the fire broke out. Insurance will cover the losses.

ENLISTMENTS NOW OPEN FOR FOLLOWING ARMY STATIONS

In addition to all line branches within the 7th Corps Area, men may now be enlisted for Philippine department, Hawaiian department and Panama department. Full information will be promptly dispatched to all young men who wish to be informed regarding the above enlistments.

Apply to the Army Recruiting Officer, Post Office Building, Poplar Bluff.—James L. Greer, Recruiting Sergeant.

The Standard, $1.50 per year.



For Halloween Luncheons

The most delightful meats for any Halloween party or luncheon you may be planning. Prompt and careful attention will be given to a phone order to 344, telling us what you wish delivered.

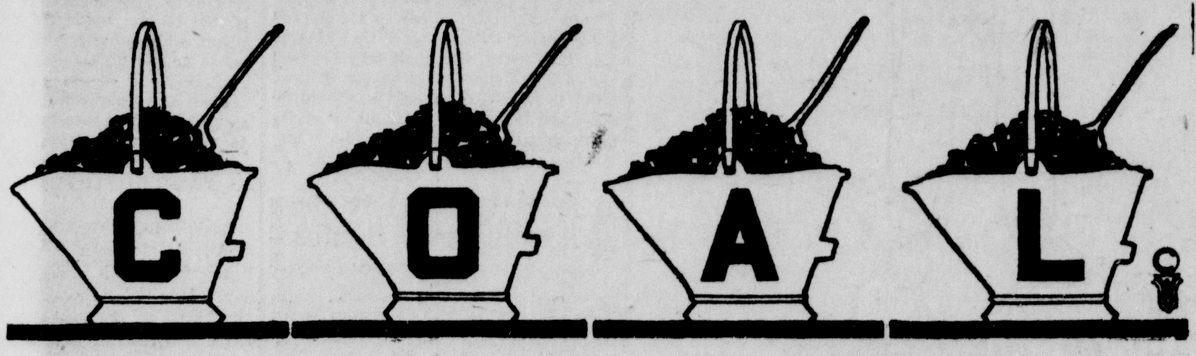
Andres Meat Market

"Jim Vaughn Cuts Our Meats"

Complete Line of—

Gifts For All Occasions

Derris Drug Store



There are so many different grades of coal ' that it is often difficult for the man who buys coal only for his home heating to know just what is the best and most economical coal to buy. Those who make this office their coal headquarters get the benefit of our experience in choosing the right coal. If you are having coal difficulties, stop in and tell us about them. We may be able to help you out----- or just

Prices That Defy Competetion **PHONE 233** Prices That Defy Competetion

MEYER BROS. GIN

PRINTING ALL KINDS

SIKESTON STANDARD

TWICE-A-WEEK

FRIDAY MORNING

VOLUME 17 — SIKESTON, SCOTT COUNTY, MISSOURI FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 26, 1928 — NUMBER 9

ABDUCT NIGHT POLICEMAN WED.

Assistant Chief of Police and night patrolman Gid Daniels and Will Masterson, private watchman, were "taken for a walk" about two miles north of town and held captive for three hours by an armed stranger Tuesday night about 12 o'clcok. The officers wandered into town again after telephoning Chief Kendall from Turner's "to get to town as quickly as possible because we're three miles out of town."

The story goes that Daniels was sipping a midnight cup of coffee in Erwin Cox's "Nameless Place" on the corner of Front Street and Kingshighway, when he notice a car rounding the corner. It seemed to act queerly, and he followed it north on Kingshighway and west on Front street. The car stopped and two men got out and walked away. Daniels found one of the men standing in the doorway at Heuer's Sample Shoe Store. The officer asked his man to explain his business there at that time of the night. The stranger answered by saying he was "looking for a hotel". The two exchanged a few more words, and then the fellow "gave himself up" saying his companions had "a car full of liquor", and suggested that he and the officer "go get them". Daniels blew his whistle for Masterson, private watchman for the Matthews block, who came imm ediately. The stranger then turned the tables by flashing his gun and suggesting "taking a walk". The officers were relieved of their guns and Daniels' flashlight and handkerchief. After complimenting Daniels on the quality of his revolver, the stranger removed the shells and threw the two "rods" into shrubbery on the Matthews place known as "The Jungles", and proceeded to walk his captives out of town to a small cotton patch near the Greer aviation field where he called a halt.

After impressing the fact that his two charges would not be harmed if they obeyed instructions, the stranger proceeded to remove the batteries from Daniels' flashlight, which were tied in the officer's 'kerchief and thrown into the cotton patch. He relieved Daniels of some $42 in bills, counted it and returned it with an oath. The officer was told to remove his shoes and walk back to town without them, but he induced the stranger to allow him to wear his shoes. After holding his charges until nearly 3:00 o'clock, the host of the walking expedition warned his guests not to make an alarm for thirty minutes, walked to the hard road and disappeared.

Gid then called Kendall, but the latter could find no one on the streets. The revolvers were found on the Matthews place early Wednesday morning.

The captives said later that other men answered the stranger's whistle while the "cotton party" was in progress. It seems as though the car was brought near the field, but the officers are at a loss to know how many made the trip and how many, if any, were left in town.

Several theories prevail in explanation of the bold aduction, it is believed that a cargo of whisky was transported into or through town during the night, others hold that some of the strangers, five men and two women were "looking the town over" in the meantime in preparation for a "job" to be pulled later.

The whole procedure took place in the dark and neither of the officers recognized the strangers. Officer Daniels was able to give a fairly good description of his lone host.

That the whole plan and its execution was the work of experts is indicated by the fact that the abductors handled all articles belonging to the officres with handkerchiefs to prevent leaving finger prints. The officers said they were questioned about the number of officers in town, and their duties before they were finally released. During the march to the country along Highway 61, the officers were forced to lie down whenever a car met the party.

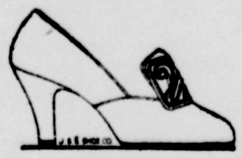
Thus far investigation has revealed that no building in town was entered while the officers were held captive. The car used by the party is said to have traveled north at a high rate of speed.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping or sleeping.—335 Gladys, phone 158. Oct. 26 and Nov. 2.

Mrs. T. C. Keller, who spent the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Schueler of Mound City, Ill., returned home Thursday.

Fabric Combines with Leather

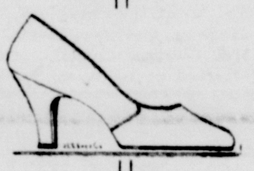
IN Smart Shoes for Fall



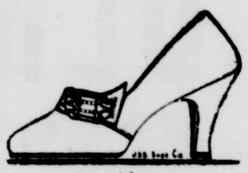
We desire to call your attention to the many beautiful styles we are now showing in Fall Slippers. There has never been a time in the history of our stores when our shoe department has been stocked with so many truly beautiful slippers.



These new styles are in Brown, Suede, Black Suede, Blue Kid, Black Crepe-de-chine, Blue Velvet, Black Velvet and the new dark Brown Kid. The heels vary too, the low heel, the military heel, the high heel and the new smaller low heel, which is unusually good.



We cannot do these slippers justice describing them in an advertisement, so we are inviting you to come in and see them for yourself, while they are new and the size range is complete from AAA to B width.



FASHION WELT
ENNA JETTICK
Health Shoe
$5 COMBINATION LAST $6
Narrow and Extra Narrow Wide and Extra Wide
"A boon to those women that have been obliged to either pay high prices or take poorly fitted shoes."
You need no longer be told that you have an "expensive" foot
You'll Stride with Pride in Enna Jetticks

May we have the pleasure of showing you the very newest in footwear and each slipper we can match perfectly with silk hose in the square heel, Pointex and Slenderette heel. We are going to expect you to make us a visit, as there is'nt any well-dressed woman who can resist these beautiful creations.



QUALITY PLACE
THE BUCKNER-RAGSDALE Co.
SIKESTON, MO.

Each Express Brings New Dresses, Coats, Millinery and Accessories

SCOUTS TO HOLD ANNUAL ROUND-UP

The Fifth Annual Round-up of Boy Scouts will be held Saturday, November 3 on the occasion of the game between Drake University and the Missouri Tigers at Columbia. This is an official invitation to the Scouts of this area to come to that city and join with other Missouri Scouts in this great annual meeting. The invitation is extended in behalf of the University of Missouri, the City of Columbia and the local Scout Council.

The big attraction of the day will be the gridiron battle and every Scout who presents his membership certificates will be admitted to this game free. A special section of the new stadium will be reserved for Boy Scout guests.

The Columbia Lions Club has made arrangements to serve a luncheon to all visiting Scouts, Scout Leaders and drivers of cars for the very nominal sum of ten cents, and will be served on Rollins Field.

The entertainment program in addition to the Drake-M. U. game includes a sightseeing tour of the University, an archery tournament, relay races and general Scout Round-up activities.

Mayor Hetzler of Columbia has joined in extending a personal invitation to all Scouts and leaders, and added to this C. L. Brewer, Director of Athletic activities at the Universities, and an active Scout booster offers a free admission to the game, worth $2.50 alone, and the promise of a supervised tour of the whole campus, which is in reality a large State-maintained park.

SERVICE MEN FORM WILSON-GOV. CLUB

RESOLUTION

Whereas, Francis M. Wilson, is a native Missourian, born in Platte County, where his father and grandfather lived and tilled the soil and reared their children to walk humbly with their God and instilled into them those simple and virtle vertues which make the yeomanry the mainstay of the nation, and

Whereas, he has distinguished himself in public service as City Attorney of Platte City, as Prosecuting Attorney of Platte County, as a member of the State Legislature; as presiding officer of the State Senate and as United States District Attorney by appointment of Woodrow Wilson, our great war-time president and commander-in-chief, and in such service has proven himself to be endowed with rugged honesty, with a courageous and fearless heart, with fidelity and loyalty to public trust and public duty and with tireless and indefatagable energy and enterprise, and

Whereas, he has been the friend of all service men, regardless of political affiliation, rendering them practical and material assistance, by giving hundreds of them employment in the hour when they were desperately in need of assistance upon their return from the World War, and wanting in the absolute necessities of life.

Now, therefore, be is Resolved: That we, the members of the Service Men's Wilson for Governor Club, do hereby pledge oursleves to be given full support to the candidacy of Francis M. Wilson for the office of Governor of the State of Missouri, and to vote for him and to work for him at the poles on election day, November 6, 1928.

FRANK R. REID AND DEWEY SHORT HERE FRIDAY

A triple-treat Republican speaking program is billed for tonight (Friday) to begin at 7:30 o'clock in the Bowman Building. Frank R. Reid of Illinois, Chairman of Flood Control Committee in the National House of Representatives, and Dewey Short, Republican candidate for Congress in the 14th District, will speak, and Dennis S. Donahue, Chicago cartconist will give a chalk talk and will draw campaign cartoons.

Miss Virginia Flint, who is a niece of Mrs. H. J. Welsh and who visited here this summer and made many friends among the young people, has been made the Senior Editor of the College annual at Christian College, Columbia. As stated in Tuesday' issue of The Standard, our own Miss Barbara Beck is the Assistant Editor. High honors for two popular and lovely girls.

HASTE DOES NOT ALWAYS MEAN WASTE

State Highway Commission Chairman Asserts That by Voting Bond Issue in November Motor Car Owners Save More Than Interest

By C. D. Matthews

Stated in its simplest terms, Missouri's road problem is fundamentally that of building roads to fit the traffic, with money furnished not by property tax but by the traffic itself, through automobile license fees and gasoline tax.

At first it was thought that the counties could build roads to serve state-wide and interstate travel. Experience, however, proved that method to be very unsatisfactory and that it did not insure a continuity of roads.

Connected Road System

The first step then to satisfy the needs of traffic was to provide for a connected system of roads, crossing every county, east and west and north and south. This is being done by the Legislature, in the Centennial Road Law, passed in 1921.

These trunk lines will serve the bulk of traffic, both rural and urban. The rural traffic must use them in reaching its destination and its markets, because the markets are on the state system. These trunk lines do not, however, serve so completely the rural traffic as they do the city traffic, because many rural communities and sections are some distance from the State highway system. It is necessary, therefore, to expand the program and provide a system of supplementary roads to serve as branches or feeders to the State system. It is also necessary to complete the system rapidly, so that the supplementary roads will have something with which to connect, and to serve to their fullest capacity.

It is also necessary to hasten the completion of the State system, to avoid the waste due to excessive cost in operating motor vehicles on unimproved roads.

We know that the 682,000 motor vehicles in Missouri are today spending needlessly, through this excessive cost of operation, $32,000,000 a year, due to the present incompleted portions of our State highway system. This excessive cost represents four and one-half per cent interest on an investment of over $700,000,000 or several times the cost of completing the present incompleted portion of the system, and a number of miles of supplementary roads, including all the interest on the proposed bond issue.

Can't Finance Project

There is no provision in the existing road law which permits the State Highway Commission to finance supplementary roads, nor to build and maintain them. More funds are needed, as well as an enabling act.

The State Highway Department is now operating on a pay-as-we-go basis, and current revenues plus federal aid do not permit a large construction program. A diversion of any portion of these current funds would seriously handicap the Department in completing the state road system, and so react to the serious detriment of the farmer. That this is true will be seen when we recognize the basic fact that the farmer needs, at all times, easy access to his markets.

These markets are the population centers which are on the State highway system. The farmer must, therefore, use State highways in reaching his market. He is interested in the early completion of these highways but the Commission lacks the necessary funds. The State Highway Commission's efforts with present finances would not complete the system before 1937. The farmer is also interested in supplementary roads by which he may reach the State highways now designated, but the commission has not the authority nor the funds with which to build them. What is the remedy?

The remedy is to secure the funds in sufficient amounts over a short period of years, and with the least burden on the motor vehicle owner who pays the hill. A road bond issue offers the best solution to the problem for it will provide large funds over a comparatively few years to build roads which will save the users many times the interest charges on these bonds. It is the method used by all successful business. A bond issue requires a constitutional amendment. Proposition No. 3 is such an amendment.

This Proposition No. 3 offers these basic advantages. It permits the setting up of a definite and continuing road policy, based on assured finances. It gives stability nad permacy to the road program and provides funds for its execution. It recognizes the needs of the framer. This amendment makes it possible to construct 5000 or more miles of supplementary or farm-to-market roads by 1937, State built and State maintained, as an addition to the present system.

The fourth pargraph of the amendment gives explicit authority for these supplementary roads, their construction and maintenance. We urge every voter to read this amendment and not to be misled by the propaganda sent out by opponents of the measure.

Our estimate based on past experience shows that we will have at least $40,000,000 available for these supplementary roads by 1937, with ample reserve to take care of the other provisions, sinking fund requirements, interest payments, maintenance overhead expenses of the department, and collection costs.

Our engineers estimate that these supplementary roads can be built with standard drainage structures, of ample width and surfacing at a cost which will not exceed $5000 to $8000 a mile.

The method provided in the amendment for the distribution of funds for these supplementary roads apportions them to the counties according to the area and population of the county, as compared to the total area and population of the State, excluding that of St. Louis and Kansas City. This method of distributing was approved after consdiering several different ways in which the funds might be allocated, and a little tho't will show it to be most fair. It was felt that a county of large area would need more mileage to get the same degree of road penetration comparable with that of a smaller county. It was also felt that, from a standpoint of rendering equal service to the counties, a thickly populated county would need a larger number of miles of roads to serve traffic than a less populated county.

The method of selecting these roads, through proper officials in each county acting in conjunction with and subject to approval of the State Highway Commission, insures their location where most needed.

What will these benefits cost the farmer? These benefits can be had without increasing the motor vehicle license fees or the gasoline tax, and without any property tax; if Proposition No. 3 carries at the fall election. If Proposition No. 3 should fail to carry, the motor vehicle owner will continue to pay his license fee and gasoline tax as he has in the past, but there will be no farm-to-market roads.

Either Proposition No. 3 must carry, or new laws must be passed giving the State Highway Department authority to locate, construct, and maintain such supplementary roads, and provide some means of financing such roads. Without further revenues, under the present pay-as-we-go plan, the construction of farm-to-market roads (called supplementary State roads in amendment) would, even if authorized, have to wait until the present State system will have been completed, before work on supplementary roads could begin. Can the farmer afford to wait another 10 years before a beginning is made on the construction of the farm-to-market system?

Legislatures Don't Act

Should Proposition No. 3 fail to carry at the election in November, there is little likelihood that new legislation will be enacted, in the near future, changing the present road law. This has been tried before without success. We have had three General Assemblies since the passage of the Centennial Road Law. Each one has witnessed attempts to add mileage to the State road system, or to divert some of the road funds to the counties for county roads. All attempts to change the present law have failed.

Therefore, if Proposition No. 3 fails of uassage, there will be less likelihood than ever that any changes will be made in the existing law; for the decision of the voters-at-large would most likely be accepted as a mandate to future general assemblies warning them that the voters do not want any change in the existing law.

Offer the Only Plan

There is no alternative for this proposition. There is no other plan now before the people that will secure supplementary state roads. Under the present pay-as-we-go plan, we cannot build these farm-to-market roads. We cannot add the needed mileage to our state system for filling the gaps in the present system and connecting it with the state parks. We cannot properly take care of the ever increasing traffic arou St. Louis and Kansas City with its growing hazards, and we cannot bridge navigable streams as may be necessary to give unity and completness to our State highway system. The opponents to this program can give no relief, can build no roads, and have provided no alternative proposition to put before the voters.

The farmers have much to lose by the defeat of the $75,000,000 bond issue. Such defeat simply leaves a void. There is nothing to substitute for the proposed 5000 miles of farm-to-market roads. Such defeat will not alter the present status quo. Such defeat will bring no reduction in the gasoline tax, no lessening of the automobile license fees, nor any remission of taxes on property.—Missouri Ruralist.

AN ANSWER TO PROPOSITION NO. 3 OPPONENTS

Opponents to Proposition No. 3 have advanced various arguments tended to defeat the measure. One, and by no meaus the least important, centers on the idea that individual counties should vote their own road bonds, decide their location, and provide for their maintenance.

There is sufficient evidence near at hand to disqualify all three in favor of a unified, all-State system which will be provided for in the proposed new road bond measure. Jackson County voted six and a half million dollars to be expended in the next two years on county roads, and right now complications are piling up. The bonds were voted originally on the condition that the money be spent non-politically by a competent bi-partisan board of engineers on a road system laid out by these engineers. Now arises the problem of "fixing" the county court so that it may again favor tre "bi-partisan" board plan of expending the money.

Scott County has had enough of county built roads, the County has also had its fill of "locating" roads, and surely there is no argument on the maintainence question in this and surrounding counties. In most cases the roads were built and then were allowed to wear out.

Those are general statements, here are the actual figures which are guaranteed by the State Highway Commission and the State of Missouri for Scott County. Here are the facts:

A total of $1,580,388 will be spent in Scott County on primary and secondary roads under the life of the proposed amendment.

A total of 49.1 miles of State roads will be built.

Of this said $1,580,388, the sum of $444,689 will be expended on secondary or "farm-to-market" roads.

$1,135,699 will be spent on primary roads.

It further means that $68,235 will be returned to Scott County for MAINTENANCE and Farm-to-Market roads.

And finally to sum up the situation, the passage of the Bond Issue is of vital interest to rural Missouri from a financial point of view as well as other views. While the cities understand their benefits will be derived by a closer and easier connection with rural Missouri and the building up of the State in a material and general way.

Answer criticism with the figures.

Managers of both political parties are claiming everything and one of them is bound to lose. The Republicans are crying that the Democrats are mud slinging, but say nothing about their whispering campaign that they started in order to poison the minds of certain classes who let prejudice carry them away from real issues. Republicans in Sikseton claim that Charlie Hay was a mudslinger when he told of the rascality of the Harding Administration and of the Baker Administration, but he was not slinging mud, he was just telling record facts.



About Battery Life

Little Johnny's father is telling the man how long the good WILLARD BATTERY we sold him has been *going strong* in his car.

Everybody who uses Willards likes them. And why not? Willards are the BEST batteries beyond all question of doubt.

Phone 229

Superior Chevrolet Co.

GENUINE WILLARD BATTERIES AND WILLARD SERVICE FOR ALL MAKES

ELECT A GOVERNOR OF WHOM MISSOURI CAN BE PROUD

The Republican Party of Missouri Has a Record. Here It Is:

Two State officials confessed or convicted of conspiracy to violate the law and accepting bribe money therefor.

One State official convicted of embezzling funds of a bank in his charge.

A State finance commissioner forced to resign under charges of malfeasance in office.

Scandals in the licensing of physicians to practice medicine.

The State's health supervisor fired to make room for a political appointment.

The boys' reform school mdae a school for crime.

Scandals in prison management with a resulting deficit of $600,000.

Scandals in insane asylum management. Deficit, $107,000.

The officials responsible for these occurrences kept in office.

The funds of depositors and stockholders in failed banks made a fat field for political exploitation, hundreds of thousands of dollars of their money paid to favored attorneys.

Losses to the State through failure to comply with the law in taking security for deposit of State funds.

Jobholders increased. Their salaries boosted. The prison payroll increased $10,000 per month! $120,000 a year!

Republican members of the Legislature, both House and Senate, holding State appointments in defiance of the Constitution which forbids it.

Two Republican administrations with no constructive achievements for the State, no conception of the State's needs and welfare, no leadership except pleas for more revenu and more power for the Governor.

The Democratic Candidate for Governor Has a Record. Here It Is:

Prosecuting Attorney of Platte County.

Forty felony convictions out of 42 felony indictments.

Four hundred and seventy-five misdemeanor convictions out of 500 prosecutions.

Eight years in the Missouri Senate.

Four as President pro tem of that body.

Author of many wise and beneficent laws covering morals, health, education, agriculture. and other subjects pertaining to the general welfare of the people.

Over seven years United States District Attorney by appointment of President Wilson.

Won every case in which he participated during his entire term except three, more than sustaining his record as a competent, vigorous and fearless prosecutor.

Received a letter from the Attorney General of the United States saying that he had the best record of any district attorney in the United States in proportion to business transacted, both civil and criminal as compared to similar offices in all other districts of like population.

Receiver of the Kansas City Railways Company under appointment of Federal Court for almost six years.

Found the company over 30 millions in debt and without credit.

Under his receivership 5 million dollars was paid out for improvements and maintenance.

One million for busses and garages.

Thirty-one million to employees.

Three and one-fourth million in taxes.

At the termination of the receivership six million in cash and United States bonds turned over to the new owners.

Sixty-four million dollars handled without one penny of loss.

All without increasing fares or reducing wages.

Vote For FRANCIS M. WILSON

Democratic Candidate For Governor, and a Business Administration For Missouri

Democratic State Committee, 300 Landreth Bldg., St. Louis

BARTHOLDT GIVES HIS REASONS FOR SUPPORTING SMITH

Richard Bartholdt, former Republican Congressman, has issued a statement setting forth his reasons for supporting Gov. Smith and opposing Herbert Hoover for the presidency. The two matters on which he chiefly bases his choice are prohibition and German sympathies.

Bartholdt announced that he would support the Republican ticket, except the presidential electors. In 1924 he supported LaFollette's candidacy for President, on the Progressive-Socialist fusion ticket.

In his statement, Bartholdt characterizes Hoover as "a Wilson Democrat". He praises Gov. Smith's action in defying the dry Democracy of the South with his telegram to the Houston convention. By this act, he says, the national contest was converted into "a struggle, above the heads of the political parties, for the great principles of liberty as against the powers of darkness and oppression".

Smith's elcetion, he says, would be a mandate to Congress to "sub-stitute for the futile nostrum of prohibition a new system for promotion of real temperance". Hoover's election, on the other hand, would be "an authoritative command to lay the cross even heavier on our backs". The Anti-Saloon League, he says, has so interpreted the matter, and correctly, in its campaign literature.

Bartholdt says that people of German blood would fight against prohibition on principle, "even if it had not produced and aggravated corruption, debauchery and crime".

He censures Hoover for a "belated effort to pose as a friend and benefactor of the German people". He declares that Hoover denounced the Germans, in the preface to a wartime book, printed in France, and entitled "The Iron Circle".

"In this preface", Bartholdt says, "he denounces the whole German nation as being 'devoid of honor'. And can we ever forget the well authenticated incident of his telling two emissaries of the German Government begging for bread to feed the stravment who, after the armistice, were ing women and children of Germany, 'to got to hell' with his compliments? At that time, of course, he never dreamed of ever running for President of the United States, and he was probably right in assuming that abusing the Germans was a popular thing to do. But now 'chickens are coming home to roost'. It should be added that the above facts were related in an Associated Press dispacth from Washington, dated December 27, 1918, and never denied".

In regard to the testimony of former Congressman Cleveland A. Newton and others, as to Hoover's efforts to get food to the Germans, Bartholdt says, "Let nobody be misled by these attempts at white-washing".

Newton argues that, because of the attitude of the allied authorities, Hoover could not have sent food to Germany if he had wished to do so, and Bartholdt chooses to believe that he did not wish to. In this connection, Bartholdt quotes expressions of President Wilson and Senator Lodge, but does not quote Hoover, who has been quoted by Newton as making a strong plea in behalf of the Germans.

Bartholdt says that the committee of Lutheran business men, who lately sent out criculars in support of Hoover, attempted to "hide religious prejudices behind the smoke screen of the immigration question". He argues that Smith's position on immigration is in agreement with Hoover's.

He then discusses prejudice in religion, saying the chief danger to American liberty comes from the "many popes of the Anti-Saloon League, with its unholy mixture of religion and politics".

"The election of Gov. Smith", Bartholdt writes, "will be the first step toward a change in this respect. He will open the windows and doors of our national temple to admist fresh air into the stifling atmosphree of hypocrisy, bigotry and intolerance, in which we now live. He is a liberal, fearless and right-thinking man of independent judgment and proven integrity, a man of a kind which, alas, is getting rarer and rarer in our commercial age. Let us emulate his brave example and go to the ballot box with the battle cry: 'Make Way for Liberty!' "

FOR RENT—Small acreage for cotton to colored party who has team and can back self.—Louise M. Lewis, Route 3, box 141, Sikeston, Mo. pd.

Mrs. Clara Branum of Paducah, Ky., spent the week-end with her daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Carroll. Mrs. Branum returned to her home Sunday.

C. E. Brenton, of the Missouri Utilities Co., was a business visitor to St. Louis this week.

Mrs. Calvin Greer returned Tuesday from an extended visit to California, much improved in health.

The Co-Workers of the Methodist church will hold a bake sale at The Bijou Saturday afternoon. Cake, candy and popcorn balls will be on sale.



Have you tried, — Golden brown waffles, Electrically cooked right on your table.

DEMOCRATIC SPEAKING

Benton, Missouri

Friday Afternoon, October 26

2:00 O'CLOCK

Former United States Senator

XENOPHON P. WILFLEY

Senator Wilfley is a very forceful speaker. He will discuss the issues of the campaign.

Scott County Democratic Central Committee

DANIELS SAYS HOOVER DOESN'T 'RING TRUE' ON HIS DRY STAND

Birmingham, Ala., October 18.—Herbert Hoover was accused by Jos. Daniels, in an address here tonight, of having become "the spokesman of privilge", of failing to "ring true" on prohiibtion and of being obligated to the "Coolidge policies" regarding Muscle Shoals and power development.

Continuing his tour of the South in the interest of Gov. Alfred E. Smith, the Raleigh, N. C., publisher also charged that Hoover's influence in the fixing of wheat prices in 1919 cost the farmer $200,000,000.

"I cannot support Herbert Hoover, because he does not ring true on prohibition", said Daniels. "He has not, up to date, said what he favors. * * * It was not until he was prodded that he even went so far as to declare 'prohibtion is a noble experiment', meaning that it was a doubtful success. Later he said he opposed the repeal of the eighteenth amendment or any nullification.

"While I will continue to oppose Gov. Smith's suggestion for amending the law (knowing the prohibition law is safe beyond question), I cannot as a dry Democrat go over to the support of his opponent, whose chief advocates are as wet as the Atlantic Ocean; as wet even as the New York Democrats . . . Confident that no changes can be made in the prohibition law, I prefer to accept the promise (of law enforcement) of Al Smith to the broken promises of Hoover's party . . .

"It cannot be forgotten that Hoover induced President Wilson to fix a price for the 1919 wheat crop at a figure that denied the wheat growers $200,000,000 which the National Agricultural Committee officially said they were entitled to receive, in view of the increase of all other commodities. In 1920, when this Hoover policy drove thousands of farmers from the support of the Democratic candidates, the whole blame was laid by the farmers at the door of the invalid Wilson. Hoover should have denounced the unjust assault. Instead Hoover joined the party of the detractors and has never yet assumed responsibility of his acts.

"I cannot support Hoover because he has stood with the Coolidge policy of turning over Muscle Shoals to the giant power trust, the most reprehensible piece of privilege of recent days. For seven and a half years the Coolidge administration has fought to lease it to private interests, and when Congress directed its operation by Uncle Sam for the benefit of all the people, including the cheaper production of nitrates for fertilizer, President Coolidge gave it a pocket veto, Hoover assenting, acquiescing and consenting to wrong".

30x3 1-2 Pathfinder Oversize Tire $5.85

FALL CLEARANCE SALE

30x3 1-2 Over-Size All-Weather Tire $7.25



STARTS TODAY FOR ONE WEEK ONLY

All Kinds of Tires That You Need for Your Car, Priced to Clear Our Stock Quick!

29x4:40 All-Weather Tire $8.00
30x4:50 All-Weather Heavy Duty Tire $11.35
30x4:50 All-Weather Tire $8.90
31x5:25 All-Weather Tire $12.90
31x5:25 All-Weather Heavy Duty Tire $15.10
33x6.00 All-Weather Tire $15.60
33x6.00 Heavy Duty Tire $18.00
32x6.00 10 Ply Truck Tire $42.45

GOODYEAR

Tires and Tubes

—AT—

LOWEST PRICES IN 30 YEARS

Quality Highest in History

Guaranteed for Life Against Any and All Defects

GENUINE GOODYEAR SUPERTWIST CORDS

Balloons — Brand New Factory Firsts — High Pressure

30x3 1-2 Pathfinder TUBE 98c
30x3 1-2 GOODYEAR TUBE $1.35
31x4 GOODYEAR TUBE $1.75

29x4:40 Pathfinder TUBE $1.35
29x4:40 Goodyear TUBE $1.65
30x4:50 Goodyear TUBE $1.75

30x4:50 Pathfinder TUBE $1.40
31x5:25 Goodyear TUBE $2.25
33x6.00 Goodyear TUBE $2.85

Come in and Take Your Pick of these Bargains Before They are Sold Out

29x4:40 Pathfinder TIRE $6.70

Three Stations to Serve You

PHONE 667 DAY OR NIGHT — THE HOME OF FRIENDLY SERVICE — Sensenbaugh's SUPER SERVICE STATION — SIKESTON

Three Stations to Serve You

30x4:50 Pathfinder TIRE $7.25

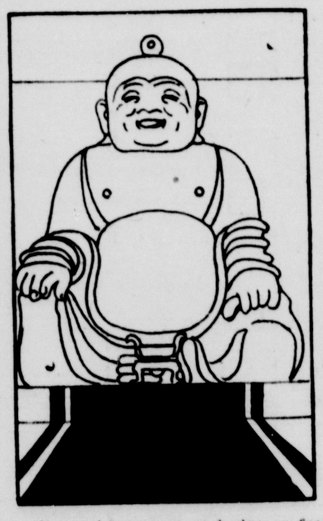
ARE YOU SUPERSTITIOUS ?

BY FRANK ELLIS, JR.

Numbers in Buddhism

IN BUDDHISM the three causes of demerits are: Lust, anger and ignorance. The first has for its destroying agent fire; anger has water; and ignorance, wind. The three precious things are Buddha, the law, and the assembly. There are three great divisions in the sacred books. The images of Buddha are only represented in three positions; sitting cross-legged, standing, as if ready to advance, and reclining on his side with his head resting on a pillow.

The superstition respecting climacterics, or critical periods of life, was very strong during the Middle ages; and even down to recent times. The



mystic numbers seven and nine so frequently occuring in the Bible had their influence with many persons.

It was believed that the constitution of man changes every seven years; that the whole of the solids and fluids of the body changes during that time, the old cast off and new matter formed. At seven years of age a child had left infancy, at fourteen he had attained puberty, at twenty-one he had reached manhood, and so on.

The power of the seventh son of the seventh son to heal diseases is believed.

The Scotch spaewife (fortune teller) generally pretended that she was the seventh daughter of the seventh daughter, and was supposed, in consequence, by the lower orders, to possess second sight.

(©, 1928, Western Newspaper Union.)

SCIENCE ABOUT TO OVERCOME CANCER, DR. MAYO DECLARES

Chicago, October 22.—As a last word to the 3000 physicians and health experts attending the convention of the American Public Health Association, Dr. Charles Mayo, noted surgeon, said:

"Medical science is on the threshold of winning its greatest battle—that against cancer. Wonderful strides have been made by research workers.

"Some have experimented with electrical current in treating cancer developed in animals, mainly mice. Others have been using radium and X-ray. Still others have been testing dietary effects with some success before the people that will secure supplementary state roads. Under the present pay-as-wego plan, we cess. I believe we have discovered an antidote or cure.

"Science has learned a lot about cancer in the last few years, but most of this knowledge has been in the realm of the laboratory rather than in practical treatment.

"The time has now come to co-ordinate all experimental threads woven by individuals so they may be blended into actual treatments for cancer-stricken human beings. It is for that purpose we are planning to establish a great cancer research institute in Chicago. We hope in this institute to bring together all the knowledge about cancer gleaned in laboratories and to apply that knowledge to patients suffering from cancer.

"In this way we shall be able to study the effects of the treatments and detremine which are most effective. Surgeons would work side by side with biologists, pathologists and other scientists".

Vandalia—Inglish Chevrolet Co. moves into new quarters.

CORRESPONDENCE FROM MATTHEWS

Supt. G. D. Englehart was a New Madrid visitor Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Don Kochel were Matthews visitors Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Zimmer motored to Advance Sunday afternoon.

Mason Emerson of New Madrid refereed the football game here Friday.

Don't forget to patronize the Christian Ladies' Aid dinner on election day.

Mrs. G. D. Steele and Mrs. Albert Deane shoped in Sikeston Saturday afternoon.

Orville Lumsden spent the weekend with his uncle, Charles Lumsden and family.

The Matthews football team scored another victory Friday, beating Vanduser 24-0.

A number of families from Matthews enjoyed a nutting party on the bayou Sunday.

Rev. Dewey Short delivered a talk at the Methodist church Sunday afternoon. A good crowd was in attendance.

Thos. Gallivan, one of New Madrid's most prominent lawyers and a good Democrat, was a Matthews visitor, last Thursday.

Val Baker, Geo. Traylor and James Finch of New Madrid attended the Republican speaking at the Methodist church Sunday afternoon.

Rev. Dennis, the new pastor for this place was here Sunday afternoon, but did not preach as the pulpit was occupied by Rev. Dewey Short.

Jesse Todd, Will Smith, Misses Lorain Gardner, Smith and Hudson came down from Sikeston Sunday night and helped to organize an Epworth League. Mr. Todd gave a very interesting and instructive talk, which was much appreciated and enjoyed. Miss Hudson gave a piano solo. We hope these young people will visit us again soon.

The Standard, $1.50 per year.

TO PONDERERS ON OCEAN ISLES—ALONE

Sunset—upon a foreign land away
Alone are you? On your removed strand,
Where glistening palms bend far to the land
As a troubadour's bow, to your dismay
Speaks his love, metronomic with the sway
Of the water, gilded to gold by the moon.
Or, shall you to the night your mind intune
To the memories of times, of a day,
Of a year, when entrancements were few
As now, but thoughts were as pretty, as clear;
As the tinkling of Time's bells we all hear—
These rigid closers of the curtains due
Upon the twilight of life when but few
Would 'wait their ringing far away —as you!

—James Huls, Jr., Matthews

HOOVER CAME TO U. S. DURING WAR TO AID ENGLAND, REED SAYS

Madison, Wis., October 20.—Senator James A. Reed of Missouri, in the first speech he has made in behalf of the candidacy of Gov. Alfred Smith, put the Democratic microscope on the career of Herbert Hoover here tonight.

The Republican presidential nominee's long residence in foreign countries, his record as food administrator during the World War, and his past political alignments drew the fire of the Senate veteran, whose address was broadcast over a network of Midwest stations.

A speech by United States Senator John J. Blaine of Wisconsin, who recently announced he would support Gov. Smith, also was broadcast from the same meeting.

"Mr. Hoover has so long posed as the savior of Belgium that many people almost believe that out of his own private fortunes and by his own individual efforts he fed the Belgians during the war", declared Senator Reed.

"That myth might as well be exploded now. In feeding the Belgians Mr. Hoover was in fact performing a great service for the British and French governments, for both countries realized if the Belgian people were not fed, the morale of the Belgian army would be broken".

Senator Reed charged Hoover with coming to the United States as Food Administrator "with the purpose in his heart of fixing a price upon American farm products for the benefit of England and France and Belgium. Before he left England, Hoover "rigged" the market for the purpose of beating down the price of American farm prdoucts, declared the Senator.

"Mr. Hoover's eulogists tell of how he bought vast quantities of provisions and supplies, and having accumulated they would suddenly hurl them upon the market, break the price, and then buy in at low prices upon the broken market", he continued.

Tracing Hoover's gradual acquisition of power as Food Administrator in the United States, Senator Reed said:

Kansas City—Kansas City Journal and Post consolidate as Kansas City Journal Post.

'While our American farmer was receiving $2.20 for his wheat after delivery at the market, less charges and discounts for quality, wheat in the European markets was running from $3 to $5 a bushel".

ARE YOU SUPERSTITIOUS ?

BY FRANK ELLIS, JR.

Popular Beliefs

BOIL an egg hard, take out the yolk, and fill its place with salt. Eat before retiring. The person you dream of bringing you water will be your future husband. To be done by two girls in silence going backward as they retire.

A man should wear on his wedding day a shirt which his bride gave him. To have luck in married life, always jump over a broomstick after the marriage ceremony.

If your left ear burns there is some one speaking evil of you.

If your right ear itches some one is speaking well of you.

If your right eye itches you will see something pleasing; the left, something disagreeable.

If you have a donkey with you in a



dangerous place, you will come to no harm.

If bees make their nest in the roof of a house, none of the daughters will marry.

If you bite the inside of your cheek or tongue while talking, it is a sign that you are telling a story.

Measuring your waist as if for a dress will bring bad luck.

If you break your parasol, you will lose your lover.

If your hand trembles as you write to your beloved, his love for you is strong.

Poplar trees near a house are unlucky.

(©, 1928, Western Newspaper Union.)

SIKESTON STANDARD

C. L. BLANTON, EDITOR

ISSUED TUESDAY AND FRIDAY AT SIKESTON, MISSOURI

Entered at the Postoffice at Sikeston, Scott County, Missouri, as second-class mail matter, according to act of Congress.

Rates:
Display advertising, per single column inch, net 25c
Reading notices, per line 10c
Bank statements $10.00
Probate notices, minimum ....$ 5.00
Yearly subscription in Scott and the adjoining counties $1.50
Yearly subscription elsewhere in the United States $2.00

Protestants Lead Smith Appointees

Conclusive proof that Governor Smith has never been controlled by political or religious influences is found in his appointments as Governor of New York, Statistics made public by Secretary of State Moses reveal that a great majority of the Governor's appointees are Protestants and that there are twice as many Republicans as Democrats in his Cabinet.



Governor Alfred E. Smith

The Governor's Cabinet is comprised of 10 Protestants, 3 Catholics and 1 Jew. Of these 8 are Republican, 4 are Democrats and 2 are Independents.

Of 25 State Department heads, 14 are Protestants and 11 are Catholics. Eight are Republicans, 3 are Independents and 14 are Democrats.

Of 156 other State officials whose appointments require the approval of the Governor, there are 105 Protestants, 33 Catholics, 11 Jews and 7 undesignated.

In every case, regardless of all other considerations, Governor Smith appointed the person he thought best fitted for the office.

PLEA TO BIGOTRY A COSTLY BLUNDER

Hamilton Fish, Jr., Warns Hoover That Republican Success Is Jeopardized.

WASHINGTON.—Hamilton Fish, Jr., Republican representative from New York, has warned Chairman Work of the Republican National Committee, that the injection of the religious issue into the campaign by accredited Republican speakers will result in a clean sweep of New York and the Eastern states by Governor Smith on that issue.

Calling on Mr. Hoover, Mr. Fish told the Republican presidential candidate that he was "so disgusted with such political blunders" as are being committed by the Hoover campaign managers that he contemplates abandoning his speaking tour in New York state.

The Republican representative said he "informed Mr. Hoover that Republican leaders committed a stupid political blunder by forcing the nomination of Ambassador Houghton," which "would endanger the entire ticket and alienate labor and the World War veterans, and jeopardize the entire Republican ticket. The failure of the Republicans to nominate a single World War veteran . . . will be resented by the rank and file."

Mr. Fish advised that Mrs. Mabel Walker Willebrant and all others who are appealing to bigotry, be silenced "before irreparable harm has been done to the Republican ticket."

GOVERNOR OF NORTH CAROLINA ATTACKS BIGOTS

RALEIGH, N. C.—A vigorous campaign for the election of Gov. Smith is being made throughout North Carolina by Governor A. W. McLean. Attacking religious intolerance, he said:

"I am ready to defend the right of Governor Smith and every other man or woman, whether Catholic or Protestant, to worship God in his own way.

"I am for Gov. Smith because I believe he is in every way qualified to fill the office of President."

CHURCH DECRIES BIGOTRY

The Rev. Dr. Hugh K. Walker, moderator of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, is censored in an editorial in this week's Presbyterian, national church paper, for his call upon Presbyterians to support Hoover. His church position gives him no right to give political advice, the editorial states.

666

Cures Malaria and quickly relieves Biliousness, Headaches and Dizziness due to temporary Constipation. Aids in eliminating Toxins and is highly esteemed for producing copious watery evacuations.

OFFICIAL BALLOT

GENERAL ELECTION, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1928

REPUBLICAN PARTY
HOOVER-CURTIS

For Presidential Elector at Large: WILLIAM BUCHHOLZ
For Presidential Elector at Large: MRS. E. E. RUDOLPH
For Presidential Elector, 1st District: W. H. YANCEY
For Presidential Elector, 2nd District: MRS. VINA I. BOWDEN
For Presidential Elector, 3rd District: C. H. JOHNSTON
For Presidential Elector, 4th District: MRS. INA HITZ
For Presidential Elector, 5th District: FRANK G. CROWELL
For Presidential Elector, 6th District: ROY D. MILLER
For Presidential Elector, 7th District: W. A. DOLLARHIDE
For Presidential Elector, 8th District: MRS. MATTIE PETERS
For Presidential Elector, 9th District: GEORGE E. HACKMANN
For Presidential Elector, 10th District: G. A. WURDEMAN
For Presidential Elector, 11th District: JOHN J. HURLEY
For Presidential Elector, 12th District: C. H. TURPIN
For Presidential Elector, 13th District: JULES WASHER
For Presidential Elector, 14th District: H. L. KERR
For Presidential Elector, 15th District: FRANK CURLESS
For Presidential Elector, 16th District: FRANK HYDE
For Senator in Congress: ROSCOE C. PATTERSON
For Governor: HENRY S. CAULFIELD
For Lieutenant-Governor: EDWARD M. WINTER
For Secretary of State: CHARLES U. BECKER

(Continued on next page)

DEMOCRATIC PARTY
SMITH-ROBINSON

For Presidential Elector at Large: HENRY S. PRIEST
For Presidential Elector at Large: THOMAS A. DODGE
For Presidential Elector, 1st District: J. C. DORIAN
For Presidential Elector, 2nd District: W. W. RUCKER
For Presidential Elector, 3rd District: W. R. WILLIS
For Presidential Elector, 4th District: L. D. RAMSEY
For Presidential Elector, 5th District: FRANK C. NILES
For Presidential Elector, 6th District: R. E. IRESON
For Presidential Elector, 7th District: WILLIAM WALKER
For Presidential Elector, 8th District: LAFE VAUGHN
For Presidential Elector, 9th District: D. W. HERRING
For Presidential Elector, 10th District: PETER J. WALSH
For Presidential Elector, 11th District: PHELIM O'TOOLE
For Presidential Elector, 12th District: THOMAS J. FINAN
For Presidential Elector, 13th District: WILLIAM R. EDGAR
For Presidential Elector, 14th District: EVERETT REEVES
For Presidential Elector, 15th District: H. C. CHANCELLOR
For Presidential Elector, 16th District: LESLIE B. HUTCHISON
For Senator in Congress: CHARLES M. HAY
For Governor: FRANCIS M. WILSON
For Lieutenant-Governor: FRANK G. HARRIS
For Secretary of State: DWIGHT H. BROWN

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SOCIALIST PARTY
THOMAS-MAUER

For Presidential Elector at Large: JAMES T. PHILLIPS
For Presidential Elector at Large: DAVID S. LANDIS
For Presidential Elector, 1st District: T. S. SHACKLETON
For Presidential Elector, 2nd District: E. R. ANDERSON
For Presidential Elector, 3rd District: FRANK GARDNER
For Presidential Elector, 4th District: WILLIS COX
For Presidential Elector, 5th District: MRS. CARRIE V. HODGES
For Presidential Elector, 6th District: WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYANT
For Presidential Elector, 7th District: J. A. DETHEROW
For Presidential Elector, 8th District: H. V. OUSLEY
For Presidential Elector, 9th District: ROBERT W. DILGER
For Presidential Elector, 10th District: OTTO KAEMMERER
For Presidential Elector, 11th District: JOSEPH GEISLINGER
For Presidential Elector, 12th District: JACOB SHAPIRO
For Presidential Elector, 13th District: MRS. T. M. POLK
For Presidential Elector, 14th District: M. B. DAVIDSON
For Presidential Elector, 15th District: A. B. GRIEP
For Presidential Elector, 16th District: HENRY M. FOUTY
For Senator in Congress: CHARLES H. HARRISON
For Governor: JOSEPH G. HODGES
For Lieutenant-Governor: FRANK J. OFFENBURGER
For Secretary of State: GOTTLIEB A. HOEHN

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SOCIALIST-LABOR PARTY
REYNOLDS-CROWLEY

For Presidential Elector at Large: WILLIAM HENKE
For Presidential Elector at Large: FRED SPALTI
For Presidential Elector, 1st District:
For Presidential Elector, 2nd District:
For Presidential Elector, 3rd District:
For Presidential Elector, 4th District:
For Presidential Elector, 5th District:
For Presidential Elector, 6th District:
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For Presidential Elector, 12th District:
For Presidential Elector, 13th District:
For Presidential Elector, 14th District:
For Presidential Elector, 15th District:
For Presidential Elector, 16th District:
For Senator in Congress: WILLIAM W. COX
For Governor: EDWARD T. MIDDLECOFF
For Lieutenant-Governor: KARL OBERHEU
For Secretary of State: LEO L. ABERLE

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PROHIBITION PARTY

For Presidential Elector at Large:
For Presidential Elector at Large:
For Presidential Elector, 1st District:
For Presidential Elector, 2nd District:
For Presidential Elector, 3rd District:
For Presidential Elector, 4th District:
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For Presidential Elector, 13th District:
For Presidential Elector, 14th District:
For Presidential Elector, 15th District:
For Presidential Elector, 16th District:
For Senator in Congress:
For Governor: W. G. BRANDENBURG
For Lieutenant-Governor:
For Secretary of State:

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INDEPENDENT

For Presidential Elector at Large:
For Presidential Elector at Large:
For Presidential Elector, 1st District:
For Presidential Elector, 2nd District:
For Presidential Elector, 3rd District:
For Presidential Elector, 4th District:
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For Presidential Elector, 15th District:
For Presidential Elector, 16th District:
For Senator in Congress:
For Governor:
For Lieutenant-Governor:
For Secretary of State:

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For State Auditor:
☐ L. D. THOMPSON

For State Treasurer:
☐ LARRY BRUNK

For Attorney-General:
☐ STRATTON SHARTEL

For Judge Supreme Court (Division No. One):
☐ WILLIAM F. FRANK

For Judge of Springfield Court of Appeals:
☐ ROBERT J. SMITH

For Representative in Congress, 14th District:
☐ DEWEY J. SHORT

For State Senator, 33rd District:
☐ GEORGE W. KIRK

For Judge of the Circuit Court, 28th Judicial Circuit:
☐ JOHN A. SNIDER

For Representative:
☐ GEORGE J. ARNOLD

For Judge of the County Court, 1st District:
☐ F. E. MOUNT

For Judge of the County Court, 2nd District:
☐ SOLOMON DIEBOLD

For Prosecuting Attorney:
☐ J. H. HALE

For Sheriff:
☐ W. O. SCOTT

For Assessor:
☐ FLOYD E. KING

For Treasurer:
☐ E. A. DYE

For Public Administrator:
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For Surveyor:
☐ JAS. A. COLLIER

For Coroner:
☐ G. T. DORRIS

For Judge of the County Court, 1st District:
☐ F. E. MOUNT

For Judge of the County Court, 2nd District:
☐ SOLOMON DIEBOLD

For Constable, Commerce Township:
☐ J. F. CLYMER

For Constable, Tywappity Township:
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For Constable, Sandywoods Township:
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For Constable, Richland Township:
☐ J. H. HAYDEN

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For State Auditor:
☐ FORREST SMITH

For State Treasurer:
☐ RICHARD R. NACY

For Attorney-General:
☐ ELMER O. JONES

For Judge Supreme Court (Division No. One):
☐ GEORGE ROBB ELLISON

For Judge of Springfield Court of Appeals:
☐ JOHN H. BRADLEY

For Representative in Congress, 14th District:
☐ JAMES F. FULBRIGHT

For State Senator, 23rd District:
☐ RALPH WAMMACK

For Judge of the Circuit Court, 28th Judicial Circuit:
☐ FRANK KELLEY

For Representative:
☐ C. C. WHITE

For Judge of the County Court, 1st District:
☐ GEORGE BUCHANAN

For Judge of the County Court, 2nd District:
☐ ANTON LEGRAND

For Prosecuting Attorney:
☐ M. E. MONTGOMERY

For Sheriff:
☐ TOM SCOTT

For Assessor:
☐ J. D. O'CONNOR

For Treasurer:
☐ C. E. FELKER

For Public Administrator:
☐ J. CLAUDE WYLIE

For Surveyor:
☐ R. L. HARRISON

For Coroner:
☐ GEORGE R. DEMPSTER

For Judge of the County Court, 1st District:
☐ GEORGE BUCHANAN

For Judge of the County Court, 2nd District:
☐ ANTON LEGRAND

For Constable, Commerce Township:
☐ HARTRELL BROCK

For Constable, Tywappity Township:
☐ LONNIE MICHAEL

For Constable, Sandywoods Township:
☐ J. S. PEAL

For Constable, Richland Township:
☐ BROWN JEWELL

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For State Auditor:
☐ MEYER WEINTRAUB

For State Treasurer:
☐ HENRY SIROKY

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Less Poisoning by Liberal Feed

Overgrazing of Pastures Forced Animals to Eat Inferior Plants.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Conservative grazing, which assures an abundant supply of nutritious range forage, is an important factor in reducing losses of live stock from poisonous plants, says the forest service, United States Department of Agriculture.

Cause of Losses.

At a recent meeting of the Intermountain Live Stock Sanitary association Prof. C. E. Fleming of the University of Nevada pointed out that a great many of the death losses from eating poisonous plants were the result of overgrazing and depletion of the better forage plants, which forced the live stock to eat plants of inferior value—including those that are poisonous—in sufficient quantity to prove fatal. Doctor Murray of Salt Lake City also stated that in his opinion many losses on the winter range were due to malnutrition as a result of live stock having to subsist mainly on inferior range plants and having an inadequate forage supply.

Reduce Losses.

In the drought region of southern Arizona it is extremely important, the forest service has found, to graze the range conservatively, since short rainfall may result in the production of a feed supply materially smaller than usual. It was found that by utilizing approximately 80 per cent of the growth of the important palatable plants in the average year and by reserving a part of the grama range, on which the vegetation cures well on the stalk and is excellent winter feed, losses could be reduced from the average for that region of about 10 per cent to about 2 to 3 per cent of the animals grazed. Not only is there a direct saving to the live-stock producer from fewer death losses, but the better condition of animals results in a greater production of young and better development with a more satisfactory price. Thus, profits have been made from cattle during the recent trying years where conservative grazing has been practiced, although net losses were shown by those outfits in the region which utilized their range forage too closely.

Get Seed Wheat Free of Objectionable Weeds

Many wheat growers in the Corn Belt, because of the extensive winter killing that occurred in this area last season, will be faced with the necessity this year of providing themselves with seed wheat. Seed may often be obtained from neighboring farmers, but it may sometimes be necessary, or it may appear advisable to bring in seed from greater distances. In any case, says the United States Department of Agriculture, the farmer should assure himself that the wheat seed he buys is free from weed seeds. Garlic, cockle, and cheat or chess are especially objectionable and unfortunately are widely prevalent in many wheat-growing areas. When once introduced on a farm they are difficult to eradicate, and grain containing such weed seeds is discounted on the market. A little care in preventing the introduction of noxious weeds in seed wheat may save a lot of trouble.

Highest Grade Alfalfa Is Marketed Profitably

A much greater quantity of high-grade alfalfa could be produced and marketed profitably in the United States, the United States Department of Agriculture believes, if producers would study market demands and make their production and loading practices conform to the market requirements. Hay dealers in all the big alfalfa distributing markets receive each year thousands of orders for high-grade alfalfa hay which cannot be filled because of an insufficient quantity of hay of this grade. The chief demand for baled alfalfa hay is from dairymen, and large numbers of them who now depend largely upon mill feeds as sources of protein would doubtless become buyers of alfalfa if supplies of a high-grade hay were available.

Agricultural Notes

The poulterer who markets only plump, juicy broilers, and attractive, delicious roasters, commands the trade.

• • •

The safest procedure of all is to vaccinate all pigs at weaning time. In the long run that is cheap insurance.

• • •

Lambs that receive a good supply of milk and grow rapidly are apt to carry the highly prized "milk or baby fat" when they reach market weight.

• • •

Soy bean hay is considered a very good feed for horses; in fact, it is in a class with alfalfa and clover hay. If the beans are fairly well matured, horses which are merely being maintained need little other feed.

• • •

The term "permanent pastures" commonly includes all the land that is left in pasture year after year for a long time. If it is plowed up once in four or five years it can scarcely be included with the permanent pasture land.

☐ For Constable, Kelso Township: P. L. ZIMMERMAN	☐ For Constable, Kelso Township: J. W. ALLEN	☐ For Constable, Kelso Township:	☐ For Constable, Kelso Township:	☐ For Constable, Kelso Township:	☐ For Constable, Kelso Township: J. E. TINES
☐ For Constable, Moreland Township: EUGENE BERTRAND	☐ For Constable, Moreland Township: TOM HODGKISS	☐ For Constable, Moreland Township:	☐ For Constable, Moreland Township:	☐ For Constable, Moreland Township:	☐ For Constable, Moreland Township:
☐ For Constable, Morley Township: W. C. MOORE	☐ For Constable, Morley Township: JOHN LITTLE	☐ For Constable, Morley Township:	☐ For Constable, Morley Township:	☐ For Constable, Morley Township:	☐ For Constable, Morley Township:
☐ For Constable, Sylvania Township: W. N. MADDOX	☐ For Constable, Sylvania Township: A. YOUNG	☐ For Constable, Sylvania Township:	☐ For Constable, Sylvania Township:	☐ For Constable, Sylvania Township:	☐ For Constable, Sylvania Township:
☐ For Justice of Peace, Sandywoods Township:	☐ For Justice of Peace, Sandywoods Township: WM. A. SCARBROUGH	☐ For Justice of Peace, Sandywoods Township:	☐ For Justice of Peace, Sandywoods Township:	☐ For Justice of Peace, Sandywoods Township:	☐ For Justice of Peace, Sandywoods Township:

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS

On receipt of his ballot the voter shall forthwith, and without leaving the enclosed space, retire alone to one of the voting booths so provided, and shall prepare his ballot for voting in the following manner:

Should the voter desire to vote a "straight" party ticket he shall place a cross (X) mark in the circle immediately below the party name or name of vice-presidential candidate.

If the voter desires to vote for one or more candidates on more than one party ticket, by voting what is commonly called a "split ticket" he may place a cross (X) mark in the circle immediately below one party name and mark cross (X) marks in the squares at the left of the names of candidates on other tickets for whom he wishes to vote.

If the voter desires to vote for one or more candidates whose name or names do not appear on the printed ballot he may do so by drawing a line through the printed name of candidate for such office, and writing below such canceled name the name of the person for whom he desires to vote, and placing a cross mark in the square at the left of such name. The squares so marked shall take precedence over the cross marked in the circle.

Where there are two or more candidates for like office in a group a cross (X) mark in the square to the left of a candidate's name, automatically votes against the candidate whose name appears within the same horizontal lines in the column under the circle in which appears the cross (X) mark unless the voter indicates another candidate to be voted against by drawing a line through such candidate name.

All candidates of the party whose circle is marked shall be counted as voted for excepting where squares are crossed preceding the names of the candidates in other columns; if two or more candidates for the same office are thus designated, neither shall be counted.

If the cross (X) is not placed in the circle immediately below the party name at the head of the column, but does appear in the squares opposite the various candidates' names, then only these names shall be counted for, and none other.

A cross (X) mark is any line crossing any other line at any angle within the voting space, and no ballot shall be declared void because a cross (X) mark therein is irregular in form.

It shall not be lawful to deface or tear a ballot in any manner nor to erase any printed name (except as provided above in this section,) figure, word or letter therefrom, nor to erase any mark made thereon by such voter, nor inclose in the folded ballot any other paper or any article. If the voter deface or tear a ballot, or wrongly mark the name or make an erasure therein, he may obtain one additional ballot on returning to the ballot clerk the one so defaced or wrongly marked.

A ballot placed in the ballot box without any mark shall not be counted. Ballots shall be counted only for the person for whom the marks thereon are applicable; when a voter shall place a mark against two or more names for the same office, and only one candidate is to be chosen for the office none of the candidates shall be deemed to have been voted for and the ballots shall not be counted for either such candidate.

Before leaving the booth the voter shall fold his ballot in such a manner as to conceal his marks thereon. He shall mark his ballot without undue delay. He shall then hand the ballot to the judge of election selected to take ballots, who shall number the ballot and deposit it in the ballot box.

The voter shall quit and leave said enclosed place as soon as possible.

STATE OF MISSOURI,
COUNTY OF SCOTT
SS

I, J. Sherwood Smith, Clerk of the County Court for and within the State and County aforesaid, do hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a true and correct list of all the candidates, together with the names of the political party which they represent, to be voted for at the General Election to be held November 6th, 1928, in Scott County, Missouri, as certified to me by the Secretary of State, as same remains on file in my said office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the County Court. Done at office in Benton, Missouri, this 19th day of October, 1928.

(SEAL)

J. SHERWOOD SMITH,
Clerk of the County Court Scott County, Missouri

Constitutional Ballot

Election, Tuesday, November 6, 1928

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT NO. 1

SUBMITTED BY GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Proposed Constitutional Amendment Increasing Compensation of Members of the General Assembly, with Provisions for their expenses, restrictions upon members and membership, regular and special sessions and limit of recess; relating to state revenue, fixing July First as beginning of fiscal year, providing manner, duration and order of appropriations; repealing certain sections.

YES ☐
NO ☐

PROPOSITION NUMBER 2

SUBMITTED BY INITIATIVE PETITION

An act to provide for the creation, maintenance and administration of a police pension system in all cities of this State that now have or may hereafter attain a population of five hundred thousand inhabitants or over, under which system veteran and disabled police officers of said cities, and the widows and minor children of deceased police officers of said cities, shall receive pensions to be paid partly from certain assessments against the salaries of the police officers of said cities, partly from certain fees, rewards and gifts, and partly from the public funds of said cities.

YES ☐
NO ☐

PROPOSITION NUMBER 3

SUBMITTED BY INITIATIVE PETITION

Amending Article IV, Section 44a, of the Constitution, providing for an additional bond issue of $75,000,000 for construction of state highways.

YES ☐
NO ☐

STATE OF MISSOURI,
COUNTY OF SCOTT
SS

I, J. Sherwood Smith, Clerk of the County County Court, in and for the aforesaid county and State, hreeby certify that the above and foregoing to be a true and correct copy of the One joint and concurrent resolution of the Fifty-third General Assembly of the State of Missouri, of the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Missouri; also of the One act proposed by initiative petition and one amendment to the State Constitution proposed by initiative petition to be submtted to the qualified voters of the State Tuesday the 6th day of November, A. D. 1928, as of Missouri at the General Election to be held on the same has been certified to me by the Secretary of State, and as same remains on file in my said office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the County Court. Done at office in Benton, Missouri, this 19th day of October, 1928.

(SEAL)

J. SHERWOOD SMITH,
Clerk of the County Court Scott County, Missouri

CHARGES CIRCULAR ATTACKS RELIGIOUS FAITH OF HOOVER

St. Louis, October 23.—Bert G. Voorhees, chairman of the Republican State Committee, said yesterday that Missouri had been flooded" with a circular signed "Democratic Central Regional Headquarters", of which Senator Harry B. Hawes is the head, attacking Herbert Hoover's religion and imputing to Quakers lack of patriotism during not only the revolutionary war, but the World War.

This statement was a reprint of an editorial published by Tom Bodine in the Paris (Mo.) Mercury. Its caption is "Catholic or Quaker".

"There is a lot of talk among Democrats about Republicans stirring up a religious issue", said Voorhees. "From the looks of this circular, printed in St. Louis and distributed by the thousands all over Missouri, it would appear that Democratic leaders are guilty of the very thing with which they falsely are charging us. Missouri has been flooded, I am advised, with this circular".

Here are some of the excerpts in the circular:

"Yet as pointed out by a contributor to the Atlantic Monthly, the written doctrines of Quakerism contains political implications which if carried out by the sect of largest numbers would be so far more dangerous to our national sovereignty than the theoretic attitude taken by the Roman hierarchy toward the State.

"The Quaker religion enjoins and commands pacifism on its communicants. To it all war, even defensive war, is wrong. A Quaker cannot and will not fight, even if the country of which he is a citizen is invaded by a foreign foe. He will not bear arms to preserve internal order if the necessity should arise.

"American Quakers refused to fight under Washington in the war for independence, and were absent from the ranks when the British invaded this country in 1812. During the late World War, they evaded the draft as conscientious objectors, and thousands of them, prompted by alleged religious scruples, refused to ride on railroad trains because there was a war tax, their stubborn determination to neither fight nor pay being one of the chief problems with which the government had to deal.

"Incidentally, a Catholic boy was the first American killed in Europe. A Catholic regiment from New York City fought and won the bloody and crucial battle of Balleau Wood, and was practically wiped out when the advance on Paris was blocked.

"Yet while the Catholic boys, and Methodist, Baptist, Presbyterian and Campbellite boys. even from our own county of Monroe, were dying by thousands side by side in France, stout Quaker huskies all over the nation, exempted for reasons of religion, were safe at home, wearing $10 silk shirts, attending meetings regularly and fattening on wages and profits which the travail of other men's sons made possible.

"The church to which they belonged and of which Mr. Hoover boasts being a member, held then and holds now that right of conscience supersedes the authority of the State, even in direst distress".

Bodine suggests that Hoover be asked whether he would let the tenets of his religion interfere with official duty as President in national defense.

REWARD

Stolen, a Chevrolet coupe Tuesday evening. License No. 190-010 Motor No. 3420377. Reward for return of same.—H. C. Blanton, Sikeston, Mo., phone 473 or 509.

Girls have at least discovered a cure for the run in the stocking. They are going without.—Boston Transcript.

Appeals to the Indian with a vote may convince him that he is the noble red man, after all.—Boston Transcript.

Senator Blaine declared that Wisconsin is for Gov. Smith because he stands "four-square on paramount issues". He said that the "corruption, bribery and debauchery" of the last seven years touched every member of the Cabinet whenever it touched the Cabint.

A man who appeared on the streets of Baltimore, in 1722, carrying an umbrella to keep off the rain was mobbed and the umbrella was torn to shreds.

Notice of Land Owners Meeting of the Richland Drainage District

Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of October, 1928, the Circuit Court of Scott County, Missouri, duly entered of record a decree, declaring The Richland Drainage District to be a Public Corporation of the State of Missouri, for a term of fifty years, and pursuant to said order, notice is hereby given to the owners of all of the real estate and other property contained within the boundaries of The Richland Drainage District as fixed by the decree of said Circuit Court of Scott County, Missouri, entered on the 6th day of October, 1928, that a meeting of the owners of the real estate and other property within said District will be held at the Chamber of Commerce room in the Applegate Building in the City of Sikeston, Scott County, Missouri, beginning at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on Wednesday, the 14th day of November, 1928, for the purpose of electing a Board of five Supervisors, who shall be owners of real estate in said Drainage Districts as required by law: that the land owners and owners of other property within said District will, at said meeting, elect said five supervisors by vote and each owner shall be entitled to one vote in person or by proxy for every acre of land owned by him in said Drainage District. And at said meeting, any other business calling for the action of said land owners will be transacted.

Witness my hand and official seal this the 19th day of October, 1928.

(SEAL)

T. F. HENRY,
Clerk of the Circuit Court of Scott County, Missouri.

Notice To All Land Owners of the Little River Drainage District

You are hereby notified that the meeting of all owners of lands within The Little River Drainage District and all persons interested in any of said lands will be held at 9:00 o'clock in the morning of Monday, the twenty-ninth day of October, 1928, in the school gymnasium building in the City of Morehouse, in the County of New Madrid, State of Missouri, for the purpose of electing one member of the Board of Supervisors of The Little River Drainage District and to transact and attend to all other business or other matters that may properly come before said meeting. The polls will be open until 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon of said day and each owner of land is entitled to one vote for each and every acre of land owned by him in the district on which a benefit has been assessed.

All proxies and powers of attorney must be in writing and signed by the owner or owners of the land.

JOHN H. HIMMELBERGER,
President, Board of Supervisors
B. F. BURNS,
Secretary

Oct. 12 and 26 only.

Same Price for over 38 Years

25 ounces for 25¢

KC BAKING POWDER

Guaranteed Pure

use less than of high priced brands

MILLIONS of POUNDS USED BY THE GOVERNMENT

"Woman, 101, has never seen an automobile".—Head-line. Perhaps that's the reason she is 101.—Norfolk Virginian-Pilot.

A Resolution Declaring It Necessary That the Existing Pavement on New Madrid Street and North Kingshighway From the South Line on North Avenue to the South Line of College Avenue Be Resurfaced.

BE IT RESOLVED by the City Council of the City of Sikeston, Missouri, as follows:

Section 1.—That the City Council of the City of Sikeston, Missouri, deems it necessary that the pavement on the roadway of New Madrid Street and North Kingshighway from the South line of North Avenue to the South line of College Avenue be resurfaced; that the concrete base of same be patched; and that incidently, said roadway be widened somewhat so as to lighten the curvature of the reverse curve adjacent to Harris Street, requiring grading and the construction of new pavement and other incidental work at this point, but all constituting a continuous improvement.

Section 2.—That said improvement shall be made by removing from the roadway as it now exists between gutter-lines, the Asphaltic wearing surface which was originally about 3" thick, repairing existing concrete base thus exposed so that it will be strong enough to carry anticipated loading, and covering same, when so repaired, with a 4" slab of concrete reinforced with wire-mesh; that in addition to this work on the existing roadway, same shall be widened by grading, cutting trees, moving fence, and building new sidewalk, curb and gutter, pavement and retaining wall as found necessary to lighten the curvature of the reverse-curve between North Avenue and Tanner Avenue, and remove from the roadway, the big elm tree now standing at point approximately 100 feet North of North Avenue. For a further and fuller description of the work to be done hereunder, reference is hereby made to the plans, specifications and estimate of cost covering this work, adopted by the City Council, Ordinance No. 1107, and now on file with the City Clerk of Sikeston, Missouri.

Section 3.—That the said work, including the engineering expense shall be done at the expense of the owners of property deriving benefit therefrom, because in the opinion and judgment of the City Council the general revenue fund of the City is not in a condition to warrant an expenditure therefrom to pay for said work or engineering or any part thereof; and said work and engineering shall be included in the same contract for the improvement of said street and the whole cost levied as a special assessment or tax against the property deriving benefit from said improvement, and tax bills be issued therefor in the name of the contractor doing the work.

Section 4.—That the City Clerk is hereby directed to furnish The Sikeston Standard and The Sikeston Herald, weekly newspapers of general circulation published in the City of Sikeston, Missouri, with copies of this resolution so that it may be published and appear consecutively in the two next weekly publications of said newspapers following the passage and adoption of this resolution.

Read first, second and third times and passed and approved this the 17th day of October, 1928.

Approved:
N. E. FUCHS,
Mayor.

Attest:
P. H. STEVENSON
City Clerk.
(SEAL)

The Marked Man

A Romance of the Great Lakes

By KARL W. DETZER

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W. N. U. Service

CHAPTER X

Back to Madrid

Madrid village had dozed through the muggy Saturday forenoon. The men of the fishing fleet lounged in smoky idleness. Their day's hauls were cleaned, iced, and gone by express from Copperhead. It was Amos Short stirred them out; the Madrid Bay telephone switchboard was operated in his shoe store. He ran into the street, shouting.

"Flood!" Amos cried. "Delong dam's busted!"

The crowd poured out of the poolroom. Just above the bridge, in a round willowy meadow, water seeped up past the marshes a little farther than usual. A one-story house squatted in the field, the home of Miss Jennie Price, the invalid. But the Tamarack still flowed placidly, chuckling, just a little over its banks.

Flood? Unthinkable. Monstrous. The river slipped through the town and out into the lake, attending its own piddling duties, unmindful of the little excitements of idle villagers.

Old Gustaf Erickson joined the crowd on the bridge. "What be all this?" he squalled.

Gustaf was shorter, bent farther forward, thinner than when he had ordered Norman away. He coughed incessantly. His eyes were bloodshot. He limped as he walked.

"What be the matter?" he squalled. "Are ye deef?"

"Flood, maybe," a man said, "somebody thinks the dam's broke through. dam up at Delong's."

"Broke? Well, mebbe it is!" He screwed up his blue eyes and squinted searchingly at the river. "I've knowed worse things to happen. But ain't you goin' to be stoppin' it?"

"Stop it?" Some one laughed. "You try it, Gustaf!"

"I would if I was young," Gustaf cried. "Where's Jim Nelson? Where's Mel Pierce? That Miss Jennie Price she's like to get wet."

Voices had lifted:

"Here she comes!"

"It is a flood!"

"My G—d, there it be!"

Like ants in a hailstorm, the men of Madrid Bay fled aimlessly, an undisciplined, leaderless rout. They stared unbelievingly at an unbelievable thing. The river! It would be different if it were the lake. They'd know how to act. . . .

The lip of the flood, pushing broken sticks, trees, plants, drowned sheep ahead of it, rounded the river bend. It moved slowly. Amos Short bobbed out of his store.

"Gustaf!" he shouted. "Run!"

"Aye, Amos." Gustaf Erickson pointed at his neighbors. "They're a poor crew. Who's helpin' old Miss Jennie?"

He grew very tall suddenly; his shoulders straightened. He walked like a man half his years. Amos Short glanced apprehensively up the river. "Hurry, Gus!" he warned.

"Best be after Miss Jennie," Gustaf grumbled.

The two men entered a small ramshackle house. Miss Jennie Price, a thin old woman, sat by a window, calmly watching the river rise.

"It is high water all at once," Gustaf told her. "Goin' to get you out. We'd best hurry, Miss Jennie. Ye ain't very hefty. Amos, take the other arm of her chair."

Water spread across the road to the meager line of stores. The Tamarack was dammed by the county bridge, that caught the wreckage and piled it up like a wall, diverting the river beyond its low gravelly banks. Small waves forged across the main street.

The height of the flood had passed when Sue Stocking and the younger Delong arrived. Just beyond the breakwater, the Blind Man's Point lifeboat, kicking up a white wake, was speeding into the harbor.

The car slid down the last grade into the town. Delong had said little. He could not, for thought of his brother. He trod through the mud to Captain Parish.

"Well, I'll be sunk ashore!" the coast guard commander said violently. He stood by an overturned wagon. "That devil river! Give me the lake every time. You, Delong? It was your dam!"

"My dam," Delong answered.

"Humph!" commented Parish. He called to his crew. "Hi . . . Anderson . . . Shay . . . Baker . . . get some speed on!"

The townsmen came silently, without words to express their thoughts. The Tamarack river . . . any river . . . attacking them, who loved the lake. They whispered when they recognized Delong.

James Delong returned to Susan. Talking rapidly, he gave her instructions.

"That's a church?" he pointed up the hill. "Find the key, open it. There'll be folks hunting a dry place to sleep tonight. Get some blankets. And have some one make coffee."

Women from the neighborhood were helping Sue when Delong limped into the church an hour later. Driving his car recklessly on the road east of town, he had found a telephone line intact and summoned Doctor McCarthy of Copperhead.

Three hours later, just before sundown, while Madrid Bay still complained miserably of its catastrophe, Julie Richaud and Norman Erickson staggered into town.

Norman's back ached with exertion. His eyes burned. He dreaded to face Madrid. He had thought with quickening heart of Gustaf since leaving Germaine Richaud's house. He wanted very much to see him, to see the fierce brown face, listen to the blustery voice.

He and Julie circled a hill and came out above the town.

"Look!" Julie cried. "Look at the bridge!"

Norman gazed a long, long minute. He understood what had happened. The bridge had ruined the town. It had caught the flood and prevented it from escaping to the lake.

At the door of the church Julie hung back shyly. She never had been inside this building.

"I want some coffee," Norman said determinedly.

He let Julie step ahead of him into the room. At a table near the door, Sue Stocking, in a blue apron much too large for her, was cutting loaves of bread. She put down the knife slowly and came toward him.

"Norman!" she called.

Julie flushed and drew back. Sue's voice was affectionate.

"Sit down somewhere," she directed Julie. "I must talk to him alone."

Norman waited inquiringly. An uneasy surprised expression came over his long face. Julie, watching across her shoulder, sat down suddenly with her back to the door. For she had seen Sue's arm about Norman's shoulder, had seen Sue's lips close to Norman's ear. And all Madrid Bay looking on. Well, what of it? What did it matter?

"Have you seen my father?" Norman demanded. He stopped shortly. He had not meant to ask this just yet. Sue nodded. They were alone now, out on the sand.

"Norman," she whispered, "let me have your hand . . . you're awfully cold! Norman, your father . . . drowned."

CHAPTER XI

A Sailor's Death

Gustaf Erickson died wet, as his father had died before him, off the coast of Iceland, and his grandfather before that, two days out of Christiana. He had died heroically in the act of rescue. He had died swearing, abusing the fates that in his heart he loved. He had died fighting. He had died a man's death.

He had died still believing his son to be a coward.

Anderson of the coast guard found the body on the beach, back of Gustaf's own fish shanty, after the flood had passed. And it was into his own fishing shack that men carried his body, laid it upon the floor and left it dripping. They found Miss Jennie drowned in her chair against the apple tree behind the house.

Jim Nelson found Norman Erickson near the stove where Sue Stocking had put him. There was an attitude of an old man about him, sitting with his shoulders hunched. He looked at Nelson dully.

"I been bailing your father's boat, Norman," the fisherman said. "He wouldn't want anything to happen to that boat, Gustaf wouldn't. You take her, Norman. How else you get home?"

"Thanks, Jim," Norman answered. He covered his face with his hands. Nelson limped away bow-leggedly, saying no more, either of blame or condolence. Norman groaned. Certainly old Jim had been faithful to Gustaf, whether his son had been or not.

Julie wept when Sue told her of Gustaf's death.

"So that is why you take him off alone!" she had cried. "I am a wicked, jealous girl! Poor Norman. He was not happy with his father. They were two strong wills together. You have seen two chickens, pull, pull, pull at the same worm? Norman is born this way, and this . . ." she spread apart the fingers of her right hand. "Here he is French, like his mother, and here Scandihoovin, and so he gets all mixed up. I fancy he is just like this inside his mind," she crossed her fingers. "But he did love his father."

"I think he did, too," Sue answered.

She started up. James Delong had entered the door. Delong's skin was colorless, his eyes were disheartened. She went to meet him.

"Any luck?" she whispered.

"None," he answered. His voice quavered. "Fritz didn't make it. You've heard the rest, Sue? I drowned Erickson's father!"

"No, no!" she protested.

He cried out at her savagely. "Didn't I? Who else did? I'm to blame for all this! Young Erickson warned me! He told me the dam would burst . . . We're on edge, all of us," he went on quieting. "We'd better be getting home. I can drive you, Erickson."

"I have my father's boat," Norman answered. "I don't know about Julie."

"I go her way. If you'll take Sue . . ." he hesitated. "I'd like to hurry, Erickson. There's just a chance some one may have come across Fritz."

Norman waited outside the church; he was unwilling to face more people. A chill air had settled with the darkness. He shivered. Down there at the edge of the black lake behind a fish house door lay his father. Gustaf was dead. And he had believed his son "afeared."

Norman felt relieved when the others appeared. He did not speak as Julie left, only held her warm hands. Sue Stocking drew the assistant's arm into her own.

"I'm so sorry," she whispered; her voice reminded him of his mother's. Why had he ever thought her aloof? "Let's start," she added, "it's a two-hour run."

Together they felt their way down the embankment, and turned toward the fish houses. A kerosene lantern smoked in the window of the Erickson shack. Jim Nelson, drawing on his pipe, stood stiffly in the door, feet wide apart.

He pulled shut the door when he heard footsteps, and snapped a hasp and padlock. Norman was glad for the sound. He had not yet seen his father, who lay there on the floor. Tomorrow would be better; his head might not burn so. He turned on the beam of the flash that Delong had lent him.

"You," Nelson said. His voice was low and tired. "I thought I'd help you off, Norman. I already run the boat out there. I'll help you start her. The engine, she be kind of tricky."

He piloted them down the dock to the squat gasoline boat with its broad-roofed cabin. The motor turned over, choked, and began its slow cadence. Nelson climbed out wearily, with the air of another duty not neglected. She found a place quietly on the stern deck. Norman searched for the tiller with his feet, caught it familiarly between his shoes.

"I'll cast ye off," Nelson offered, wiping his mouth on the back of his hand. "Mebbe you'll be comin' back up tomorrow, Norman? They's arrangements and things . . ."

"Before noon," Norman answered. "Thanks, Jim."

"You're welcome. He was my friend, your father. I know him better than you do, Norman. He had a hard tongue, you think. Yes, that's true. Folks he liked best, he quarreled with. You, me, your mother . . . still, he was a good shipmate, Gustaf was."

"I know it, Jim."

"Good night, Norman."

The fish boat pointed her nose toward the open lake. A fresh wind, with a keen edge on its tail, cut out of the west. Spray stung the faces of the man and the girl, leaning close together.

"Norman," Sue whispered softly.

In a dim reflection of stars and northern lights, he watched her face. He watched her lips, trembling ever so little, and her eyes, which seemed very large and not so steady as usual.

"I know, Norman, there's nothing I can say. But you know how sorry I am."

"I know."

"For . . . for everything, Norman. You were fine this morning. You did a good job of rescue." Another silence. "So that's where you visit in the hills."

"Where?"

"At the Richauds'. She's a very fine girl."

He was peering straight ahead at the punctual unwavering glow in the lantern of Blind Man's Eye. He disregarded her remark.

A wave splashed along the boat, struck at their faces and spattered their soggy shoes. Another followed it, and then a third.

"I best look for some oilskins," Norman said.

Already his shoulders were drenched. Sue must be soaked through. He remembered the yellow slicker she had worn that morning, and asked her about it.

"Torn to pieces," she answered.

His eyes sought Blind Man's light. They were halfway across the bay now.

"There must be oilskins, Sue. I'll look. You steady the tiller . . . that's it. Thanks."

He drew the flashlight from his pocket and bent his head to slip into the trap to the engine compartment. Fumbling, he directed the flash ahead of him.

With a surprised cry, he dropped the lamp on the wet rolling deck. He had seen a man just inside the cabin. A short fellow with a flat face. Wearing the blue sweater of the coast guard. Ed Baker, moving aft from the bow easy as a cat! His large mouth was smiling. In his hand twisted the favorite weapon of the fishing coast, a long broad-bladed scaling knife.

Gustaf Erickson's fish boat slid unpiloted up the side of a black wave. There was a hush on deck after Sue Stocking's first hysterical cry. Softly, the scaling knife in his big right hand, Ed Baker crept out of the cabin, still smiling. Norman threw off Germaine's sweater; for the second time in his life he must fight Ed Baker. Ed had beaten him before. . . .

"I got you where I want you, Erickson!" Baker challenged.

Again Sue Stocking screamed.

The surfman swung about. He had not seen her or heard her until that minute. A new rage overwhelmed him when he recognized her. It had been because of Sue that he gave up a prosperous fishing partnership and enlisted in the coast guard. And no sooner had he arrived at Blind Man station than she turned her back upon him.

And now, when he had schemed to meet Norman Erickson alone, to fight it out with only the disinterested stars for witnesses . . . here she was, in the way. In the way as Norman had been in his way before. He could not finish Erickson in the manner he planned. Not with Sue looking on. Purposely he dropped the fish knife.

Norman moved ever so slightly toward the banging tiller. Baker spun in his way. Sue edged to the low iron rail. She gave another short cry as the two men met.

"Stop it, Ed Baker!" she screamed. He paid no attention . . . too late to pay attention if he wished. The deck was small for a man-sized fight, less than eight feet square, and pitching insanely; the tiller slammed left and right.

"I got you where I want you!" Baked cried again through his teeth.

He flung headlong at Norman. The two clinched. They thrashed down.



"I Got You Where I Want You!" Baker Cried Again Through His Teeth.

Baker atop. Norman's hands, sweeping the darkness before him, clamped upon the other's left shoulder. It squirmed away easily. Baker kicked. A quick chilly sensation ran up Norman's spine. He rolled over, grappled and again the two floundered on the slippery deck. They gripped tight, chest to chest, cheek to cheek.

Baker pushed forward. Norman felt himself grow very tired. He was outmatched, he realized, and the pith gone from his bones. Baker was on top again, shaking, pounding, swearing in a hoarse, vicious monotone. The sound of his voice was broken by a command from Sue Stocking.

"Fight him, Norman! Fight him!" Then in five seconds: "I'll help!"

"Never mind . . . I . . . got him!"

Baker's grip weakened for a moment. Norman squirmed. He was on his left side now, his right hand was free. It swung up, bent down. Again it lifted. Again it fell. This time it missed the pliability of Baker's body. Under its blow the scaling knife rattled. Norman gripped its handle, saw its blade gleam in the light of the stars, held it an uncertain moment, and flung it overboard.

The neglected boat wallowed in a series of narrow troughs. Norman slid to one knee. He was blind, now, and deaf, and the sense of his fingers had left him.

"Fight!" he ordered himself grimly. "Fight!" he commanded. "Fight . . . like . . . an Erickson . . . I tell you, fight!"

Some of Gustaf's stubborn will came into his knees. He pushed Baker upward. With a great heave both men stood up. Norman pommeling. Then he bent; Baker slid over his shoulder; he lifted, jabbed and a heavy body blundered across the low rail.

Norman grabbed the iron rail atop the deckhouse and caught the tiller between his heels.

"All right, Sue?" he panted. His feet worked to port. The tiller turned with them. The boat steered in a circle.

"I'm right enough. Norman, what are you doing?"

"Find the flashlight . . . it's somewhere there on deck. Hold it overside."

The boat swung in a wide erratic arc. The beam of the flash lamp played through the darkness. Norman doubled like a jack-knife and rose into the air. A voice cried from the water. Then Norman came up, panting and clutched for the side. He held Baker's collar in his left hand. He yanked himself up with a convulsive struggle, pulled the other man after him.

Norman dropped down exhausted. Baker lay quiet against the cabin.

"Norman, Norman," Sue leaned over him. "Brace yourself . . . one side a little. That's better. I'll take her in."

Norman's lungs were bursting; there must be an anchor atop them. What was it about her voice? That funny twist to it? He never had heard Sue speak like that before. Like his father's voice, wasn't it? No . . . not his father. His father was dead. He closed his eyes.

"Can you give me a hand?" Sue asked at length.

"Sure." Norman raised on one elbow. Blind Man's Eye cast a friendly and welcoming radiance across the uneasy countenance of the water. Blind Man's Eye! Home! He felt the boat bump against the piling of the lighthouse dock. Funny his knees wouldn't stand. He reached out for the cabin and pulled himself upright. A short, bareheaded man puffed down the planks.

"By the holy poky, Sue . . . are you there, daughter? Heaven above be praised! And me boy Norman. Is he there? Such a day off! You'll be taking no more of them! Why'd you stay so late?"

The keeper took the stern line and made two half-hitches about a cedar pole.

"Sorry about your father, boy," this to Norman. "Parish told me. Sakes above, what's that? Sue . . . what's that head a-hangin' overside? Are ye bringin' home a dead man?"

"That's Ed Baker," Sue told him. "he's not dead."

As the boat ceased its slatting, Baker lifted to his elbows and dropped back muttering.

"He's playing dead," Norman grunted. "Here, Captain Stocking, help me with this lummox. No, he isn't much hurt. Not so much as he might be."

He pulled Baker heavily to the dock. Captain Stocking, grumbling, asking heaven with every breath what the world was coming to, lifted the surfman's right shoulder. Norman his left. The light of Blind Man's Eye shone down mistily on the procession. Once in the parlor Norman released his hold on Baker and dropped into Captain Stocking's chair.

"And what might be the meanin' of such carryin's-on as this?" the keeper demanded of his daughter. "Susan Stocking, what's happened?" He jumped at Norman. "Erickson, have you been fighting again?"

Norman arose slckly to his feet.

"Yes, sir, I've been fighting again."

Sue interrupted. "Norman, go to bed."

The old businesslike vigor had returned to her voice.

Norman obeyed. He slept immediately. After ten minutes he awakened screaming, and found Sue beside him. She pushed his hands back under the blankets.

(Continued Tuesday)

The Standard, $1.50 per year.

Choose designs for children's clothes with ironing in mind, whether you make the clothes yourself of by them ready-made. Fussy ruffles and queer-shaped parts take up the time of the laundress, and never look as well after washing and ironing as trim, smooth garments that are well-cut and made of interesting materials.

Oysters are in season again. They are extremely valuable as a source of various minerals needed by the body. Like other fresh fish, they supply iodine, and should be eaten when possible if other sea foods are hard to get. If you like fried oysters, dip them in egg and bread crumbs, and then let them stand a while to harden the coating before frying.



An electric iron affords the greatest convenience of any household appliance.

LOOK AT YOUR SHOES
Everyone Else Does
Ladies' Rubber Caps, pr. attached 25c
Men's Rubber Heels, or Leather Heels, pair attached.....40c
E. H. HELLER
Electric Shoe Shop
Frisco Addition

Where To Buy—

Radio Tubes

We Test Your Bulbs Free

Derris Drug Store



Real feed for your work animals

Here is feed for your horses and mules that will not only keep them in strong, vigorous condition, but will cut your feed costs over an ordinary hay and grain ration.

Gristo Work Feed is composed entirely of clean kiln-dried corn, oats, alfalfa meal, and molasses, scientifically prepared and perfectly balanced so that it is practically all feed value and no waste.

The alfalfa meal is cooling and laxative and the molasses makes it very palatable. Contains just the proper proportion of fiber to keep the digestive organs in a healthy state.

Your work animals will do better and you will save money by feeding Gristo. Prove this by trying it. We guarantee "Satisfaction or money refunded." Ask your feed dealer today for

GRISTO

STOCK & POULTRY FEEDS

This is just one of a complete line of Gristo Stock and Poultry Feeds, each made to give stock and poultry raisers better results at less feed cost. You can get a Gristo Feed for work animals, hogs, steers, cows and poultry—all fully guaranteed—all put up in the five-point GRISTO Bag.

Scott County Milling Co.

Oran Sikeston Dexter

AUTHORITIES ON GOOD ROADS LAWS OPPOSE PROPOSITION NO. 3

For the reasons given below, and others, we are opposed to the adoption of Proposition No. 3:

To vote 75 million dollars of road bonds, considering the position of the State Road construction as of 1930, and the road fund finances, is unnecessary.

To pay 70 millions of interest out of 397 millions surplus funds from 2-cent gas tax and license fees for advancing the road work for an average of two years, would be wasteful and foolish but NOT disastrous.

To write into the Constitution all road law, good, bad, and obsolete, would be disastrous. No part of the road law is now in the Constitution.

To divide surplus funds between the counties on the basis of area and population, disregarding COST, is unfair to the counties, will unbalance the road system, is unjust to those who pay the taxes, and is both dishonest and disastrous.

To exempt special interests from increased taxation for ten years, is unthinkable.

To write ten provisions covering mileage of additional roads, etc., into the Constitution, would be an irreparable mistake.

If the road bond Amendment is adopted, it fastens on the State a commission that will not be responsible either to the people or the Governor.

The remedy: Vote NO on Constitutional Amendment No. 3. The next Legislature can, and doubtless will, amend the present road law allowing funds to be used where needed, and all the primary and secondary roads can be all-weather roads by 1930, and aid extended to the counties for real farm-to-market roads in 1929, without increasing gas tax.

About 12 millions of dollars were or will be paid out for new roads in 1928, on the present pay-as-we-go plan. There are nearly 6 millions cash in the road fund as of October 1, 1928, and much of this will be on hand at the end of the year, not under contract, either for the reason that the obsolete law will not permit the Highway Commission to let the money, or the Highway Department is unable to spend more than 12 millions a year, or the funds have been withheld for bond campaign purposes. The proponents may explain for which of these reasons this money is not spent in 1928.

D. L. BALES
Eminence, Shannon County; Minority Floor Leader of House of Representatives; Member Roads and Highways Committee.

W. R. PAINTER
Carrollton, Carroll County; Caucus Chairman Senate; Member Highways Committee; author Painter Road Law.

J. G. MORGAN
Unionville, Putnam County; State Senator; co-author Morgan-McCullough Road Law.

WM. E. FREELAND
Forsyth, Taney County; State Representative; Member Statute Revision Commission.

WILLIAM JOB
Maryville, Nodaway County; State Representative; former Member Roads and Highways Committee.

EX-SENATOR HOWARD GRAY
Carthage, Jasper County; Co-author Morgan-McCullough and Centennial Road Laws.

B. H. PIEPMEIER
Kansas City, Jackson County; Chief Engineer State Highway Department June, 1922, to February 1927.

S. S. CONNETT
Faucett, Buchanan County; Vice-Chairman State Highway Commission 1921 to 1925, inclusive.

THAD SNOW
Charleston, Mississippi County; Pres. Southeast Missouri Hay Growers Association.

THEODORE GARY
Macon, Missouri; Chairman State Highway Commission 1922 to 1926, inclusive.

For full details of the opposition of the men mentioned above, address any one of them, or THEODORE GARY, Room 831, 324 East 11th St., Kansas City, Mo.

(This advertisement is paid for by Theodore Gary)

LOCAL NEWS FROM BLODGETT VICINITY

Mrs. Harry Stubbs will entertain the Woman's Club Thursday.

Mrs. B. F. Marshall has been quite sick with influenza, but is out again now.

Mrs. Jane Peal has returned from a three weeks' visit with Rev. Johnson and family at Festus.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Marshall had friends from Cairo to visit them Sunday.

Raymond Lee Marshall, Jr., was taken to Cape Girardeau last week to consult a specialist about his ears. He has had a severe case of tonsilitis.

Rev. Doss will preach Sunday at Blodgett. He comes back to us for the third year and will move to Blodgett. In the past he has lived at Bertrand.

Mrs. J. T. Huey and son, O. F. Anderson visited relatives at Cape Girardeau Thursday of last week.

Mrs. Maggie Dickerson has gone to St. Louis to spend the winter with her daughter.

Mrs. W. H. Bean, Misses Mary Davis and Lorene Hamby shopped in Sikeston Saturday.

A large crowd from here heard Mr. Hay at Sikeston last Thursday.

Mrs. Radcliff, W. C. T. U. worker from Kirkwood, was in our midst last Thursday.

Mesdames Pearman, Mackley and Moss were Sikeston shoppers last Wednesday.

Dr. Ogilvie was in Cape Girardeau last Friday to see O. L. Spencer of Benton, who is at the Southeast Missouri hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kimes of St. Louis were here Monday and Tuesday of last week. Mr. Kimes is a great hunter and came down to see if the ducks were in.

Clemen Koerber and Miss Verna Nistendirk were in Cape Girardeau last week-end. Miss Nistendirk is taking some work at the college.

The play given by the Missionary Society went over big Monday night. On Tuesday night the same play was given at Vanduser.

Mrs. L. Powell has returned from a two months' visit at Evansville, Ind., with her daughter.

Stephen Peal, who is teaching at Commerce, spent the week-end at home.

B. O. Peterson and friends of Poplar Bluff were visitors here Sunday.

The Co-Workers will meet with Mrs. Hal Galeener October 27. All members are urged to attend.

Mr. and Mrs. 'Ichy" Brown of Bickman, Ky., spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Malone.

A Real Treat At The

Malone Theatre

SIKESTON, MO.

Two Days, Friday and Sat. Oct. 26-27

Big Added Attraction—Daredevil of the Movies

Walt Coffman

IN PERSON

IN A COMEDY ACROBATIC AND HIGH BALANCING ACT

Mr. Coffman was principal clown for several years with Barnum & Bailey Circus. Also "Stunt Man" in the movies for five years, having doubled on many occasions for Helen Holmes, Pearl White, Helen Gibson, Ruth Roland, Tom Mix, Hoot Gibson, Eddie Polo and others. This is your opportunity to see him in person as he is returning to the movies in Hollywood, in his funny and daring antics. He promises you a laugh, a thrill and scream from start to finish.

Don't Fail to See This Famous Clown. A Guaranteed Attraction

Also America's Greatest Child Acrobat

LITTLE BILLIE STEPHENS

THE WONDER CHILD—SHE WILL ASTONISH YOU

Special Music by Barbara Coffman at the Piano

PRICES FOR THIS BIG AND UNUSUAL ATTRACTION ONLY

FRIDAY—On the Screen

Buster Keaton in "Camera Man," Comedy and Review

Admission: Matinee 10c and 25c. Night, 20c and 40c

SATURDAY

"One Glorious Scrap", "Yellow Cameo", "Fables"

Admission: Matinee, 10c and 25c. Night, 15c and 30c

This Added Attraction Will Be Shown On Matinees As Well As Night

PANA BAPTISTS MINISTER TAKES STUMP FOR SMITH

Pana, Ill., October 20.—Charging that the Republicans issued the cry of "Catholic" against Gov. Al Smith and injected the intolerance issue into the present presidential campaign, Rev. Thomas J. Phillips of Pana, widely-known Baptsit minister, has taken the stump in Central Illinois for Smith. Rev. Phillips has held a number of important Baptist pastorates in Missouri and Illinois. He is a graduate of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary of Louisville, Ky., and now in his sixty-second year.

The minister said today in discussion of the wet and dry problem and the farm relief issue that Smith was the man best fitted at this time to handle this important problem. He declared that Gov. Smith had always been found to be a man of his word, able, progressive, fair to all classes, and honest. He declared Smith, if elected, would live up to the Constitution.

FOR RENT—200 acres good farm land near Sikeston. Good improvements.—Louise M. Lewis, Route 3, box 141, Sikeston, Mo. pd.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Weeks and family of New Madrid were dinner guests of Mrs. Weeks' sister, Mrs. C. Carroll.

THE BOOZE INCIDENT

Of course former Secretary Hoover did not dance with Mary Booze, colored Republican committeewoman from Mississippi, when the former passed through the negro town of Mound Bayou during the flood crisis of 1927. It hardly needed a denial. But Mr. Hoover has not been the object of misstatements like Governor Smith has, so his secretary deemed it necessary to make a formal repudiation of the charge. And this repudiation seems to be another Repbulican faux pas.

In the north and east the fact that Mr. Hoover should deem it necessary to deny any contact with the colored race is causing indignation among the members of that race. They are viewing the statement of Hoover's secretary as a direct discourtesy, if not an affront. And they are threatening to vote against Mr. Hoover on the strength of it.

But the colored folks should not be alarmed. Mr. Hoover was not discourteous. When his train stopped at Mound Bayou and Mary Booze was presented to him as the Republican committeewoman, he merely doffed his hat and said: "I am glad to meet you, Mrs. Booze". Surely that was not discourtesy. So let the whispering campaign drop.—Commercial Appeal.

UNITED CIGAR STORES



A

Good Pipe Tobacco

A man who smokes a pipe is usually mighty particular about his tobacco and his pipe. It is the particular pipe smokers that we invite to try Old Briar tobacco in a Drinkless Kaywoodie pipe. It is a combination that offers a real smoke pleasure.



CANDY

—in Halloween Boxes

One of the first items to consider when planning your Halloween party is candy. We have plenty in daintly decorated Halloween boxes.

Dudley's Confectionery

DRAINAGE DISTRICT MEETS ALL DEBTS

An open letter from C. A. Vandivort of Cape Girardeau, advisse that all October 1st maturing bonds of the Little River Drainage District, amounting to $343,000; and also, that all interest falling due on that day, amounting to $240,227.50 and all current obligations had been paid.

Mr. Vandivort comments as follows on this achievement:

"This is an outstanding accomplishment, taking into consideration the distressed condition in Southeast Missouri resulting from rain and floods during the past two years. The Board of Supervisors in meeting these payments has greatly strengthened the credit of the Little River Drainage District, and all Southeast Missouri.

"There never was a more critical time for Southeast Missouri. Word of failure and distress has gone everywhere. To re-establish confidence we must let nothing interfere with promptly meeting our obligations. Borrowed capital has been so necessary in the development of Southeast Missouri and for many years will continue to be. Therefore, let us recognize the importance of keeping the supply open by paying taxes promptly and in this way enabling all drainage districts, road districts, school districts, and other bonded units to keep good their credit for present and future needs".

HOME OWNERS ATTENTION

Fall weather has arrived and with it comes rains, wind, snow and sleet. Do not wait and have your furnishings damaged. Measure all windows which need

Glass

and have it put in at once. We are in the glass business as a main line, not as a side line and our profit is made on the volume we sell, not on one piece occasionally.

Housewives who are considering papering a room or the whole house, we ask that you give our stock and prices your consideration.

Phone 192

YOUNG'S PLACE

Very often the person who boasts of having no religious prejudice has no religion either.—Mesa Journal-Tribune.

WHAT G. O. P. LEADERS THINK OF GOV. SMITH

Would it not be possible for a person to form a more intelligent estimate of the man Smith by considering the facts enumerated below, rather than following the ravings of an intolerant nit-wit.

Both Elihu Root and Charles Evans Hughes, high in the councils of the Republican party, have spoken in highest terms of Governor Smith's integrity, leadership, and capacity.

After having observed Smith as governor for two terms, 1,000,000 Republicans scratched Theodore Roosevelt, the Republican nominee and voted for him for a third term in 1924. And they liked him so well that they voted for him again in 1926.

The New York Sun and the New York Telegram, both staunch Republican sheets, recently said in advocating the election of Franklin D. Roosevelt for governor, the Democratic nominee, said, "We deem it to be to the best interests of the State of New York that Governor Smith's progressive policies be continued, therefore, we favor Franklin D. Roosevelt for governor.—Contributed.

After reading the predictions of both parties' campaign managers, we are forced to the conclusion that not less than forty-eight States are very doubtful.—Southern Lumberman.

College boys are believed to be strongly in favor of the air mail, having found out this year that it enables them to get money from home just twenty-four hours quicker.—New York Evening Post.

Another evolution in the plant kingdom, as Mr. Gene Tunney takes to British art galleries and philosophical bouts with George Bernard Shaw—the climinbg cauliflower.—Vancouver Daily Province.



DR. LONG

Eye Specialist

Office in McCoy-Tanner Bldg.

DON'T RIDE OUR "IRON HORSES" TO DEATH

Nineteen-twenty-seven was an epochal year in American railroad history. The condition of freight cars and locomotives was the best ever recorded, and the average load and speed per train and freight car was the highest yet reached.

As freight and passenger carriers the railroads are irreplaceable, their future progress and maintenance of efficiency must be insured. To have good railroad service they must have new capital.

When a gigantic industry like our railroads can make over a period of several years an average annual profit of but four and a half per cent on total investment, there is something wrong. And investigation has shown that it is not the railroads and their managements that are at fault; they have been remarkably economical and efficient.

The trouble lies largely with taxes that take more than the lines pay in dividends, and in injurious and impractical legislation.

There is nothing to be gained by riding our iron horse to death. But everything is to be gained by giving it a chance to "fatten up".—Missouri Pacific Agricultural Bulletin.

To the above article one might add that the railroads are now fighting hard to remain in business at all against the new competition inaugurated by busses and trucks, which are made possible through new highway systems. Railroads represent indispensable investments in any progressive community, the importance of which will only be felt by their absence. It seems just, therefore, to legislate for equitable truck and buss rates; licensed and certified drivers; dependable schedules both of time and hauling rates, and inspection of equipment and drivers.

NOTICE WAS TOO LATE

An official of the board of health notified a citizen that his license to keep a cow had expired. He got this reply:

Monsieur Bord of Helt—I just got your notis that my licens to keep my cow has expire. I wish to inform you, M'sieur Bord of Helt, that my cow, she beat you to it—she expire t'ree weeks ago. Much oblige. Yours with respeck, Pete.



Gifts for Halloween

Gifts for favors rewarding players in games featuring your Halloween party as well as suitable items for personal rememberances at this season of the year await your choice here.



The Charm of a Beautiful Skin

The charm of a beautiful skin can be yours so easily. We have many practical, easy to use skin treatments that followed as directed, will make your skin soft and beautiful. Ask us about them.



Boys Enjoy Keeping Clean

Boys enjoy keeping clean if they are provided the right sort of soaps and a good, big bath tub that is next thing to swimming. Our soap removes the dirt quickly.

Phone 274

White's Drug Store

"The Best is None Too Good"

PRINTING ALL KINDS

SIKESTON STANDARD

TWICE-A-WEEK

FRIDAY MORNING

VOLUME 17 | SIKESTON, SCOTT COUNTY, MISSOURI | FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 26, 1928 | NUMBER 9

LEGION RECEIVES FLAG POLE WED

Due to the courtesy of W. W. Hinchey and Robert Thomas, both of Salcedo, the Legion received a 66-foot cypress pole to be erected in the center of Legion Square.

The pole was cut in the woods northwest of Salcedo and was floated down Little River to the highway, and from that point it was hauled to the area directly across from the W. W. Hinchey store and allowed to season.

Wednesday the pole was hauled to the Square and at once the work of scraping the pole was started.

The pole will be set eight feet deep in the ground, and with the large copper ball at the top, will be 60 feet high.

Legionnaires will give the butt of the pole a heavy coating of cresote and the remainder will receive two coats of white paint. The ten-inch copper ball at the top will be coated bronze paint just before the pole is erected.

A large wool National Color has been secured, and the Boy Scouts will daily raise and lower Old Glory. The date of the flag raising has not been set, but will be announced soon.

Plans for the dedication of Legion Square on Sunday, November 11, are going ahead and at that time many visitors from nearby Legion Posts are expected.

Armistice Day is a day of rejoicing for the nations composing the Allies in the World War, and for the Legionnaires of Henry Meldrum Post, it will be a day of rejoicing because at that time they will present to the community a concrete example of service.

The gift of the pole by Messrs. Hinchey and Thomas is greatly appreciated by this community and will remain as a monument to these gentlemen.

FORMER SIKESTON WOMAN MARRIED IN ST. LOUIS

Mrs. Harry W. Geiger of St. Louis wishes to announce the wedding of Mrs. Olivia Black, formerly of Sikeston, and Mr. D. A. Orsburn of Heber Springs, Ark., the ceremony being solemnized on the stage of the local theatre at Lake City, Ark., before an assemblage of some thirteen hundred people at 10 p. m., Saturday, October 20.

The stage was elaborately decorated with cut flowers and plants especially for the occasion, and the orchestra played Mendelsohn's Wedding March. After the ceremony, the happy couple were given a great ovation and were the recipients of many useful and beautiful gifts. They left on an extended wedding tour, after which they will be at home on their farm locatde near Heber Springs, Ark., where Mr. Orsburn has been prominent and esteemed in the civic and business life of the community for many years.

Mrs. Black, better known to her legion of friends as "Mother Black", conducted a restaurant in Frisco Addition for several years in this city, where her reputation for her splendid cooking and meals won fo r her a reputation. Prior to her entering the restaurant business she was practical nurse assisting in many cases in this and other communities.

Their many friends wish the newlyweds a very happy, prosperous and long wedded life.

LUTHERAN SMITH-FOR-PRES. LEAGUE ACTIVE IN MO.

Hundreds of liberal and progressvie Lutherans from all over Missouri who do not believe in religious intolerance, are members of the German-American Smith-for-President League, and are active members, said L. F. Padberg, Secretary, in an open letter disputing the assertion of Rev. W. Keisker, pastor of the Trinity Lutheran Church of Flat River, who maintains that "An overwhelming majority of the aforementioned church will oppose Smith".

The league has an active membership in excess of 70,000 with 70 per cent of this total composed of men and women, who formerly voted for Coolidge in 1924, and Harding in 1920.

The editor is extremely sorry that the running of the big press Wednesday night put a number of radios out of commission and prevented the enjoyment of Gov. Smith's Boston speech. An effort is being made to catch up on work and get the paper out on time which forces a night shift.

SUPREME PENNSYLVANIA QUALITY

PENNZOIL

SAFE LUBRICATION

Most motorists make no tests of the lubricant which they use. They simply ask for "a quart of oil." This is the most pernicious practice—the most extravagant habit of the motoring public—which is running into millions of dollars in unnecessary repair bills and wasted power, and sending thousands of automobiles to the used car dealers or scrap heap before their proper time.

Remember, Pennzoil has:

1. Highest flash point and highest fire point. It resists heat where oils of lesser quality burn up.
2. Greatest ability to retain viscosity—body—under heat. It does not "break down"—become thin at high temperatures. You need change your oil only half as often as ordinary oils.
3. Less carbon and sulphur. Carbon fouls metal. Sulphur eats metal.

Consequently Pennzoil gives the essential protection of thorongh lubrication which means lower up-keep, more satisfactory service, and longer life for the motor.

Justrite Oil Co.

8 HURT IN SCOFIELD BUS WRECK

Eight passengers on the Cadillac Scoffield bus out of Sikeston at 6 p. m. Wednesday, were injured when the bus crashed into a loaded truck on Highway 60 between Morehouse and Wahite. The bus driver, Murray Grace, said the truck carried no lights and had been stopped partly on the pavement. He did not see the truck, he said, when he tried to cut around several other cars on the highway.

The injured were brought to the Emergency Hospital, and given treatment. They are: Idiline Short, of Broughton, Ill., cut on left knee, face lacerations and fractured jaw; Mrs. R. G. Johnston, severe face lacerations, her husband sustained slight cuts. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson are from Reyno, Ark. John, Grace, Dorothy and Carrie Booten of Alton, Ill., received minor injuries. W. J. Murphy of Puxico, was only slightly hurt. R. H. Yount, driver of the truck was unhurt.

KELZIE CLOAR HELD ON CHARGE OF ROBBING BANK FOLLOWING TRIAL TUES.

Kelzie Cloar, former Poplar Bluff man, was bound over for trial in circuit court on charges of having held up and robbed the Butler County Bank on May 24, 1928, following a preliminary hearing before Justice of the Peace George Babcock this afternoon. His wife, who was to have been his accomplice in the crime, was discharged, there being no evidence to hold her. Cloar's bond was fixed at $1000.

Mrs. Turner, who was in the bank at the time of the holdup, failed to identify Cloar, declaring that he had a handkerchief over his face at the time of the robbery which concealed his features from the eyes down. However, Mrs. Pearl Wolf, proprietor of the Treminal hotel here, testified that she was passing the bank as the robber backed out and that she would pick Cloar from among a hundred men of similar appearance as the man who held up the institution. She saw him emerge from the bank with a gun in one hand and in the act of removing the handkerchief from his face. She stated that she passed within four feet of him and that he was tucking something under his arm as he turned around, but still had hold of the gun. It was largely on her testimony that Cloar was held.

A Mrs. Butler, proprietor of a local rooming house, swore that Cloar and his wife came to her house the day after the holdup and registered, and stayed there about three weeks. She said that Cloar kept pretty close to the house.

The Bulter County Bank was held up and robbed by a lone bandii during the noon hour on May 25, and during the Southeast Missouri Drummers' Convention here, when the streets were crowded. Cloar was arrested after a search through several States.

While identification of Cloar was not positive, Justice of the Peace Babcock held that there was sufficient evidence to hold him.

Cloar was committed to jail in defaul of bond.

O. A. Tedrick acted as special prosecutor.

MRS. E. N. BLAIR TO SPEAK HERE TUES. NITE: ANNOUNCE OTHER MEETINGS IN COUNTY

The Chairman of the Scott County Democratic Central Committee H. C. Blanton, presents the following speakers and meeting places in this County up to November 1:

Senator Wammack at Ancell, Thursday night, October 25; Senator X. P. Wilfley at Benton, Friday afternoon, October 26, at 2:00 o'clock. Senator Wammack at Perkins, Friday night, October 26; Dr. Emmett Kane and Senator Wammack at New Hamburg, Saturday afternoon, October 27. Senator Wammack at Commerce, Saturday night, October 27. Mrs. Emily Newell Blair at Oran Tuesday, October 30, at 10:00 a. m. Mrs. Emily Newell Blair at Chaffee, Tuesday, October 30, 2:30 p. m., Mrs. Emily Newell Blair at Sikeston, Tuesday night, October 30, 8:00. Hon. R. L. Ward at Blodgett, Tuesday night, October 30, at Morley, Wednesday October 31, at 2 p. m., at Oran, Wednesday afternoon, October 31 at 3:30, and Vanduser, Wednesday evening at 7:30 p. m.

Candidates and H. C. Blanton will be at Kelso Thursday night, November 1.

SIKESTON STANDARD

C. L. BLANTON, EDITOR

ISSUED TUESDAY AND FRIDAY AT SIKESTON, MISSOURI

Entered at the Postoffice at Sikeston, Scott County, Missouri, as second-class mail matter, according to act of Congress.

Rates:
Display advertising. per single column inch, net 25c
Reading notices, per line 10c
Bank statements $10.00
Probate notices. minimum ....$ 5.00
Yearly subscription in Scott and the adjoining counties $1.50
Yearly subscription elsewhere in the United States $2.00



Alfred E. Smith

DEMORATIC TICKET

For President
Al Smith
For Vice President
Joe Robinson
For U. S. Senator
Charles M. Hay
For Governor
Francis M. Wilson
For Lieutenant Governor
Frank H. Harris
For Secretary of State
Dwight H. Brown
For State Auditor
Forrest Smith
For State Treasurer
Richard R. Nacy
For Attorney General
Elmer O. Jones
For Judge Supreme Court
Geo. R. Ellison
For Judge Springfield Court of Appeals
John H. Bradley
For Congressman
James F. Fulbright
For State Senator
Ralph Wammack
For Representative
C. C. White
For Circuit Judge
Frank Kelly
For County Judge 1st Dist.
George Buchanan
For County Judge 2nd Dist.
Anton Legrand
For Prosecuting Attorney
M. E. Montgomery
For Sheriff
Tom Scott
For Assessor
J. D. O'Connor
For Treasurer
C. E. Felker
For Coroner
Geo. R. Dempster
For Public Administrator
J. Claude Wylie
For Surveyor
R. L. Harrison
For Constable
Brown Jewell

There is one thing dead certain. If Al Smith is elected President, Mary Booze will not be in the receiving line at the White House.

Well, it won't be long now. Here's to you Al, or Herb!

• • • •

We have no intention of tearing our shirt for any individual candidate. We are for the entire Democratic from Al Smith to Brown Jewell.

• • • •

A few years of "Wilson Depression" will be heartily welcomed by the farmers after seven years of "Harding-Coolidge Prosperity".

• • •

The footnote on the Republican circular letter is just about as square and honest as a lot of the stuff they have been putting out. They meant to deceive the public or the good brother who daddied the footnote would have told of the Catholic grandparents of Giles Dover instead of stressing the Methodist preachers in his family.

• • • •

The lesson for this week is entitled "How to whip a Mule", with daily lessons, and a grand final examination next Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock on the Bulldog gridiron. In the meantime, the assignments include such things as leaving candy bras, fountain drinks, peanuts and Lady Nicotine strictly alone, going to bed occasionally and learning lessons in harmony (not vocal). If there is a quitter on or near the team, this is the time to speak or forever hold his peace. Everyone knows Poplar Bluff has a good team and a winning team so far. The point right now is to build up and perfect a scoring and defensive machine out here that will score with or without the "breaks" of the game, and one that can stop the battering ram from the Bluff. We've got the material and the stuff. That was demonstrated to the satisfaction of everyone last Friday against Caruthersville. With some of the injuries patched up and the old fight back, they can't stop you. Go on, beat the Mules and pass that "final exam" Friday.

• • • •

A circular letter is being put out by the Republican County Committee and sent to most of the women voters of Sikeston with the expectation of changing Democratic votes to Mr. Hoover. The circular is a copy of a letter written by Giles Dover, a former Sikeston boy, who went East and fell into bad Republican company, to The Herald, telling of the terrible bad Tammany. The circular will not even change the votes of the Dover family in Sikeston, therefore, might be classed as a dud. No fault is found by anyone for Giles' turning Republican, for he has a perfect right to his opinion, but considerable fault is found in the footnote by the Republican Committee, who plainly seeks to hold up to Methodists that the father-in-law and grandfather of Dover were Methodists preachers. This is rather on the order of the whispering campaign engaged in by Republicans. A member of the Dover family deemed it necessary to inform The Standard Editor that Giles Dover voted for Coolidge four years ago, much to the disgust of his family here, and therefore, he is not to be termed a "turncoat" in the present election. Furthermore, the editor is informed by this same member of the family, that Giles' relatives on his father's side were Catholics. This circular letter is just another indication of the fact that half-truths usually result in flarebacks.

• • • •

The throat specialist are said to be strongly in favor of political campaigns.—Shoe and Leather Reporter.

The Literary Digest is putting out another tremendous straw-ballot campaign. Evidently we are going to have another predigested election.—Clay County (Fla.) Times.



With Expert Care

The repairing of footwear. left in our shop. is handled with expert care. Quality materials and special machinery enables us to make your shoes look like new.

Heuer's Sample Shoe Store
McCoy-Tanner Building Sikeston

AN OPEN LETTER TO MR. SUNDAY

Good morning, Mr. Sunday. I hope you are well. Memphis has always been glad to welcome you as an evangelist and her people have given ample proof of their appreciation of you in this capacity. You are coming here now in another role, if newspaper publications are correct. The purpose as stated is to make a political address, in which you will advise our people to vote against Governor Smith, the Democratic nominee for president, and in favor of Mr. Hoover, the Republican candidate. If this is true, many of your friends and admirers will regret it and these constitute the great majority of the people of this city. To speak plainly, these will not relish any advice from you as to how they should cast their votes, much as they think of the sincerity and soundness of your views on religion.

It is supposed that you are a Republican in politics and the prevailing sentiment in this community is Democratic, and it will so register in November.

It may not be amiss to remind you that every one of the nine judges of this city are supporters of Governor Smith in this election, as is the mayor of the city, and every one of the county and city officials. Among the Democratic lawyers of the city, the opposition to Governor Smith is almost negligible.

Some of our ministers, it is true, are opposed to Governor Smith, and others among the men and women who have formerly been identified with the Democratic party. These in the aggregate are not very numerous. They constitute a rather small minority of the whole. All of the eight Democratic congressmen from Tennessee are actively supporting Gov. Smith and so are the two senators from this State.

What is true of Tennessee is true of the congressional representation in every one of the other southern States, Kentucky, Virginia, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi Louisiana, Texas and Arkansas.

The only exceptions in the solid support of these southern States are in North Carolina and Alabama, where one senator from each of the States is against the Democratic nominee, while the other senators and all the representatives are supporting him.

It may be interesting also for you to know, if you do not already have the information, that the great majority of these southern members of Congress, if not all of them, are pronounced prohibitionists and many of them have not only advocated it, but have done all in their power by their votes and influence in the national law making body and elsewhere to maintain and strengthen the laws.

Had it not been for the practically united support of the south, when Mr. Hoover was a resident of England and took no part whatever in the contest, the resolution to submit the Eighteenth Amendment to the States for their ratification or rejection could not have been passed.

It will not do to assume that men like Senator Carter Glass of Virginia, Senator Shepherd of Texas, ex-Secretary Daniel of North Carolina and hundreds of others, including the writer, have lost interest in prohibition or that we approve Governor Smith's position on the question.

These conspicuous southern Democrats and prohibitionists are like thousands of others who are supporting Governor Smith because he is the nominee of his party, and for the further reason they think he is a man of exceptional capacity and one of the utmost personal and political integrity. They realize that he cannot change the prohibition laws and that prohibition itself is not a political question and should not be.

They know he has given his solemn pledge to do all in his power to enforce the laws as they are written and believe in the sincerity of this pledge.

They know also that there is nothing in the Democratic platform that pledges or binds any member of the party to believe in the wisdom of prohibition, just as there is nothing of the sort in the Republican platform. They do not think it is necessary to turn Republican to prove they are prohibitionists, because they can find nothing in the past record of Mr. Hoover to show that he favors prohibition more than Governor Smith, and certainly nothing in the spectacle presented in Washington, where under Republican rule and with the national enforcement laws in the hands of an ex-distiller, the prohibition laws have been so fearfully abused and mal-administered.

They do not think that Governor Smith could do worse, but they do think he would do a great deal better. Governor Smith has in no way repudiated the Democratic platform. On the contrary, he stands squarely upon it. Everyone knows that he personally favored a modification of the prohibition law before he was nominated at Houston and his telegram stated nothing new or different. It is a gross injustice and not the truth to say that Governor Smith has repudiated the platform and given thereby an excuse for Democrats to vote against him.

We hope you will not fall into this error if you make the speech which reports inform us you will deliver against Governor Smith. Such a speech will be construed and actually would be against the Demcoratic party, for we think no one can support Republican candidates and remain Democrats. The Democraitc party, Mr. Sunday, means a great deal to the southern people from both practical and sentimental standpoints. We think it saved our civilization at a time when it was threatened by Republican passion just after the war between the States. You have traveled much in the south and should know this from your own observation. We do not now believe that the Republican party would hesitate for its own political advantage to establish the rule of the black man over the white in the south wherever the former was in a majority.

The evidence of this may be found in the two force bills, both of which had it not been with the help of the Democrats of the north, would have been fastened upon the south. These measures would have put our election under federal control by taking away the authority of the States and this would have been revolutionary in our government.

After all these years, I call your attnetion to a plnak of the Republican platform adopted in 1928 at Kansas City on which Mr. Hoover, as the accredited nominee of his party, stands.

It follows: "We renew our recommendation that the Congress enact at the earliest possible date a federal anti-lynching bill, so that the full influence of the federal government may be used to exterminate this hideous crime".

I am as much opposed to lynching as any Republican can possibly be, and have given proof to my horror of the crime. So are thousands of southern Democrats. The prevailing sentiment in the south opposes lynching and this sentiment is constantly growing. It hsa had its effect and the crime is decreasing.

It constitutes a reflection upon the southern people to advocate a federal lynching bill. It only means that the laws here in the south will not be enforced. It means, though, much more. A federal lynching law would set aside all the authority and statutes of the states against the offense and substitute national authority.

This would be a plain violation of the rights of the States, constitute another revolutionary process, and bring on confusion. Not only that, but it would bring the whole race question back into politics when the relations between the whites and blacks are becoming better understood and reconciled.

Read what Mr. Dyer, one of the Republican representatives in Congress, says in a published interview on prohibition, and who is the author of an anti-lynching bill introduced in a former Congress and which was defeated.

After stating that he was opposed to the Eighteenth Amendment and would vote to repeal it, he proceeds as follows:

"On November 6 that great engineer-politician, Hoover, with the votes of the prohibitionists and those swayed because of the religious question in the south will drive such a thick wedge through the heart of the 'solid south' and their 'white supremacy' slogan that it will blow up their whole unconstitutional program. After the solid south has been blown to pieces by Engineer Hoover, our next president, that will be the finish of the nullificationists of the south who have for 60 years violated and prevented the enforcement of the Fourteenth amendments. Then Congress will enact enforcement laws that will give millions of negroes their constitutional rights as citizens and place them on an equality with all other races".

This all means that the race question is back in politics and the Republican party has put it there.

Now, Mr. Sunday, there will be no one to answer you when you speak at the auditorium tonight. You will have no one to answer you when you speak at the auditorium tonight. You will have no one present to challenge anything you may say. What I have written here, though necessarily brief, reflects, as I think, the best sentiment of the south.

I hope it will be called to your attention before making your address. —Gov. Patterson in Commercial Appeal.

POLITICAL ADV.

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President—
Herbert Hoover
For Vice-President—
Charles Curtis
For Senator—
Roscoe C. Patterson
For Governor—
Henry S. Caulfield
For Lieutenant Governor—
Edward H. Winter
For Secretary of State—
Charles U. Becker
For State Auditor—
L. D. Thompson
For State Treasurer—
Larry Brunk
For Attorney General—
Stratton Shartel
For Judge of Supreme Court—(Division No. 1)
William F. Frank
For Judge Springfield Court of Appeals—
Robert L. Smith
For Representative in Congress
Dewey J. Short
For State Senator—
George W. Kirk
For Judge of Circuit Court—
John A. Snider
For Representative in State Legislature—
George J. Arnold
For County Judge (1st Dist.)—
Frank Mount
For County Judge (2nd. Dist.)
Solomon Diebold
For Sheriff—
William O. Scott
For Assessor—
Floyd E. King
For County Treasurer —
E. A. Dye
For Coroner—
Dr. G. T. Dorris
For Surveyor—
Jas. A. Collier
For Prosecuting Attorney—
J. H. Hale

DEMOCRATIC SPEAKING

Bowman Building, Sikeston, Mo.
Tuesday Evening, October 30
7:30 O'CLOCK

Mrs. Emily Newell Blair
Former Vice-Chairwoman Democratic National Committee.

Mrs. Blair will address the voters of this community and deliver an address of merit.

Scott County Democratic Central Committee

IT'S THE FARMERS FAULT?

It is often said that the present condition of the farmer is due to his own extravagance; that he spends all of his money on automobiles. Automobiles have been with us approximately twenty-five years.

Twenty-five years ago the privileged classes and beneficiaries of Republican Prosperity did not maintain fleets of Packards and Rolls-Royce. They do now.

Twenty-five years ago, they did not spend $273,000 for 13 polo ponies. They do now.

Twenty-five years ago, they did not maintain golf clubs with memberships costing $25,000. They do now.

Twenty-five years ago, they did not maintain a winter home in Florida, a villa in France, and a $100,000 apartment in New York. They do now.

Twenty-five years ago they did not spend $700,000,000 annually traveling around Europe. They do now.

Yea, verily. Second-hand Fords have surely ruined agriculture.

There would be little difficulty in picking out a candidate's gift cigar while blindfolded.—Florence (Ala.) Herald.

Writer says movie actors' lives include too many risks—and sometimes, as narrated, too many asterisks.—Wall Street Journal.

REPUBLICAN MEETING

In Bowman Building
FIRST DOOR EAST OF POST OFFICE
SIKESTON
Friday Night, October 26th
—7:30 o'clock—

Speakers—

Frank M. Reid
of Illinois, Chairman of Flood Control Committee in National House of Representatives, and

Dewey Short
Republican Candidate for Congress in 14th District

Dennit S. Donahue Famous Chicago Cartoonist
Will Give a Chalk and Will Draw Many Campaigh Cartoons

Everybody Invited Ladies Especially Urged to Attend

VOTERS! Don't be misled on the issues of the present campaign. You owe it to yourself to hear these speakers on subjects of vital interest to you.

—SCOTT COUNTY REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE

Electricity Is Cheap In Sikeston

To warm those chilly corners you will find an

Electric Heater



reasonably priced from—

$4.95

up, indispensible on tbese first cold days. Comforting heat immediately where you want it—when you want it, as these portable heaters may be carried from room to room.

Phone 28

Missouri Utilities Co.

SOCIALISM ARGUMENT OF POWER TRUST SMITH REPLIES

Boston, October 24.—The charge that Herbert Hoover was using words to "conceal rather than convey" a meaning was made tonight by Gov. Alfred E. Smith, who ripped into utterances made by the Republican presidential nominee in New York City on water power, farm relief, prosperity and prohibition.

Opening his final drive for the presidency in this city where Hoover spoke nine days ago, the Democratic candidate declared in a speech specially prepared for the occasion that the expression of 'State Socialism" was the "stock argument of the power trust", which had been against him in his gubernatorial fights in New York State.

"The cry of Socialism has been patented by powerful interests", he said, "that desire to put the damper on progressive legislation".

The Governor argued that on the question of water power the problem simmered down to this:

"Either the people are to retain these water power sites under public ownership and public control, or they are to lease them to private companies for private profit".

The nominee then said he was "not simple-minded on this subject", and dcelared that he had known "all along exactly where the Republican candidate stood".

"What I have been trying to do is to drag him into the open", he continued. "From August 11 to October 22, Mr. Hoover succeeded in using words to hide his meaning, but on last Monday night the cat got out of the bag, and, at Madison Square Garden in New York City, he told the progressive members of his own party, as well as the Democrats of the country, that their proposals would 'cause us to turn to State Socialism'.

"If what he says in his Madison Square Garden speech is true, then all the members of Congress, Republicans and Democrats, who voted for the Muscle Shoals bill—vetoed by President Coolidge—are Socialists.

"I can almost picture the Republican candidate saying to Chairman Machold: 'What argument did you use against Smith's water power proposal in New York?'

"And Macholds' reply: 'Refer to it as State Socialism; that is best calculated to scare business men, large and small'. "

The Machold referred to by the nominee is the chairman of the Republican State Committee in New York, and the nominee added that he was "pretty sure, however, that Chairman Machold did not explain" that a number of distinguished New Yorkers were lined up "with what he pleased to call a socialistic doctrine".

The Governor then quoted Theodore Roosevelt as having said:

"Coal and oil barons cannot compare to water barons. Do not let them get a monopoly on what belongs to this state".

"Another distinguished Socialist—according to the Republican candidate and the Republican chairman—is former Gov. Hughes", the nominee went on. "As far back as 1907, twenty-one years ago, he first advocated the development of public waters in the State of New York under State ownership and State control.

"If Mr. Machold and Mr. Hoover are right, former Gov. Miller takes his place among the Socialists on the question of water power development.

"Owen D. Young, chairman of the Board of Directors of the General Electric Company, an advocate of State-owned and State-controlled power sites, must, according to the language of the Republican candidate, take his place in the rank of State Socialists.

"Taking the candidate's own word, why does he not, instead of hiding behind the catch phrase of 'State Sociaylism' come right out and say: 'I believe in leasing or selling or otherwise alienating the water power of this country in the interest of private power companies for the development by them for private profit and private gain, and I am opposed to government ownership, government control and government development?' "

The Governor said Hoover had touched upon water-power development in Tennessee without mentioning the words, "Muscle Shoals", and asked what the Republican candidate had in mind in using the words, "deadly, destructive doctrines".

"Did that mean public ownership and public control?" he asked. "If so, why not use words to convey the meaning? And what did he have in his mind when he tried to hide it?"

Gov. Smith also charged his opponent with quoting from a speech once made by Samuel Gompers against government ownership of railroads to bolster up his argument.

"There is a wide difference", the Democratic nominee added, "between a privately-owned railroad and a water-power site. Mr. Hoover failed to differentiate between the development of a natural resource and the operation of a privately built-up business".

The nominee again assailed Huber Work, now chairman of the Republican National Committee for renewing the Salt Creek oil lease to the Sinclair interests while serving as Secretary of the Interior. He declared that references to this lease "during the trial of one of the oil magnates, during the Senate investigation should have been sufficient to put Dr. Work on notice so that at least before renewing the option he would get an opinion from the Attorney General as to its validity".

He added that Work, however, had not done this and that the Attorney General had held the lease illegal.

The Governor said Hoover, besides referring to public water-power development by calling it "state socialism", had taken an identical course toward farm relief. He also declared that the Republican candidate had referred to his (Smith's) proposal for a change in prohibition by the same term.

On prosperity, the Governor declared his rival, in his Boston speech, "spoke of the prosperity of New England, but in his speech of acceptance he said that agriculture, coal and textile industries are still lagging behind.

"What are the facts?" the Governor asked. "In one manufacturing city alone in this state the number of wage earners in industry dropped from 33,300 in 1921 to 24,800 in 1927, a loss of work for 8500 men and women, particularly in the woolen and cotton mills. In that same period the amount of wages earned in a year had fallen from $36,904,884 to $28,961,874, or a loss in wages of $8,000,000 a year.

"These figures come from the Massachusetts Department of Labor and Industry.

"In his Boston speech, Mr. Hoover offered the textile workers of New England the consolation that they earned, on an average, 40 cents an hour and, for that reason, they were much better off than textile workers in other parts of the world.

"For a little over a fifty-three-hour week, 40 cents an hour would make the weekly wage of a full-time textile worker $21.36 a week. Even this small amount is not agreed to by the Bureau of Labor and Statistics in Washington, which only recently issued a statement declaring that a survey of the cotton textile industry showed that for a little over a fifty-three-hour week the worker received $17.30.

"I should like to have a picture of a $17.30 a week textlie worker riding out to dinner in his own automobile with his silk stockings on. In the face of the candidate's own statement, in the face of the Republican party's own declaration that agriculture is prostrate and that the buying power of one-third of the people of the nation has been paralyzed, the Republican candidate at Madison Square Garden on Monday night of this week declared the Democratic remedy for the economic ills of agriculture to be state socialism, without offering anything in the way of a remedy for their solution. "Unfounded statements of that kind go farther to build up the ranks of socialism in thiscountry than anything else".

On prohibition the Governor quoted Hoover as saying:

"Our country has deliberately undertaken a great social and economic experiment, noble in motive and far-reaching in purpose. It must be worked out constructively".

"What does that mean?" asked Smith. "What is the matter with the noble experiment that, after eight years of trial, it is necessary for the Republican candidate to say it must be worked out constructively. Is it working now? If not, what is the matter? And what is his remedy? Why not use words to convey the meaning and not hide it?

"Further in his speech he says: common sense compels us to realize that grave abuses have occurred'.

"What are they and what is the remedy for them?"

Again, the Governor said, Hoover declared "my plan for farm relief to be State Socialism". He said that as a result of this Senator Curtis of Kansas, Republican vice-presidential candidate, was a "fifty per cent Socialist", as he had originally voted for the McNary-Huagen farm bill and then voted to sustain President Coolidge's veto.

The nominee added that, further, Hoover, by so referring to his farm plan, had included Vice President Dawes and Frank O. Lowden, former Illinois Governor and a leader in the farm movement, as well as many members of the House and Senate in the "State Socialistic party".

"As far as all these problems are concerned", the Governor concluded, "I have certainly used words to convey my meaning and I have not attempted to conceal it, and it made no difference in what part of the country I was talking.

"To refer to the remedies for all these evils as State Socialism is not constructive statesmanship, it is not leadership, and leadership is what this country is hungry for today. It has not had it in the last eight years and it has little prospect of it in the four to come, in the event of Republican success".



Masks and Favors

For Halloween

Before you complete your plans for your Halloween party, drop in here and see the splendid array of masks and favors we haue at popular prices.

THE BIJOU

"Where Good Fellows Meet"



New Coats

Fur Trimmed

Mostly Shawl Collars and Fur Cuffs

Beautiful Materials

NEWEST SHADES

Reasonably priced at

$10.95

$14.95 $19.95

$24.95

The Peoples Store

Sikeston's Progressive Store

2d Door North Bank of Sikeston

WE GIVE EAGLE STAMPS

DIVISION TEN ROADS IN GOOD CONDITION—DANIELS

Highways in Division 10 are in good condition, according to the weekly road report prepared under the direction of P. H. Daniels, Division Engineer.

Weather has been cooler with a light rain on Monday. Route 61—Sikeston to intersection of Route 82, 26 miles. Gravel surface. Eight mile earth detour around construction, Sikeston to Matthews. Rough but passable. From Matthews to New Madrid, traffic is being carried over 18-foot concrete pavement.

NEGRO FINED $75 AND 6 MONTHS LAST TUESDAY

Willard Littleton, truck driver, arrested last Sunday, after his machine ran into a cow belonging to Fred Paul on Highway 60 east of town, was fined $75 costs and penalty and given 6 months in jail at a preliminary trial held before Judge Myers last Tuesday. The jail sentence against Littleton will be waived upon payment of the fine and good conduct.

TAX COLLECTOR HERE UNTIL FRIDAY AFTERNOON

Emil Steck, Collector for Scott County, has been at the City Hall Wednesday and Thursday and will finish his work in Sikeston Friday afternoon. Citizens are urged to meet the Collector, get statements and necesary figures for their own convenience.

BOARDMAN BOY IMPROVING

Charles Boardman, Jr., struck by an auto last Saturday evening, on the corner of Front and New Madrid Streets, is improving, according to word received at the hospital late Thursday. Young Boardman is suffering from a skull fracture and three fractured ribs.

Joe Matthews has not been very well for the past few days.

Mrs. Crider and son, David, of Louisiana, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Kevil.

C. E. Brenton and family and Harry Young went to St. Louis Wednesday to see Mrs. Young, who recently underwent a major operation and was discharged from the hospital on Thursday. She will be brought home in the near future.

Mrs. W. P. Wilkerson will entertain with bridge Tuesday afternoon.

The Sikeston D. A. R. Chapter will be guests of Mrs. Scott Alexander at Charleston, Tuesday for luncheon.

Dr. and Mrs. E. J. Malone and Mr. and Mrs. Earl Malone returned Sunday form a delightful two weeks' visit to parts of Tennessee.

Mrs. L. A. Pharris and children, L. A., Jr. and Patricia Ann, of Vicksburg, Miss., are visiting Mr. Pharris' mother, Mrs. A. E. Shankle.

Sikes Hardware Company store on Front Street is being repainted and papered. The building presents a very neat and clean appearance.

George Rush of Colorado Springs, Colo., is visiting his daughter, Mrs. N. F. Moore, on the Leroy Moore farm, south of Sikeston.

Robert Thomas, Salcedo lumberman and farmer and W. W. Hinchey, merchant, are to be congratulated on their civic enterprise in furnishing the flag pole for the American Legion Square of this city. Other citizens nearer at hand, who wish to contribute money, shrubbery, or labor or urged to express their sentiment early so that work on the plot can go smoothly and in keeping with a definite plan.

Dr. Handy Smith left Wednesday for a short stay in St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Davenport and Miss Myrtle Pool of Poplar Bluff were visitors to Sikeston this week.

Misses Masie and Genevieve McKeon of Mobile, Ala. and Mrs. G. B. Trigg of St. Louis visited in Sikeston as guests of Mrs. H. C. Blanton. Mrs. Trigg will return to St. Louis Saturday. The Misses McKeon returned to their home in Alabama on Thursday.

'WINGS' a Paramount Picture

We are now offering a New Pastry

Sunbeam Cakes

If you desire a really delicious cake try Sunbeam Cakes---they are said by those who have bought them to be the best offered in Sikeston.

We have a large supply of Freshly Baked Pies, Cakes, Rolls, doughnuts etc., always on hand.



When They Want A 'Tween Meal Snack

There is one thing you can give them that will be both wholesome and appetizing—bread and milk. Be sure that you use Butter-Krust bread because it contains a liberal portion of needed health and strength building food elements.

PHONE 62

Schorle Bros. Bakery

Your Baker For Twenty-Five Years

Follow the Crowd

When you get around to buy a tire, no matter whether price or quality is your first consideration, you can make a safe, certain selection by doing what the largest single group of car owners in the world does—buy a Goodyear.

More people ride on Goodyear tires than on any other kind.

Sensenbaugh's Super Service Station

TODAY, Friday Is My LAST DAY In SIKESTON

Call at the City Hall and Pay Your County and State Taxes Today

Emil Steck, Collector for Scott County

SIKESTON STANDARD

C. L. BLANTON, EDITOR

ISSUED TUESDAY AND FRIDAY AT SIKESTON, MISSOURI

Entered at the Postoffice at Sikeston, Scott County, Missouri, as second-class mail matter, according to act of Congress.

Rates:
Display advertising, per single column inch, net 25c
Reading notices, per line 10c
Bank statements $10.00
Probate notices, minimum ....$ 5.00
Yearly subscription in Scott and the adjoining counties $1.50
Yearly subscription elsewhere in the United States $2.00

The editor confesses that since the spell of sickness he is not only weak in the head, but mighty weak in the legs.

• • • •

Kind Providence removed one thorn the side of Gov. Smith when Wm. Jennings Bryan was called a few seasons ago.

• • • •

The editor of The Standard is reliably informed that the parties who "stole" our night officers recently were Democrats, for. said this gentleman, if they were Republicans the officer would not have had his money returned.

• • •

The Standard has no intention of printing rumors about tactics of local Republican workers without investigating first to find out if it be unfair. It is nonsense to listen to the bunk that goes around when common sense should tell that there is nothing to it.

• • • •

Complaint has reached The Standard office of the great number of small boys and youths who loal around the picture show during and after the performance. It is believed that these boys had better be at home studying their lessons than loafing the streets. Parents should look after their children a bit closer.

• • •

Information was given to The Standard Thursday morning by box holders on rural routes, that the mail carriers were placnig in mail boxes Republican literature contrary to the postal laws. The editor called on Postmaster Tanner and was informed the information was true, but that stamps had been placed on every piece of the mail.

• • • •

Has anybody ever heard of the local W. C. T. U. and the preachers of Sikeston making an organized effort to see that the prohibition law was enforced in and around Sikeston? Why don't they come clean and say it is Al Smith's religion they oppose instead of his stand on prohibition. Or, why don't they act on joints that are said to exist about the city.

We are wondering if the editor of The Herald will print the fact that the grandparents of Giles Dover, on his father's side, were both Catholics, and that Giles Dover had voted for Coolidge four years ago. The Herald editor is familiar with the footnote of the circular letter put out in his office, that emphasized the Methodist preacher connections of Giles Dover, which said footnote was intended to prejudice the minds of the protestant voting public. If he is anything like the good christian brother that he pretends to be, he certainly would not knowingly hide the Catholic connections of Giles Dover.

• • • •

We doubt if there is a man or woman in the United States who wishes to have the licensed saloon back in the country. Though there is hardly a day passes but what we read of trouble at some saloon in the cities, and this under the prohibition laws. The W. C. T. U. is the aggregation that is holding up the open saloon as the bogy man to frighten the public. Gov. Smith has stated time and again that he opposed the saloon and if elected president would enforce the laws to the best of his ability. He is like many others, thinks it unenforceable without modification in certain respects.

• • •

Listen! Let us tell you a little story that shows just how much christianity some preachers have. Recently a preacher remarked in a Sikeston store that he had always voted the Democratic ticket, but this time would not vote for Smith. Asked the reason: He said "because he is a Catholic". The merchant rightfully told him he was not a christian. Wish the merchant would give us the name of the preacher who is built that way. All protestant churches are offsprings of the Catholic church and some of their forms of worship are not many jumps behind that of the Catholic. What an excuse for a preacher to give when all are after the same end.

• • •

Mary Boose indignantly denies having danced with Herbert Hoover in the following language:



LOCALS 1, SUNNY JIM'S CREW 0 THURS

In the words of 'Sunny Jim", Sikston has a good ball team. And that tells the story. The locals copped a run in the first inning and held the Big Show boys to two hits and no runs for the balance of the game. Wid Matthews flied out to Kock in centerfield in the first inning. Tuffy Crain connected with a hot one for a liner through third, and Dowdy got on by the only error of the game on Turlin, playing second for the All-Stars. Smetzer connected for a hit to right and scored Crain. Haman was out, Turlin to Bottomley and Ruffing threw out Bowman on an easy roller to pitch.

Only four pitched balls were necessary to retire the visitors in the first inning. McLaughlin flied out to Matthews, Kock popped up to Burrus and Bottomley was laid to rest also by Burrus on a high infield fly.

Lefty Fuhr allowed only two hits to the Bottomley-Ruffing aggregation, and those came in the seventh, and they advanced no further than second base at that. Ruffing collected five strikeouts to four for Lefty, but the locals drove through with five hits to two for the visitors, one by McLaughlin and one by C. Kock.

T. Crain and Smetzer hit in the first, Fuhr in the second and eighth, and Matthews lined one over second in the eighth.

The locals played air-tight ball, with every man on his toes throughout the game. The 'breaks" if any, were in favor of Sikeston in the first inning, whne Turlin fumbled a play which should have been an easy double. An attempted double steal by the visitors in the seventh fell thru. Kock at first attempted to go down and McLaughlin on second. tried third, when Bowman threw to Haman and he to Smetzer, who tagged McLaughlin at third base.

The score by innings:

	123	456	789	R	H	E
Sikeston	100	000	000	1	5	0
All-Stars	000	000	000	0	2	1

The box score:

Sikeston	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Matthews, rf	4	0	1	4	0	0
T. Crain, ss	4	1	1	2	0	0
Dowdy, cf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Smetzer, 3b	3	0	1	3	4	0
Haman, 1b	3	0	0	7	1	0
Bowman, c	3	0	0	6	1	0
B. Crain, lf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Burrus, 2b	3	0	0	2	0	0
Fuhr, p	3	0	2	0	1	0
Total	29	1	5	27	7	0

All-Stars	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
McLaughlin, ss	4	0	1	1	3	0
C. Koch, cf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Bottomley, 1b	3	0	0	13	1	0
Vangilder, rf	3	0	0	0	0	0
Tate, c	3	0	0	6	0	0
HHudson, lf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Turlin, 2b	3	0	0	1	3	1
Hinton, 3b	2	0	0	0	1	0
*Lattimer	1	0	0	0	0	0
Ruffing, p	3	0	0	1	4	0
Total	28	0	2	24	12	1

*Lattimer batted for Hinton in the ninth.

Batteries, for Sikeston, Fuhr and Bowman; for Visitors, Ruffing and Tate. Umpires: Plate, Jack Ryan, bases, Dutch Heisler. Time of game, 1 hour and 5 minutes.

Summary: Struck out by Ruffing 5, by Fuhr 4. Left on bases, Visitors, 1, Sikeston 5. Errors, one Turlin.

How It Happened

First Inning

McLaughlin flied out to Matthews. He hit the first ball pitched. C. Koch flied out to Burrus and Bottomley dropped another high one in Big Burrus' glove. No hits, no runs, no errors.

Sikeston—Matthews flied out to Koch. T. Crain single down third base line. Dowdy got on and advanced Crain to third on a grounder to Turlin who fumbled his chance for a double. Smetzer scored T. Crain on a hit to right. Haman was out, Turlin to Bottomley. Bowman grounded out Ruffing to Bottomley.

Second Inninfig

Visitors—Vangilder drove a high fly to Mathews in right field. Tate grounded out Smetzer to Haman and Hudson popped out to Smetzer.

Sikeston—B. Crain grounded out, Hinton to Bottomley. Burrus fouled to Tate. Fuhr hit to third, but Matthews was out on an easy roller, Turlin to Bottomley.

Third Inning

Visitors—Turlin grounded out Fuhr to Haman, Hinton and Ruffing struck out.

Sikeston—T. Crain struck out, Dowdy was out, McLaughlin to Bottomley on a hard grounder, Smetzer struck out.

Fourth Inning

Visitors—McLaughlin was out on a high foul to Haman, Koch was thrown out at first by Smetzer, Bottomley grounded out to Haman unassisted.

Sikeston—Haman lined out to McLaughlin and Bowman and B. Crain struck out.

Fifth Inning

Visitors—Vangilder flied out to T. Crain. Tate flied out to Dowdy. It was a nice catch. Hudson flied out to Bowman.

Sikeston—Burrus was out to Turlin on a high infield fly, Fuhr was thrown out at first by McLaughlin, and Matthews was out pitch to first.

Sixth Inning

Visitors—Turlin fouled out to Haman. Hinton struck out, and Ruffing flied out to Matthews.

Sikeston—T. Crain was thrown out at first by Ruffing. Dowdy flied out to Hudson, and Smetzer grounded out to Ruffing unassisted.

Seventh Visitors

Visitors—McLaughlin hit over second. C. Koch bunted to short safely, Bottomley out to Smetzer and McLaughlin was caught at third base Bowman. to Haman to Smetzer, Vangilder struck out to retire the side.

Sikeston—Haman was out, McLaughlin to Bottomley, Bowman grounded out Bottomley to Ruffing and B. Crain fouled out to Bottomley.

Eighth Inning

Visitors—Tate fouled high to Bowman. Hudson drove a liner over second and was out by Matthews who made a sensational running catch. Turlin grounded out, Smezter to Haman for the third out.

Sikeston—Burrus was out on an easy roller, Ruffing to Bottomley, Fuhr hit through second safely, Matthews hit through second safely advancing Fuhr. T. Crain struck out, and Dowdy grounded out, Turlin to Bottomley.

Visitors—Lattimre batted for Hinton. He flied out to T. Crain. Ruffing drove a high fly for the second out to B. Crain and McLaughlin grounded out hard, Smetzer to Haman.

Watch Your Car Doors to Prevent Accidents

Several serious accidents have been reported during the first six months of the year involving cases where children have fallen out of machines due to extreme carelessness on the part of the motorist, according to a bulletin issued by St. Mayer, president of the automobile club of Illinois.

Never allow a child to sit next to the door of an automobile if it is possible, nor extend it any such privileges as closing or opening the doors for passengers. In this wise many doors, which would otherwise seem securely fastened have merely been closed without the double-snap lock taking hold. A three-year-old son of a party of tourists was recently hurled to the pavement from a car traveling at an approximate speed of 40 miles per hour. The child was severely injured and may possibly be crippled for life, due, no doubt, to some one's carelessness.

"At this youthful age, the child could not be expected to do the things that the grownup should of done," declared Mr. Mayer, and it is the duty of every motorist having children, or for that matter, anyone as a passenger to carefully guard against this form of accident.



BUILDINGS KEPT IN REPAIR REDUCE FIRE HAZARDS

Keeping a building in repair is one of the best known methods of reducing fire hazards. The lumber and other materials we use in filling your order for needed repair materials are of A-1 quality, even though our prices are less.

SIKESTON LUMBER CO.
Phone 226 Steve Humphreys, Mgr.

FIRST IN— Special Prices

For Quality Merchandise

Friday and Saturday Specials

Chiffon Hose

Ladies' Pure thread Silk Chiffon Hose, Pointex heel.
$1.50 value

59c pair

Bed Spreads

80x105 Crinkle Bed Spreads, Assorted Colors.
$1.44 values

98c

We give tickets on the free Prizes to be given away October 27, including the Purebred Jersey Cow.

New Location Malcolm Bldg. **The H & M Store** New Location Malcolm Bldg.

LOOK FOR THE SIGN OF HONOR AND MERIT

When Pasture Is Short Feed Corn Meal Mash

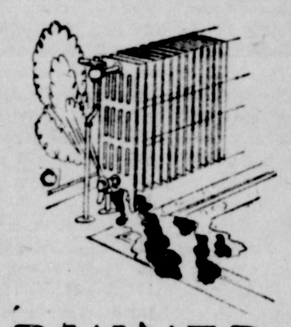
If the pasture is short, or if it is desirable to force the goslings for an early market, a mash composed of corn meal, wheat middlings and ground oats in equal parts by weight, mixed with 5 per cent of meat scraps will make an excellent feed. Grit and oyster shell should be available as well as a good supply of water.

Mature geese can be handled in a similar manner. Unless they are being confined for some special reason, they will secure most of their living from good range. During the breeding season they should receive a mash similar to that enumerated above.

LOOK AT YOUR SHOES
Everyone Else Does

Ladies' Rubber Caps, pr. attached 25c
Men's Rubber Heels, or Leather Heels, pair attached.....40c

E. H. HELLER
Electric Shoe Shop
Frisco Addition



RUINED

OH! the damage that can be done by a leaky radiator! Fine flooring costly wall paper and expensive rugs are all prey of the spurting, spraying, dripping radiator that is out of repair. few dollars spent now with us is the best and safest form of casualty insurance. We'll repair or renew your hot water plant—efficiently, reasonably.



Phone 225
L. T. Davey
Plumbing—Heating
Refrigerating Contractor

The Standard, $1.50 per year.

Mrs. A. A. Mayfield will entertain with a family dinner, Sunday.

Charles Frank, manager of the H. & M. Store, was a business visitor to St. Louis this week.

Mrs. E. C. Matthews will entertain Saturday evening with a dinner bridge, complimenting Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Matthews III.

Mrs. F. A. Denton and Miss Lillian Putnam are suffering with poisoning having come in contact with it while hunting.



MALONE THEATRE

7:00 O'clock Nightly



FRIDAY
Afternoon and Evening



Buster has a camera, but what he doesn't know about it would make even the little birdie laugh! He gets into more darn trouble than you can shake a tripod at, from filming bathing beauties to getting caught in a Chinatown tong war. It's a Howl!

with MARCELINE DAY

PATHE REVIEW AND NOVELTY

Special Added Attraction, the Daredevil of the Movies WALT COFFMAN in person and LITTLE BILLIE STEPHENS, the Child Acrobat with special music by BARBARA COFFMAN

Bargain Matinee at 3 p. m.—Admission 10c and 25c. Nights 7:00 and 8:30 —Admission 20c and 40c

SATURDAY
Continuous show—2:30 to 10:30

Oh, Boy! Here's a tornado of speed! FRED HUMES with DOROTHY GULLIVER in

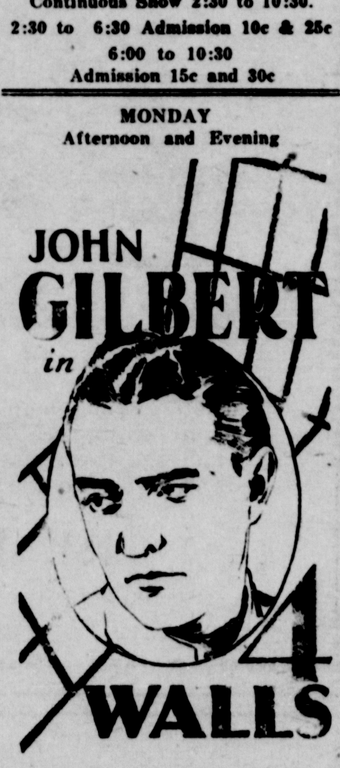
"One Glorions Scrap"

Thrills that come so fast they tumble over one another. Romance? Sweet Daddy! Fred Humes, handsome young, washbuckling cowboy rides through a cyclone of dangre to save his sweetheart and outwit the scheming fake rainmaker who threatens her father with bankruptcy.

AESOP FABLES and Episode No. 5 —"THE YELLOW CAMEO", also special added attraction. the Daredevile of the Movies, WALT COFFMAN in person and LITTLE BILLIE STEPHENS, the Child Acrobat with special music by BARBARA COFFMAN

Continuous Show 2:30 to 10:30.
2:30 to 6:30 Admission 10c & 25c
6:00 to 10:30
Admission 15c and 30c

MONDAY
Afternoon and Evening



with JO NCRAWFORD and VERA GORDON, LOUIS NATHEAUX and CARMEL MYERS.

"Stone walls do not a prison make, Nor iron bars a cage".

An imprisoned gangster, John Gilbert finds there are four walls in life still stronger. How he crashes thru them to find himself makes Gilbert's most stirring picture since "The Parade".

NEWS AND COMEDY

Added attraction—M. E. PRATT, Radio singer and entertainer of Stations WCCO, Minneapolis and WHT, Chicago.

Admission 20c and 40c

Bargain Matinee Every Monday at 3 p. m. Admission 10c and 25c

Evenings 7:00 and 8:30 p. m. Admission 20c and 40c

LIONS ENTERTAIN BASEBALL MEN

The weekly luncheon of the local Lions Club at the Hotel Marshall was in effect a baseball banquet, originally in honor of "Sunny Jim" Bottomley and Charlie Ruffing, on the occasion of the Big Leaguers-Sikeston game Thursday afternoon. The guest of honor, Bottomley, missed connections in Carbondale, Ill., and could not be present at the luncheon.

Other stellar lights in baseballdom, however, appeared. McElroy, late of the New York Yankees, acting as chauffer for Lefty Oscar Fuhr, who pitched for Sikeston Thursday, attended. Scouts Wade of the Memphis Ball Club and Jack Ryan of the Cardinals, Jimmy McLaughlin. third sacker for Sacremento in the Pacific Coast League, Bennie Tate, of the Washington Senators, and his friend, Charlie Derring, were guests of the occasion.

Green B. Greer, ardent Cardinal fan and baseball follower, was present with a "first class introduction for Jim Bottomley", as he stated it, but when Jim failed to show up, Mr. Greer made a short talk about early baseball. He gave a brief account of continuous Monday to Friday games in which masks, protectors and gloves were unheard of, and in which the scores often ran up in the hundreds before the game of the week was over.

Mr. Greer further showed his appreciation for the clean sportsmanship and manifest good spirit of the national game.

McLaughlin previously mentioned, told of one game on the Pacific Coast that went to thirty-six innings before the tied score was finally settled.

Lefty Fuhr told the Club that "he left St. Louis this morning just in time to miss the Graf Zeppelin, and arrived in Sikeston just in time to miss the luncheon".

Manuel Schorle, manager of the Muny League gave the Club a short talk on the recent successful Muny League season, following the request for a speech on that subject by M. M. Beck.

Twenty-four Lions and six visitors were present.

FOR SALE—Upright piano. Will trade for radio. Phone 109.—Mrs. M. G. Gresham.

JOHN A. SNIDER



Republican Candidate
—For—

Circuit Judge

Judge Snider is eminently qualified for this position, by age, experience and mental poise. His record on the bench at Cape Girardeau, during eight years as Judge, is that of 84 cases appealed, 72 were affirmed—85 per cent affirmance, an excellent record.

In view of Judge Snider's qualifications and the fact that the present Judge took the bench on November 25, 1912, and held the office since, almost 16 years, during which time he has drawn in pay about $70,000, don't you think he is entitled to a vacation?

Republican Judicial Com.



Have you tried, — Golden brown waffles, Electrically cooked right on your table.

WOMAN'S CLUB HOLDS IMPORTANT MEETING

Several matters of importance vied with each other for the interest of the Woman's Club at the meeting on Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. F. M. Sikes.

The outstanding matter, in its effect upon both the Club and the City, was the proposed visit of Mrs. H. C. McCahan, State President of the Federation of Woman's Clubs of Missouri, to Sikeston, Wednesday, October 31. Mrs. McCahan will be the honor guest of the Woman's Club at a reception at the Hotel Marshall when she will lecture informally on library work. All Clubs in the vicinity will be invited to enjoy and to assist the local Club in feting this brilliant author, poetess, and Club woman.

Plans were made for our representation at the Convention of the Ninth District at Flat River, October 29-30. The local Club will be well represented in all departments. Delegates chosen were Mrs. C. L. Blanton and Mrs. H. A. Trowbridge, with Mrs. H. E. Dudley and Mrs. M. M. Beck as alternates. Mrs. H. M. Kendig and Mrs. L. R. Burns will represent Sikeston in a musical program to be given Tuesday afternoon. Besides these official delegates, there are expected to be several cars of members attend.

The Club decided to aid the American Legion with the park by sponsoring a flower bed. Mrs. E. C. Matthews will be in charge of this work.

Mrs. H. A. Trowbridge was elected to fill the office of First Vice President left vacant by the departure of Mrs. L. L. Contazer.

Mrs. Paul Anderson, Chairman of Ways and Means, is making arrangements for a cake and candy sale for Saturday, November 3, for the purpose of raising funds for current expenses.

Much thought was given to plans for final work on the library. The organization and establishment of a complete public library for Sikeston is the major aim of the Club for the ensuing year. Many novel ideas were submitted for ways and means to this end.

The program on "American Citizenship" was in charge of Mrs. E. E. Hudson and in whose absence, her daughter, Miss Virginia, presided. Besides a paper by the leader, articles about the presidential candidates, taken from the "Missouri Club Woman", were read by Mrs. C. C. Rose and Mrs. H. M. Kendig.

The study program was followed by a musical program in charge of Mrs H. M. Kendig and included the following numbers:

Valse Chromatique, Godard—Virginia Mount.

Laughing Brook, Rasbach—Josephine Hudson.

Sylvia, Oley Speaks—Josephine Hudson.

Reading—Emily Blanton.

To Sevilla, Dessaner—Mrs. L. R. Burns.

Concert Etude, Liszt—Mrs. T. B. Allen.

The next meeting of the Club will be Monday, Novmeber 5, at the home of Mrs. C. D. Matthews, Jr.

NORRIS FOR SMITH, WILL TAKE STUMP IN HIS SUPPORT

Portland, Ore., October 24.—Senator George W. Norris of Nebraska, independent Republican, announced here today that he would support Gov. Smith, Democratic nominee for the presidency, and that he would start on a speaking tour in Smith's behalf "within a few days".

Norris was here today on the way to Omaha from Seattle.

Norris will make his first speech in Omaha, Saturday night, he said.

"I couldn't reach any other conclusion but to support Gov. Smith for President", Norris said, "for a progressive, there is no other place to land except in the Smith camp".

"I am not with Gov. Smith on his stand on prohibition, but I think that will be worked out satisfactorily if he is elected", Norris said, adding: "But this stand on the water power monopoly and on relief for the farmers is right".

"The great battle ground of this campaign should be in the Middle West—in the agricultural section of the country", Norris declared. "Just how states in that section will vote, no one can foretell, but the farmers and those who depend on the farmers for their prosperity should support Gov. Smith".

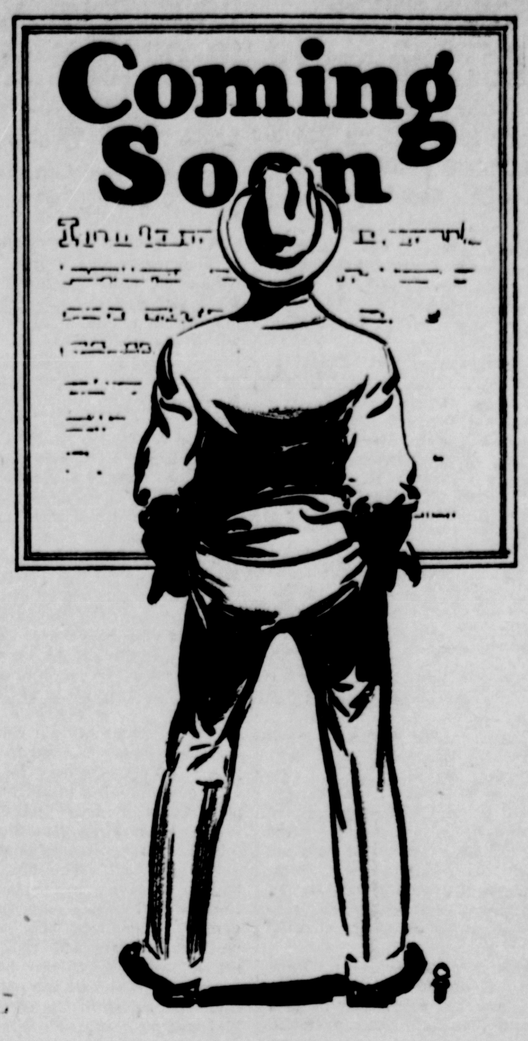
Supt. G. D. Englehart was a New Madrid visitor Saturday.

Card of Appreciation

I wish to thank the buying public for the splendid business relations I have had with them during the years Mrs. Peek and I have been in the 5 and 10c Store.

C. H. Peek

Cold Weather Will Be Here Soon and You'll Need a **Heater**



Drop In and See Our Washington Line Worth the Money.

Rose Furniture Co.
"Quality and Service"



Hunting Supplies

There is no such a thing as rotten hunting luck if you come here for your hunting supplies. A sure shot and game everytime that you get the right range. Drop in and see our display of new Winchester guns.



Halloween Groceries

We have a most delicious and attractive array of food items that will fit in perfectly in the planning of a special dinner or luncheon for Halloween. If you cannot spend the time to come shopping —just phone.

Phones 271 and 272

Farris-Jones Hardware and Grocery Co.
The Winchester Store
We give Cow Tickets

THE STANDARD BELIEVES IN
SOUND MEN AND SOUND PRINCIPLES

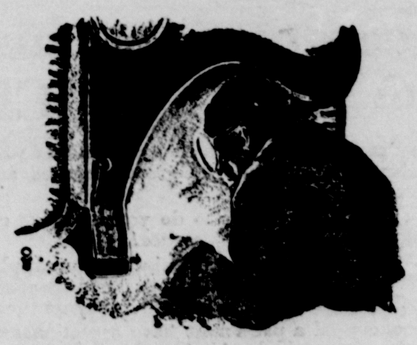
THE STANDARD BELIEVES IN
LIVING WAGE FOR PUBLIC OFFICIALS
hence favors Constitutional Amendment No. 1 to pay $1,000 per year to members of Legislature

THE STANDARD BELIEVES IN
POLICE PENSION BILL FOR ST. LOUIS
Constitutional Amendment No. 2 which gives St. Louis power to pension her police without cost to State

THE STANDARD BELIEVES IN
HARD ROADS AND MORE OF THEM
and is strong for Constitutional Amendment No. 3 to issue additional bonds and complete roads *now*.

These Constitutional Amendments are all meritorious and should meet with the hearty approval of the voters throughout the State

Auto Top & Upholstering Shop
Specializing In
CLOSED CARS
HARRY BUCKLES
Weltecke Lumber Co. Building



When It Breaks
WE WELD IT

No longer is it necessary for you to be out the use of your car when you break a part, awaiting the arrival of a new piece from the factory. We wele the old pieces, making the broken prrts as goad as new.

Phone 212

Hahs Machine Shop

PROGRESSIVES OUT FOR SMITH

LaFollette Organ Issues Call to 5,000,000 Followers of Late Senator

MADISON, Wis.—Any lingering doubt that the Republican Progressive vote of the Nation would go to the Democratic presidential candidate has been dispelled by startling political developments during the past week.

The Capital-Times, long known as the organ of the late Senator Robert M. LaFollette, and the leading Progressive newspaper in the West, in an outstanding editorial declared for Governor Smith for President, and called upon all Progressives in the State and Nation to support him.

Senator "Bob" LeFollette, Jr., is a large stockholder in the Capital-Times.

The editorial pronouncement is regarded as an official appeal to the 5,000,000 voters who supported the colorful Wisconsin senator in his campaign for President in 1924.

Blaine on Stump for Smith

It was followed immediately by the announcement of Senator John J. Blaine that he would speak for Governor Smith. Senator Blaine, who was elected three times by the Republicans as Governor of Wisconsin, succeeded to the leadership of the Wisconsin Progressives upon the death of the elder LaFollette. He had previously denounced Hoover. Senator Norris, of Nebraska, dominant Republican Progressive leader, has also endorced Smith's stand on farm relief and water power.

The Republican State Central Committee in Wisconsin, headed by Herman L. Ekern, has repeatedly refused to endorse the Hoover-Curtis ticket. Over the doorway of a local hotel is a flaming banner reading:

"Progressive Republican Headquarters: Alfred E. Smith for President."

Nowadays when the skirt reaches the ankle the deductoin is that something has slipped.—Norfolk Virginian-Pilot.

We'd hate to have the job of sweeping out campaign headquarters the morning after election.—Santa Ana (Cal.) Register.

One of the largest colleges is sending its football team 10,000 miles this year. A football player has to get an education some way.—Greenville Piedmont.

CARBON MONOXIDE IS DEADLY ENEMY

More Than Thousand Human Lives Claimed by Deadly Gas.

"One of man's most deadly enemies, carbon monoxide, which has been called 'the universal poison gas,' will form the subject of a new educational motion picture film to be produced within the near future by the United States bureau of mines, Department of Commerce," according to a statement issued by the Chicago Motor club, which bases its assertion on a bulletin received from the Department of Commerce at Washington.

Thousand Lives Lost.

"It is said that more than a thousand human lives were claimed by this deadly gas during the past year, and that 700 deaths were due to drivers of automobiles being overcome while their engines were idling in closed garages. In photographing this film, not only will the peril of carbon monoxide contained in automobile engine exhausts be emphasized, but attention will also be given to the hazards due to the presence of carbon monoxide under certain conditions in factories, in homes, and in fact, anywhere that there may be possibility of exposure to the products of incomplete combustion of fuels."

What Film Will Show.

The Chicago Motor club bulletin points out that, "The film will show how, by proper ventilation, accumulations of carbon monoxide may be prevented. There will also be pictured methods of first aid treatment and resuscitation which may be administered to a victim of the poison gas if found before death has occurred. The film will be given wide circulation by the bureau of mines in the hope that, through the universal language of visualization, knowledge of this deadly enemy of mankind may become widespread, thus serving to diminish the annual heavy death toll from this cause."

Eminent physician has written a book on why we misbehave. Practically every modern novelist has written one on how.—Arkansas Gazette.

What can the purist in the use of words do when he discovers that applesauce and boloney mean the same thing?—Shoe and Leather Reporter.

Praise of Alfred E. Smith By Leading Republicans Before This Campaign Opened



Hon. Elihu Root, former Republican Secretary of State and the United States Senator from New York in 1915 declared:

"Of all men in the Convention, Alfred E. Smith is the best informed on the business of the State of New York".

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Republican nominee for Vice-President in 1912 and 1926 declared:

".....Since manhood a constant and eager public servant in posts of steadily growing importance and authority,..... alert, effective, public-spirited and courageous; constantly speaking the true voice of the pepple....."

Hon. Charles Evans Hughes, former Republican Cabinet member, Justice of Supreme Court of the United States and Republican candidate for President in 1916 as late as 1928 eulogized him in the following language:

"He long since became a member of high distinction of the fine aristocracy of public service—the American peerage. We have watched him, some of us carefully, all with fascination. The title that he holds is the proudest title that any American can hold because it is a title to the esteem and affection of his fellow citizens—Governor Smith".

Even a friend of William Allen White, before he was put upon the payroll of the Republican organization this year, and when he could speak fairly and truthfully toward his opinion of Governor Smith wrote an article in Collier's on August 15, 1926, which is as follows:

"There is not in American life today a clearer, stronger, more accurately working brain in any man's head than Al Smith's brain. His process of thought are logical and he has the courage to defend them.

"Al Smith like most of the statesmen, and probably a considerable majority of the people east of the Alleghanies and north of the Mason-Dixon line, has opposed Prohibition because it has never come to the East as it has come to the rest of the country, after a slow process of education, experiment, trial and failure, theory and practice. West— beyond the Alleghanies—Prohibition was an accomplished fact from ten to forty years before National Prohibition.

"Here is a most human, affectionate, wise and brave man, whose sincerity is never seriously questioned, whose courage is proverbial, whose humanity holds friends with steel rods".

SCOTT COUNTY DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE

Republican Panic

So marked is the impetus taken on by Governor Smith's campaign as election day draws near, that Republican leaders everywhere manifest signs of genuine panic.

The G. O. P. high command sees the "writing on the wall" in the East. Their campaign managers in the Northwest, where the LaFollette Progressive vote is lined up behind the Democratic candidate, are distracted by a sense of impending disaster. Their hope of breaking the Democratic dominance of the South is vanishing. And now a threat of utter rout comes with the tremendous reaction to Governor Smith's speeches in the border States.

Not without significance in its betrayal of the extreme anxiety of the Hoover politicians, is their insistent call upon President Coolidge for advice, for help, for reassurance.

The President did not choose to give Mr. Hoover the active aid in the campaign which G. O. P. leaders had deemed so desirable. What he did offer was aloof encouragement. The Republican candidate, he told the anxious politicians, was sure to win. He advised Mr. Hoover to keep cool, not to be stampeded into any rash act, not to say too much. And Mr. Hoover, it is apparent, has been influenced by that advice in his speaking campaign.

The publication in New York newspapers of President Coolidge's optimistic statements was followed immediately by a trip to Washington by Charles D. Hilles, New York National Committeeman, and H. Edmund Machold, who recently resigned his water power associations to become the Republican State Chairman in New York.

They, too, tried desperately to dispel the defeatest atmosphere which has fallen over Republican campaign workers from Massachusetts to Montana. "The situation in New York looks very good," they assured Mr. Hoover. They backed the assertion with figures which were far in excess of the most partisan estimate given out by anyone in close touch with conditions in that State.

At the same time M. William Bray, chairman of the Democratic State Committee, was completing his annual canvas of county chairmen. According to the official reports of these chairmen, Governor Smith's vote in the counties outside of New York City, will be 30 per cent greater than in 1924 when the Governor was elected on the Democratic ticket although the State was carried by Coolidge. In 1924 Governor Smith's vote in the up-State districts was 600,000; reports of the county chairmen show that this year it will approximate 1,000,000. As in the past, the Governor is sure of an overwhelming majority in New York City.

Even Mr. Hoover must realize that his followers are painting a political mirage when they base their assurances of victory on the claim that Governor Smith will lose the State which four times elected him to its highest office.

This is a land of promise, especially around election time.

Mrs. Lyle Malone will spend the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Robinson, at St. Louis.

Family trees aren't like others. In others, appearance of the sap is an indication of continued vigor.—Washton Post.

'WINGS'



You can't paint a house *with* APPLESAUCE

"Cheap" paint is made in a cheap way. That is why it is low-priced-per-gallon—why its great promises are just *applesauce.*

And the painter who offers to do your house at a suspiciously low price is—*more applesauce!*

"Cheap" Paint and "Cheap" Painter—the Applesauce Twins—always leave grief, heavy expense and dissatisfaction in their wake. Don't waste your good money on them.

To be economical a paint must have exceptional "covering" qualities—a tough, durable film that lasts—colors that do not fade.

Fine old SWP House Paint is made that way—an SWP finish will remain beautiful for many years.

We will help you save money

Before you let out your painting job, get our estimate on materials. Compare it with the cost of "cheap" paint.

Come in for a copy of the Sherwin-Williams Household Painting Guide.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS

SWP HOUSE PAINT

COVER THE EARTH

Trade-Mark Registered

Weltecke Lumber Company

Office, Shops and Sheds: North of Mo.-Pac. R. R. Tracks Between Ranney and Prairie Avenues

Roscoe Weltecke Sikeston, Mo. Telephone 326

SMITH VICTORY OR RUIN, SAY FARM LEADERS

Anxious to Get Out Every Possible Vote for Champion of Agriculture.

CITE RECORDS OF NOMINEES

Scores of Farm Organizations Endorse Democratic Candidate and Denounce Hoover; Officials Active in Campaign.

Threatened with ruin by a "continuance of the Coolidge policies," and realizing their only hope for relief lies in piling up enough farm votes to ensure the election of Governor Smith, American farmers are making, through their various organizations, a tremendous effort to get every agricultural worker to the polls on election day.

Unqualifiedly endorsed by practically all farm organizations of consequence in the West and South, the Democratic candidate is assured, despite attempts to defeat him by appeals to bigotry, of the votes of all farmers who place their own prosperity above partisan prejudices.

Farm leaders, however, are anxious to make the Smith farm majority large enough to offset any possible advantage gained by the Hoover forces in backward districts which might be influenced by the misleading propaganda of the Ku Klux Klan and Anti-Saloon League.

Calling upon all farmers and members of their families to register and vote for Governor Smith, they stress the attitude of the two presidential candidates as revealed in both their past records and their utterances during the present campaign.

Candidates Contrasted

Governor Smith has consistently proposed and secured the passage of legislation which was invaluable to the farmers of his State. Herbert Hoover has just as consistently opposed measures which might have benefited Agriculture. It was he who, as Federal Food Administrator, held down the prices of wheat and hogs during the war.

What is more important, Governor Smith promises to give the farmers immediately the legislative aid for which they have struggled unsuccessfully for the last five years. Herbert Hoover is opposed to it, the agricultural leaders point out, and his election would mean the death of the farm movement.

Perhaps the most important expression of organized agriculture's stand in this election is the resolution endorsing Governor Smith's position and condemning that of the Republican party, adopted recently in Des Moines by the Corn Belt Committee. This is the alliance of the 40 most important farm organizations in the Middle West, with a combined membership of 1,500,000 heads of families. Mr. Hoover's record has been bitterly condemned, also, by a resolution passed by the National Farmers' Union.

Leaders Endorse Smith

Among the many prominent farm leaders who have endorsed Governor Smith's position on Agriculture and denounced that of Mr. Hoover, are the following:

S. H. Thompson, President of the American Farm Bureau Federation.
W. H. Settle, President of the Indiana Farm Bureau Federation.
Earl C. Smith, President of the Illinois Agriculture Association.
Wm. Hirth, President of the Missouri Farmers Association, and Chairman of the Corn Belt Committee of Farm Organizations.
Frank W. Murphy, of Minnesota, Chairman of the Legislative Committee of Corn Belt Federation of Farm Organizations.
W. L. Stockton, President of the Montana Farm Bureau Federation.
J. J. O'Shea, President of the Montana Farmers' Union.
C. E. Huff, President of the Kansas Farmers' Union.
Jno. Simpson, President of the Oklahoma Farmers' Union.
Milo Reno, President of the Iowa Farmers' Union.
J. F. Reed, President of the Minnesota Farm Bureau Federation.
Chas. C. Talbott, President of the North Dakota Farmers' Union.
A. W. Ricker, Secretary of the Corn Belt Federation of Farm Organizations.
H. G. Keeney, President of the Nebraska Farmers' Union.
Chas. Stewart, Secretary of the Nebraska Farm Bureau.
George Duis, President of the North Dakota Wheat Growers' Association.
E. E. Kennedy, Secretary of the Illinois Farmers' Union.
Henry A. Wallace, Editor of Wallace's Farmer.
Miles Cannon, Former Commissioner of Agriculture of Idaho.
John Napier Dyer, Director in the American Farm Bureau Federation.
Chester C. Davis, Former Commissioner of Agriculture of Montana.
Thos. E. Cashman, Member of the Executive Board, Minnesota Farm Bureau.
N. S. Winder, Secretary of the American Farm Bureau Federation.
Joe Plummer, Colorado Wheat Growers' Association.
Dr. B. W. Kilgore, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the American Cotton Growers' Association.
Judge X. Caverno, President of the Missouri Cotton Growers' Association.
Frank Wheateraft, Manager of the Union Live Stock Shipping Association of Chicago.
George N. Peek, Chairman of the Committee of Twenty-two of the North Central States Agriculture Conference.
Mrs. Verna L. Hatch, Social and Educational Director of the Indiana Farm Bureau.
Clarence Ousley, of Texas, former Assistant Secretary of Agriculture.
Robert A. Cowles, Treasurer of the Illinois Agriculture Association.

This is an incomplete list of farm leaders who have made public announcement that they are supporting Governor Smith.

METHODIST DEAN, A DRY REPUBLICAN, FOR SMITH

One of American's foremost educators, Dr. Edward T. Devine, dean of the American University Graduate School, Washington, D. C., a prominent Methodist institution, is speaking in behalf of Governor Smith. Dr. Devine is a Republican and a Dry.

The Standard, $1.50 per year.

"Vote as Farmers, Not Partisans—

"For you, farm men and women of America, this presidential election is not political but economic.

"You have seen the value of your farm property decrease $20,000,000,000 and your debts increase $10,000,000,000.

"Four thousand of your banks have failed. Your bankruptcies have increased tenfold.

"During this period the most influential maker of Government policy toward agriculture has been Herbert Hoover."

That is the introduction to a full-page advertisement inserted in numerous Western farm papers by the Smith Independent Organizations Committee, which is headed by George Nelson Peek, noted farm leader, of Moline, Ill.

Finds Newspaper Advertising Pays



Business of Frigidaire Corporation has approximately doubled over the same period of last year following a widespread newspaper advertising campaign based upon its new line of household refrigerating equipment, according to E. G. Biechler, president and general manager, who attributes much of the increase to use of newspaper space.

"The newspaper of today, when used to promote a quality product is one of the greatest aids that business or industry can enlist," he said. "It obtains and retains public confidence for any product that merits it."

..LAIR STORE NEWS..

That Interesting Store

Home Furnishings—Undertaking

Our 31st Year in Charleston

Dandy New Rugs

Ten or twelve new rugs, 9x12, reached us Thursday and you will agree that they are excellent values. A good number of smaller rugs, including bath room mats were in the shipment. Come early and get your choice.

Big Heaters—Small Prices

One or two large Moores Heaters which are too big for staple use are offered at a sharp discount from regular price. If you have three or four rooms to heat with one stove, here is a chance to get a Moores for a real bargain price.

Used Stoves In Good Shape

There are four or five Moores Air Tight Heaters in our used department which will give years of good service. All of them have been carefully inspected and where repairs were needed they were put. We sell them on weekly payments if you wish to buy that way.

Ranges Too

Lots and lots of fine new ranges from the Monarch on down to the low priced models. Also several used ranges, among them two R. O. Chiefs are ready for delivery on the monthly payment plan. No second hand range is offered for sale at this place till it has been carefully worked over and made serviceable.

Living Room—Bed Room

New numbers for bed room and living room drop in every few days. One of the latest in medium priced bed room suites is in the front window this week. You will alwas find us right on the price of late style pieces.

Let 'Em Come

Montgomery Ward and Sears-Roebuck are starting numerous retail stores over the country and we believe the effect will be good for live independent retailers. No more will they be able to show a wonderfully colored picture to a customer and make extravagant statements concerning items in question in order to make sales. In the regular retail field they will have to show goods in direct contrast with the local merchants purchases. Low overhead and personal supervision by independent owners should more than offset the slight advantage enjoyed by chain stores in buying.

Where to Buy —

Radio Batteries

Derris Drug Store

FIND NO TRACE OF TWO STOLEN CARS

The 1926 Ford coupe, belonging to F. M. Sikes, stolen from near the Malone Theatre last Friday night, had not been recovered by Wednesday noon.

H. C. Blanton's Chevrolet coupe was taken from the corner of Center and New Madrid Streets about 5:30 p. m. Tuesday. Mr. Blanton had gone to the Hotel Marshall on business baout 5:15 and returned about fifteen minutes later to find his car gone.

The happiest Republican is the one that merely looks at the totals in The Literary Digest poll, and doesn't do any analyzing.—Ohio State Journal.

HARRISON FAMILY MOVES TO PADUCAH, KY., TUESDAY

Ed Harrison and family moved to Paducah, Ky., Tuesday, where Mr. Harrison will start a shoe repair shop. Mr. and Mrs. Harrison were formerly employed in the local shoe factory. R. S. Coleman, truckman, moved the Harrison family household effects to their new location.

Tho' Henry Ford says he is in favor of the old dances, he didn't put the same old shimmy into his new flivvers.—Beloit (Wis.) News.

And if both the candidates win all the States they claim, the White House will have to be remodeled into a duplex.—San Diego Union.



HEAVY AND MEDIUM UNDERWEAR FOR MEN

Some men like extra heavy underwear—we have it. Other men prefer medium weight underwear—we have that, too. In each weight the quality of the yarns used in their manufacture is the best. Our prices are especially reasonable as you will find on paying us a visit.



Work Clothes That Wear

Of one thing we are certain—when a man buys work clothes from us he is assured the utmost in service it is possible to give. Well made from the toughest fabrics made, these garments are thoroughly reinforced where the hardest strains come. Give them the test of wear and you will know they are extra value at our price.

45—Phones—46

Pinnell Store Company

"The Most of the Best for the Least"

Serious Injury to Alfalfa Crop

Bacterial Wilt and Winter Injury Discussed in New Circular.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Bacterial wilt and winter injury have caused, in recent years, serious injury to alfalfa in many alfalfa growing sections of the country. The two injuries are definitely distinct, and either may occur without the other, although winter injury frequently gives rise to conditions which make for the more rapid and destructive development of bacterial wilt.

F. R. Jones and J. L. Weimer of the bureau of plant industry are authors of Circular 39-C, Bacterial Wilt and Winter Injury of Alfalfa, just off the press and available for free distribution by the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington.

Bacterial wilt may cause the plant to wilt during hot weather of spring or summer, and under this condition the plants die immediately, resembling plants whose roots have been severed by gophers. More frequently the plants show a characteristic dwarfed condition with foliage pale green or yellow. After each successive cutting the new stems are shorter and eventually the plant dies. The injury is due to bacteria entering the underground parts of the plant, causing alterations which may be observed readily in the roots.

Winter injury is most evident in the taproot, and is characterized by partial destruction of the root and crown bark and a hollowing and decay of the roots. The destruction of the root bark affords easy access for the wilt bacteria. Winter injury results from the killing of buds and parts of the crown and roots by severe cold.

"The most important method of controlling the wilt disease," say the authors, "is probably the prevention of the conveyance of bacteria by water from old diseased plants to young fields, especially in the spring when many plants have wounds. Care should be taken to avoid carrying the bacteria to new fields in fragments of stems of diseased plants, with uncleaned seed, or with manure. If the disease is present in a field, its distribution by the knives of the mower can probably be avoided to some extent by mowing when the plants are free from surface moisture."

The use of hardy varieties of alfalfa resistant to winter injury does not always prevent damage by bacterial wilt, but the authors believe it may reduce loss from this cause.

Moldy Silage Caused by the Condition of Corn

Condition of the corn at ensiling time and not poor packing is the cause of moldy and inferior quality silage, according to recent experiments conducted by the Wisconsin Agricultural Experiment station. To eliminate moldy silage, corn should be ensiled shortly after it is dented.

Corn that is over-ripe, wilted or frozen when put into the silo carries large amounts of air. Several days elapse before the oxygen is exhausted in the silage process and it is during this period that molds make rapid growth.

In testing out their theories, the men working on the problem buried three empty crates in silage at varying depths at the time the silo was filled. In late winter or spring, when the crates were dug out as the silage was fed, no signs of spoilage were found around the crates.

Millet Hay Too Low in Protein for Cow Feed

Millet hay is too low in protein content to make good feed for cows unless supplemented with high protein feeds. Hence, millet hay does not give good nourishment to cows when fed alone, and this may cause several kinds of troubles in a herd. Millet hay, when cut at proper stage of maturity, is a fairly good hay if supplemented, but if allowed to ripen seed the threshed straw has little value as feed for cows, though it may be used in a maintenance ration for horses. For good quality of seed it should be allowed to stand until about fully ripe, but the straw does not have any high value for feed.

Agricultural Squibs

Next to milk, meat scraps or tankage are the most accessible and efficient source of animal protein.

• • •

Hog men who do not raise alfalfa for summer, as well as for winter use, are not living up to their opportunities.

• • •

In order to insure a good lamb crop the ewes should be turned on fresh pasture a few weeks before breeding, and should be given a little grain.

• • •

Sunshine is one of the best disinfectants. Be sure all live stock is getting plenty of this free nature's tonic, especially the young growing animals.

• • •

Many people do a lot of figuring to show the increased profit that would come by breeding birds that are heavier producers but they fail to make any additional charge for feed.

HOOVER BETRAYED FARMER, PEEK AVERS

Gives Proof That Candidate Was Responsible for Low Price of Wheat.

BORAH "EITHER IGNORANT OR GUILTY OF FRAUD"

CHICAGO—Senator Borah is either ignorant of Herbert Hoover's record or is "willfully guilty of fraud" in his campaign speeches to Western farmers, George N. Peek, noted farm leader and former chairman of the Industrial Conference Board of the Department of Commerce, has charged in a telegram to Dr. Hubert Work, chairman of the Republican National Committee.

Mr. Peek, who is active in behalf of Governor Smith because of the Governor's stand on the farm relief question, directly challenged the truth of Senator Borah's statements and the claims of the Republican campaign managers. He said:

"I realize that I am insisting upon a good deal when I demand fairness and facts from the Republican National Committee and its spokesman, judging from the claims made in Mr. Hoover's behalf.

"Senator Borah in his address at Minneapolis raised a serious question of veracity as between himself and Mr. Hoover.

"Senator Borah asserts that Mr. Hoover held up the price of wheat. Moreover a large part of the Republican campaign among the farmers is built on this claim. This is fraud.

"The records prove that if wheat had not been 'controlled' the price would have risen as did the prices of other cereal crops that were not controlled. It would have advanced as corn advanced and as oats advanced and would have sold for at least $3.48 a bushel.

"I say that Mr. Hoover used every effort in his power to keep down prices and I submit in proof of this assertion Mr. Hoover's own words.

Held Prices Down

"Early in April, 1919, Mr. Hoover from Europe addressed a cablegram to me, from which I now quote.

"'If the control of wheat were removed during the next two or three months in the face of the world situation, prices in this commodity would advance materially beyond the present level. I wish to repeat that unless some superior force intervenes, we intend to hold the price of wheat to the figures it has stood at during the entire war under Congressional guarantee.'

"On May first, 1918, Mr. Hoover, then Food Administrator, in a public address declared:

"'I agree with the contention of some farmers that they would be getting $5 and perhaps $10 a bushel for their wheat if it had not been for the restraint imposed by the government.'

"I repeat that either Senator Borah and other Republican leaders are wholly ignorant of the 'record' which Senator Borah so persistently quotes, or he or they are guilty of fraud.

"I insist that you and other Republican leaders inform Senator Borah, other speakers and the public whether the cable from Mr. Hoover in 1919 or the claims of Republican leaders now as presented in the campaign text book and in the public statements of republican speakers are a fraud.

"Somebody is not telling the truth. The public will be interested in knowing who it is."

In a speech in New York City, on April 22, 1920, reviewing the work done by his Food Administration, Mr. Hoover said:

"The Grain Corporation was successfully managed by Mr. Barnes. In 1917 the wheat price was $2.20 per bushel. The farmers could have obtained $5 per bushel."

The quotation, from the Republican New York Tribune, proves conclusively that Hoover restricted the price of wheat, while other prices were permitted to go sky high.

Elect Governor Smith and nail the standard of "Equality for Agriculture" to the flagstaff of the White House

FAMOUS AUTHOR DEAD

George Barr McCutcheon, novelist, died suddenly at a luncheon of the Dutch Treat Club in New York, Tuesday. Mr. McCutcheon will be remembered as the author of "Graustark" "Brewster's Millions", "Beverly of Graustark" and a number of other novels and a host of short stories.

BILLY SUNDAY EGGED AT MEMPHIS ANTI-SMITH TALK

Evangelist Sunday drew one egg from an unknown twirler at his Wednesday night speech at Memphis, at which he denounced Smith on prohibition grounds. Mrs. Sunday also spoke.

Many of the windfall apples may be canned as sauce or pie apples. Cook them with as little water as possible, sweeten to taste, and pack boiling hot. Process five minutes in a hot water bath.

PHONE 284

and we will

Fill your Coal Bin

with ash-free, heat producing coal of the grade you want, at a cost that will save you some money on your winter's coal bill.

Phone 284--We Do the Rest

SERVICE FIRST

E.C. Robinson Lumber Co.

QUALITY ALWAYS

Phone 284 N. E. Fuchs, Mgr.

Stop Annoying Hissing by Knotting the Hose

Occasionally suction windshield wipers are afflicted with leakage, with the result that the driver will hear an annoying hissing sound when he accelerates the engine. When this happens he's puzzled because he knows that if he disconnects the rubber tubing the hissing will be worse.

Here is where a temporary remedy is in order, no matter how makeshift it may be. With a piece of string tie a loop in the rubber hosing. This will serve as a valve to stop suction at this point.

Another plan is to disconnect the rubber tubing and plug the end of the copper tubing with a piece of chewing gum.

It is also permissible to pinch the end of the copper tubing with the pliers. This may shorten the tube a little, since the pinched part may have to be cut off when the wiper is repaired, but a slightly longer rubber connection will cover this.

AUTOMOBILE ITEMS

Postponing needed repairs only adds to the expense bill.

• • •

There isn't a single dimmer among the bright lights of automobile production.

• • •

Unlike umpires, judges reverse their decisions. A motorist in Ireland was recently fined $1,070 for violation of a traffic rule. Later the judge reduced the fine to $11.25.

• • •

Motor vehicles have become the main factor in transportation in western Australia, where new sections have been developed so rapidly as to outdistance the railroads.

• • •

Neither candidate has promsied to standardize cantaloups.



Halloween Rememberances

Without doubt you have several friends or members of the family that you wish to send a Hallowe'en rememberance. From our ample stock of suitable suggestions you will have no difficulty in selecting gifts for every need.

C. H. Yanson

Jeweler

27 Years In Sikeston—Ph. 22

When pan-broiling steak be sure to have the skillet very, very hot at the start. Put the steak in the lightly greased hot skillet, turn quickly from side to side until well seared, then cook at reduced heat to the desired degree,—rare, medium or well done. Serve promptly on a hot platter, and add the seasoning of butter, salt and a little pepper. after the meat is put on the platter. In turning the steak put the fork into the fat or edges, not into the center, or the juice will run out.

Suggested campaign song for 1928: "Whisper and I Shall Hear".—Greenville Piedmont.

Many fruits other than apples can be made into good vinegar. The United States Department of Agriculture has a bulletin on the subject.

A grizzly bear can whip a lion, and a dog can boss both, says a wild-animal trainer. Very interesting, but does the gentleman have any information on tigers and donkeys and elephants?—Council Bluffs Nonpareil.

No Name Yet

But Plenty to Eat and Drink

Mr. Cox says his place will be named on

Saturday, October 27th

In the meantime he is busy making friends for the Nameless Place on the corner.

Neat Dainty Toasted Sandwiches

Regular Chile Con Carne Pies and Cakes

Sure enough Home Made Ones and

Golden Drip Coffee

Famous for Its Wonderful Color and Aroma

The Nameless Place

On The Corner

Notice To Taxpayers

Tax books for the City of Sikeston are now in the hands of the City Collector and taxes for 1928 are now due. Citizens are urged to call at the office of the Collector in the City Hall and settle promptly, for both current and delinquent taxes. Do this now so that the City can pay its bills promptly.

The County Collector will be in Sikeston at the City Hall on October 24, 25 and 26, to collect County taxes.

N. E. FUCHS, Mayor

W. E. HOLLINGSWORTH, City Collector





Since 1915 —Standard for Radio Reception

A Wonderful Way to Spend Halloween Eve

If you are planning on spending Halloween Eve alone or are having company, you can provied no more pleasing nor diversified entertainment than an At-Water Kent radio can supply. Phone 192 and have one installed today.

Cunningham RADIO TUBES

These popular tubes bring better radio reception . . .

Do not mix old and new tubes—install a new set of tubes.

Phone 192

At-Water Kent Radios **Young's Place** R. C. A. Radios

Many in W.C.T.U. Revolt And Work to Elect Smith

Prominent members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, outraged at seeing that long respected organization being used as a political machine, are everywhere rising in revolt, as reported in despatches to the New York World and Times.

Throughout the country and especially in the South, intelligent and sincere women, including many of the most active workers for temperance, are publicly condemning what they declare to be an attempt to dupe their more credulous associates by the circulation of slanderous falsehoods and thinly veiled appeals to religious hatred.

Among the well known prohibitionists to express amazement and indignation over the intolerant political campaign being waged in the name of the W. C. T. U. is Mrs. B. L. Stafford, past chairman of the W. C. T. U. in Mobile, Alabama, and a prominent member of the Baptist church.

Dry Propaganda False

Another well known Alabama woman, Mrs. T. Darington Semple, head of the famous Semple School for Girls, declared:

"It's about time we tore away the subterfuge of prohibition and admit the opposition to Governor Smith in the South is based wholly on religious grounds. The insidious propaganda of the whispering campaign should be denounced in the strongest words we can think of."

One of the leading members of the W. C. T. U. who have denounced the part taken in the present campaign by those who have usurped control of the organization, is Mrs. Elizabeth Jenkinson, of Monroe, Nebraska. A State Director of Publicity for the W. C. T. U., Mrs Jenkinson resigned as a protest against the anti-Smith campaign. She is now assistant manager of the Agricultural League of Nebraska, which is working actively for Governor Smith election.

In Portsmouth, Va., Mrs. Carrie Sykes, a Methodist Church communicant, describing herself as a "lifelong member" of the W. C. T. U., has resigned because of statements made at a recent banquet of the Virginia State organization by a prominent W. C. T. U. official.

The legal adviser of the W. C. T. U. in Georgia, Mrs. Betty R. Cobb of Carrollton, resigned following the board's decision to support Hoover. She then volunteered her services to the Democratic State Campaign Committee in the belief that Smith's election guaranteed a better chance for real enforcement than the Republican record of graft and corruption.

Because she disliked the effort of the W. C. T. U. to boost Hoover, Mrs. Mayme H. Adams of Livingston, Cal., resigned as State director of outdoor exhibits and fairs for the California W. C. T. U., at the same time resigning the Presidency of the Livingston Chapter. Mrs. Adams also feels that the election of Smith would tend toward better enforcement of National Prohibition.

"Don't Be Deceived"

A member of the Alabama Executive Committee of the W. C. T. U., Mrs. Mabel Jones West of Birmingham, has announced that she will support Gov. Smith, and is appealing to the women of her State "not to be deceived by paid Republican propaganda." Mrs. West also is an active worker in the Baptist Church.

Mrs. J. B. Houton of Charleston, W. Va., a W. C. T. U. leader for more than seventeen years, has been speaking in favor of Smith.

A prominent member of the Presbyterian Church in Jefferson City, Mo., and an ardent worker in the W. C. T. U., Mrs. John P. Gordon, wife of the former State Auditor of Missouri, is aiding Smith.

Mrs. Amanda Gilcrist, descendent of a line of Methodist and Baptist preachers, a "white ribbon" veteran, and W. C. T. U. worker for many years, is another Missouri woman, who although a Republican, is for Governor Smith because of what she calls the "damnable curse of Prohibition."

These are only a few of the sincere W. C. T. U. members who are reported in all parts of the country, to be rising in arms against the "unwomanly, un-Christian and intemperate policy of the present leaders of the Women's Christian Temperance Union."



Baked Goods

For Halloween Parties

Why spend many hours baking for your Halloween party when you can in a few minutes shopping here procure just what you want at no effort and at just about the same cost. Special orders solicited.

Phone 84

Welter Bake Shop

We Give Eagle Stamps

If you buy our bread from your grocer save the wrappers. We will give Eagle Stamps for them.

What Business Leaders Here Think of Proposed Road Bond Amendment

Mayor N. E. Fuchs has issued the following statement endorsing the proposed $75,000,000 road bond issue:

"I am unconditionally in favor of Proposition No. 3. If every voter realized the fact that a finished highway system will save to him annually five times as much money as he pays in gas tax and registration fees. it seems to me the voter would also vote 'Yes'. If he votes against the measure, his gas tax and registration fee will not be revoked. It will still go on and he will not enjoy the roads either. It seems to me that these are all the facts needed to decide how to vote."

The Chairman of the Republican and also the Chairman of the Democratic County Committees concur on this one issue. Chairman Byron Bowman: "Politics should not enter into this proposed constitutional amendmnet. Proposition No. 3 has my personal approval and support, and is supported by the State Republican party plank. It is a progressive measure for the State at large and the only way to continue the present road building program is to vote 'Yes' on Proposition No. 3".

H. C. Blanton, Democratic Chairman: "The road bond proposal is a non-partisan proposition which has the endorsement of both political parties, Democratic and Republican. It has my personal approval and endorsement, also. Missouri", he continues, "cannot afford to undo the work so far completed on the Primary and Secondary road system. Proposition No. 3 will provide adequate funds for completing the unified system without increasing taxes".

BULLDOGS SET ABOUT TO BEAT BLUFF MULES

With most of the "old men" back in uniform, and with the injury list greatly reduced, Coach Whitmer this week started in earnest to perfect a Sikeston "Steam Roller" to crush the powerful Bluff aggregation here Friday afternoon. The game will be called at 2:30.

Passing, scrimmage, signal drill and individual instruction of his linesman and "skull talks" for the entire squad has taken up the time of the squad this week. The customary day before the game, rest will be dispensed with this time, and a dummy scrimmage and intensive signal drill was on schedule.

Mrs. G. J. Layton and Mrs. Barney Forrester visited Mrs. J. O. Bebout at Bertrand Wednesday afternoon.

TO RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms with bath for light housekeeping.—Mrs. Flora Shain, 625 Prosperity St. tf.



For Halloween Luncheons

The most delightful meats for any Halloween party or luncheon you may be planning. Prompt and careful attention will be given to a phone order to 344, telling us what you wish delivered.

Andres Meat Market

"Jim Vaughn Cuts Our Meats"

DONIPHAN MAN HURT AT POKER GAME MON

Arthur Gardner, 25-years-old, of Doniphan, is in the Brandon Hospital at Poplar Bluff, in a critical condition and Ripley County officers are trying to locate Dick Boyett, 24-year-old, following a fight in Doniphan at about 2:00 a. m. Monday.

Sheriff William McCourt said he had been informed the men were in a poker game when the fight occurred. Details of the battle were not available since Gardner's condition is such that he cannot talk and Boyett fled and has not been found. Others were probably at the fight, but officers do not have their names.

Gardner had received no medical attention for 12 hours after the fight and is suffering from a compound fracture of the skull, and resulting blood clots on the brain.

FAMOUS MOVIE STUNT-MAN HERE THIS WEEK

Walt Coffman, former movie stuntman and daredevil, will appear in person for two days only, at the Malone Theatre, giving you a high-class comedy acrobatic and high balancing act; mostly stunt work. Mr. Coffman was also principle clown with the Barnum & Bailey Circus for several seasons and he promises you a load of funny and clown antics.

Mr. Coffman has surrounded himself with a very capable company including, Little Billie Stephens, considered America's greatest child acrobat and she will amaze you; also Clarence Frazier, the peer of all high hand balancers, don't miss seeing him go down a pair of stairs on one hand. He will astonish you.

Mr. Wilson, the manager of the Malone Theatre, also arranged for special feature picture programs on these two days. Friday, Buster Keaton in "The Camera Man", considered his greatest comedy success, also another comedy and review. Saturday, a special program "One Glorious Scrap", "Yellow Cameo and Aesop Fables.

"Miss it and you'll miss it!"

FIRE DESTROYS HOUSE AND FURNISHINGS LATE WED. NITE

Fire of undetermined origin destroyed the house belonging to E. C. Matthews and household goods belonging to Mrs. Maude Sitze at 631 East Tanner Street, about 11:00 p. m. Wednesday. Fire Chief Young estimated damages on the adjoining house to the east at $250. Mrs. Sitze moved to 631 Tanner from Trotter Street last Monday, and was not at home when the fire broke out. Insurance will cover the losses.

ENLISTMENTS NOW OPEN FOR FOLLOWING ARMY STATIONS

In addition to all line branches within the 7th Corps Area, men may now be enlisted for Philippine department, Hawaiian department and Panama department. Full information will be promptly dispatched to all young men who wish to be informed regarding the above enlistments.

Apply to the Army Recruiting Officer, Post Office Building, Poplar Bluff.—James L. Greer, Recruiting Sergeant.

The Standard, $1.50 per year.

AS I SEE IT

By I'm About Town

Two certain men about town had rather not hear any more about the subject of tender feet.

Rumor has it that Jos. W. Myers was seen staking down the City holdover.

The wags have it that since our night police force has been "taken for a walk" that the city holdover will come up missing some bright morning.

All jokes aside though, the bravest of men falter before the argument of the business end of a .44 in the hands of a stranger who has nothing to lose and everything to gain by your funeral.

In some foreign countries like Chicago and Herrin, policemen and others are sometimes "taken for rides" and they seldom come back to where they started from. Gid can at least laugh with the boys. and tell how it all happened, and when.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mann of New Madrid visited in Sikeston Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Mann spent the afternoon with Mrs. Moore Greer and Mrs. R. L. Simmons, while Mr. Mann played golf.

CLYDE MYERS TAKES PART IN ST. LOUIS HORSE SHOW

Clyde Myers, driver for the American Express Company of this city. is taking part in the St. Louis Horse Show, which opened last Tuesday and which closes Saturday night, in the Coliseum. Clyde is an expert at the game of showing blooded horses and has a number of ribbons to his credit from past performances.

In Loving Rememberance of Our Dear Brother, Alfred Calvin

He has gone from his dear ones
His children, his wife,
Whom he willingly toiled for
And loved as his life. Oh God!
How mysterious and how strange
Are thy ways to take from us this
Loved one in the best of his days.
—A relative of the family.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Scott were hosts to a dinner bridge Thursday evening.

Mrs. Moore Greer attended the funeral of Mrs. Sue Howlett Tuesday, held in Charleston.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Keith and Mr. and Mrs Shap Hunter drove to St. Louis Wednesday morning.

Shap Hunter's family have moved to the John Russell property on the corner of North and Stoddard Streets.

Mr. and Mrs. Si Harper, living at Jerome, Idaho, are the happy parents of a baby girl born to them recently.

Miss Ann Taylor and Mrs. Ruth Malone spent last Sunday in Piggott, Arkansas.

O. J. Evans and son and Dr. Bob Charge, Medical Examiner for the Causalty Department of the Traveler Insurance Co., of St. Louis, were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lyle Malone, Saturday evening.

The office of Dr. T. C. McClure has been thoroughly cleaned, re-varnished and decorated by Mrs. Ruth Malone, while Dr. McClure is in the north woods on an extended big game hunt and visit with relatives in Canada.

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms light and water. Phones 208 or 225. —Mrs. L. T. Davey.

Mrs. Clara Chapman and Miss Oma Martin were supper guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Barrett, Thursday. They were enroute to their home at Doniphan, after a visit to Dawson Springs, Ky.

The Young Ladies' Missionary Society of the Christian Church held a meeting at the home of Mrs. Lynn Stallcup Tuesday evening. The program for the year was planned and each member will be in charge of the work for a month.

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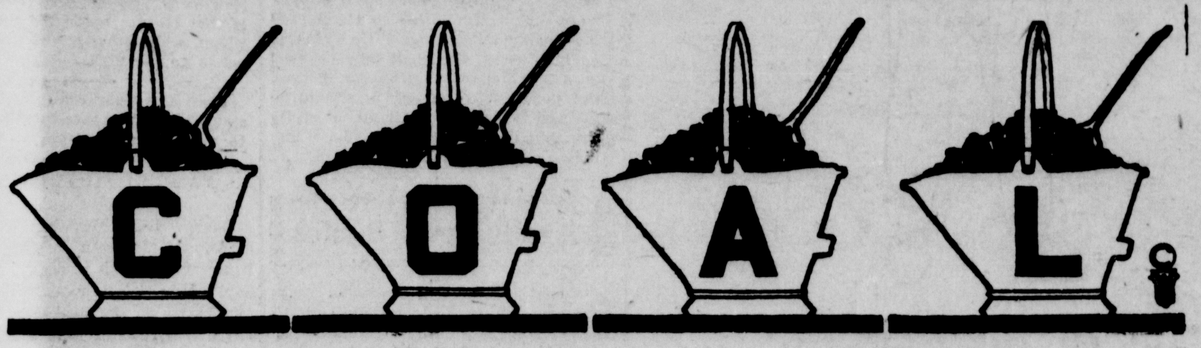
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